The New-York Times.

VOL. XV.....NO. 4510. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1866. PRICE FOUR CENTS

THE CHOLERA

DEPRIVED OF ITS HORRORS BY PURIFYING AND ENRICHING THE BLOOD.

NOW IS THE TIME

TO USE A PREVENTIVE.

There is none equal to

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

PURE AND HEALTHY BLOOD RESISTS DISEASE.

And while there may be no occasion for alarm, those of impure blood are most liable to suffer.

HHH HHH
HHH HHH
HHH HHH
HHH HHH
HHH HHH
HHHHHHHHHH
HHHHHHHHHH
HHH HHH
HHH HHH
HHH HHH
HHH HHH

IN THE SPRING MONTHS the system naturally undergoes a change, and HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is an assistant of the greatest value,

GIVING BLOOM TO THE PALLID CHEEK AND BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.

EEEEEEEEEE
EEEEEEEEEE
EEE
EEE
EEE
EEEEEE
EEEEEE
EEE
EEE
EEE
EEEEEEEEEE
EEEEEEEEEE

IT ERADICATES ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE DISEASES of the THROAT, NOSE, EYES, EYELIDS, SCALP and SKIN, which so disfigure the appearance, URGING the evil effects of mercury and removing all taints, the remnants of DISEASES hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by ADULTS and CHILDREN with perfect SAFETY.

LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLLLLLLLLL
LLLLLLLLLL

NOT A FEW

of the worst disorders that affect mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood.

MMMM MMMM
MMM M M MMM
MMM M M MMM
MMM M M MMM
MMM M M MMM
MMM M M MMM
MMM M M MMM
MMM M M MMM
MMM M M MMM
MMM V MMM

Scrofulous, mercurial and syphilitic diseases destroy whatever part they may attack. Thousands die annually from protracted diseases of this class, and from the abuse of mercury. Visit any hospital, asylum and prison, and satisfy yourself of the truthfulness of the assertion. The system best resists the inroads of these diseases by a judicious combination of Tonics.

HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Is a Tonic of the greatest value—arresting the most inveterate diseases after the glands are destroyed and the bones already affected. This is the testimony of thousands who have used and prescribed it for the last 16 years.

BBBBBBBB BBBBBBBBB
BBB BBB
BBB BBB
BBB BBB
BBBBBBBB BBBBBBBBB
BBB BBB
BB BBB
BB BBB
BB BBB
BBBBBBBB BBBBBBBB

AN INTERESTING LETTER is published in the Medico-Chirurgical Review, on the subject of the extract of Sarsaparilla in venereal affections, by Benjamin Travers, F. R. S., &c. Speaking of Syphilis, and diseases arising from the excess of mercury, he states, "That no remedy is equal to the Extract of Sarsaparilla; its power is extraordinary, more so than any other drug I am acquainted with. It is in the strictest sense a tonic, with this invaluable attribute, that it is applicable to a state of the system so sunken and yet so irritable as renders other substances of the tonic class unavailable or injurious."

OOOO
OOOOOO
OOO OOO
OOO OOO
OOO OOO
OOO OOO
OOO OOO
OOO OOO
OOO OOO
OOO OOO
OOOOOO
OOOO

TWO TABLESPOONFULS of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is fully equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The decoction is exceedingly troublesome, as it is necessary to prepare it fresh every day, and the syrup is still more objectionable, as it is weaker than the decoction; for a fluid saturated with sugar is susceptible of holding in solution much less extractive matter than water alone, and the syrup is otherwise objectionable, for the patient is frequently nauseated, and his stomach swelled by the large proportion of sugar he is obliged to take with each dose of Sarsaparilla, and which is of no use whatever, except to keep the decoction from spoiling. Here the advantages and superiority of the Fluid Extract in a comparative view are strikingly manifest.

LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLL
LLLLLLLLLL
LLLLLLLLLL

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES KIDNEY DISEASE.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES RHEUMATISM.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES URINARY DISEASES.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES GRAVEL.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES STRICTURES.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES DROPSY,

For the diseases named above, and for WEAKNESSES and PAINS IN THE BACK, FEMALE COMPLAINTS and DISORDERS arising from excesses of any kind, it is INVALUABLE.

DDDDDDDD DDDDDDDDD
DDD DDD
DDD DDD
DDD DDD
DDD DDD
DDD DDD
DDD DDD
DDD DDD
DDD DDD
DDDDDDDDD DDDDDDDD

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and are also in very general use in all the State HOSPITALS and PUBLIC SANITARY INSTITUTIONS throughout the land, as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Principal Depot, HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 594 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.
☞ BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. ☜

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Vote Upon the Amendment in Regard to Representation.

Signal Defeat of the Extreme Radical Section.

The Amendment Voted Down by a Large Plurality.

Only Twenty-five Votes Given for It where Thirty-five were Necessary.

Twenty-three Votes Given Against It where Sixteen would have been Enough.

Thirteen Union Republicans Vote in the Negative.

Significant Vote in the House Upon the Civil Rights Bill.

It is Recommitted for Amendment by 87 to 70.

Debate in Committee Upon the Question of Canadian Reciprocity.

WASHINGTON, Friday, March 9.

THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL.

The House proceedings to-day were confined to the consideration of the Civil Rights Bill and the Reciprocity Bill, the first being recommitted to the Judiciary Committee and the latter going over for future debate. The discussion upon the Civil Rights Bill was of unusual interest, and was participated in by those among the most learned and talented members of the House, Messrs. BINGHAM, SHELLABARGER and WILSON, the first and last named making brief but comprehensive speeches upon the general points involved in the bill, and Mr. SHELLABARGER only explaining the reasons for his contemplated vote. The "intellectual giants" in both branches of Congress have now been heard upon this bill, and though, in the main, we find the minds of these gentlemen nearly in accord upon the recognition of the question of abstract civil rights of citizens and the duty of the Government to secure the citizen in the enjoyment of them. We find, nevertheless, as many and various ideas and the theories as to the modes of securing the citizen in those rights, and the source whence the power to protect is to come, as the speakers have been numerous. The speeches of Messrs. BROOMALL, RAYMOND and DELANO delivered yesterday, and the three oft to-day give the reflex of the peculiar and original views entertained in the House upon this bill. Mr. BINGHAM desired to so amend the bill as that it should not subject all State officers by criminal proceedings to imprisonment in the Penitentiary and fine for enforcing discriminations in civil rights on account of race or color among citizens, according to the existing constitutions and laws of nearly all the States, and to give a civil remedy instead to the parties aggrieved. He did not object to the declaration that all persons born in the United States are citizens, without distinction of color, and he denied the right of Congress to say that any person born in the United States, even if he did owe allegiance to a foreign Power was not a citizen of the United States. But Congress had no power to say there should be no distinction of race or color in the concession of civil rights. Mr. SHELLABARGER would have no doubt of the power of Congress to enact the second section of this bill if he could be assured of the right to enact the first section. His mind had been brought to a conclusion, but not a "conviction," and he would vote for the bill on the side of protecting civil rights. If the bill regulated the taking of testimony in courts, or the rights of property, he would not vote for it, for that would be an invasion o rights reserved to the people; but in his view of the bill does not regulate these rights, but simply preserves the citizen from deprivation of them. Mr. WILSON, in conclusion of the debate, denominated the objections urged against the measure as "glittering generalities," and the arguments of those who opposed it as but counterfeits of those made heretofore against the Government when it was attempting to prevent the spread of Slavery. He argued that the citizen is entitled to certain rights, and it is the duty of the Government to protect him in those rights. If the States should deprive a citizen of liberty, the Government has the power to give relief. And when we talk of citizenship, we mean all the rights of citizenship under the Constitution. The citizen cannot be deprived of the rights of life, liberty and property. Where the power exists to give, it carries with it the means and duty to enforce the right. If a wrong be committed by a State, the remedy comes from the Federal Government, which gave or conferred the right, and the humblest citizen must be protected at the cost of the Government.

The first vote taken was to lay upon the table, the motion coming from the Democratic side of the House, and the Democrats only voted aye. This motion was laid upon the table by 32 ayes to 118 nays. The votes were next upon Mr. BINGHAM's motion to recommit with instructions, the "instructions" being defeated, and the motion to recommit being carried by 82 ayes to 70 nays, the moderate and conservative members generally voting in the affirmative, Mr. STEVENS and most of the radicals voting in the negative.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Upon inquiry by Mr. RAYMOND in the House this afternoon, Mr. MORRILL, Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, stated that the Committee intended at an early day to report a bill upon tax and internal revenue, in which various reductions of the taxes and duties will be recommended, and especially a reduction upon cotton and the income tax.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has issued a circular concerning the assessment of tax on the legacies, distributive shares and successions, as through failure of Assessors and Assistant Assessors to exercise due vigilance, much revenue justly due is lost to the Government. Where the whole amount of the personal property of an estate payable to legacies or distributives exceeds the sum of $1,000 in actual value, the same is subject to duty or tax without regard to the amount or value of each legacy or share, but when the amount does not exceed $1,000, no tax is chargeable.

THE RECIPROCITY BILL.

The Reciprocity Bill was thoroughly discussed this afternoon, and amended in one particular, which was regarded by Mr. MORRILL as a test as to the fate of the bill. The amendment was proposed by Mr. STEVENS, and changes the tax upon coal from 50 cents to $1 25 per ton. The vote stood 66 yeas to 58 nays. There is very little doubt that the bill will be defeated. some members objecting to it upon the ground that it is special legislation in favor of Canada, and establishes a bad precedent; for, as stated by Mr. STEVENS, if we legislate for Canada, we must legislate for St. Thomas, and others, founding their objections against the bill because of the hardship it will work upon certain local interests of several States, in which the coal and fishing values abound.

The Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Mean admits that coal is the pivot on which the fate of the bill turns, and he argues that there is nothing in which competition is so much needed as in the coal trade. The result of the vote on the proposed amendment was, according to Mr. MORRILL's theory, a death-blow to the Reciprocity Bill. A final vote will probably be taken on Monday.

SPEECH-MAKING DAY IN THE HOUSE.

To-morrow is set apart in the House for speech-making only, and Representative STEVENS is second on the list to express his views on public questions.

GEN. CUSTER BEFORE THE RECONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE.

Maj.-Gen. CUSTER has arrived here upon summons to appear and testify before the Committee on Reconstruction as to the condition of affairs in Texas.

MARYLAND CLAIMING WAR DAMAGES.

Hon. F. THOMAS, of Maryland, is preparing to make a claim before Congress on behalf of the State for damages on account of burning of the two bridges on the route from Washington to Frederick destroyed by order of LEW. WALLACE, at the battle of Monocacy in July, 1864. Gen. WALLACE in response to inquiries from, Mr. THOMAS says he ordered the burning of the bridges to retard EARLY's march upon Washington, by depriving him of facilities for crossing the stream, and that EARLY was thus detained thirty-six hours. A second object was to bring into action the forces detained to guard the bridges, the overpowering numbers of EARLY's troops making it imperative to concentrate all the Federal forces to hold the rebels in check.

THE BANKRUPTCY BILL.

The further consideration of the Bankruptcy Bill will be resumed in the House on Wednesday or Thursday next. The friends of the bill have confidence in its passage, several of the members who heretofore opposed the bill having signified their intention of supporting it.

IMMIGRATION.

The annual report of Mr. CONGER, Chief of the Bureau of Immigration, says the propriety and advantage of placing the whole subject of immigration under the charge of officers of the Government have been fully vindicated by the results. The draft of a bill has been submitted to Congress, in order to correct abuses and prevent emigrants from being the victims of sharpers, and who, in addition to being ensnared on their arrival in this country, are intimidated into fraudulent contracts. The total number of passengers who arrived in the United States during the year ending December, 1865, amounted to 287,397, of whom 225,939 landed in New-York and 3,330 in California. All countries are represented. One hundred and twelve thousand were from Great Britain, and nearly eighty-four thousand were from Germany.

PARDONS.

The President to-day pardoned the following persons convicted of capital offences: THOMAS LEAN, a Deputy Postmaster, convicted in Michigan for robbing the mail, and sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment. GEORGE E. BUCKLEY, convicted in New-Jersey of issuing counterfeit fractional currency, and sentenced to two year's imprisonment; and JOSEPH Mr. WILLIAMS, convicted in the State of Indiana of robbing the Post-office.

THE ARLINGTON ESTATE.

The Superintendent of Freedmen's villages has been instructed by Major-Gen. O. O. HOWARD, to divide the Arlington estate lying east of the road into five acre lots, to be rented on written agreements to the freedmen. The rent to be paid at each harvesting of the crops. Fifteen acres on the west side of the road is assigned to be divided and rented in the same manner. About twenty acres to be as a garden by the dependents of the Freedmen's village. This estate is not confiscated property, and therefore cannot revert to the heirs at the death of the owners; but it was sold for taxes and purchased by the Government for the purpose to which it is now being applied.

PROPERTY RESTORED.

Brig.-Gen. C. H. HOWARD has issued a special order restoring to Mr. JOSEPH FORREST his property, held by the Freedmen's Bureau, in St. Mary's County, Maryland, (except the "Sand Gates Farm," so called, of 1,100 acres,) being nine separate tracts of land containing 1,915 acres more or less, subject to the provisions of Circulars Nos. 3, 15 and 20 of the Freedmen's Bureau.

REBELS PARDONED.

It is stated that there have been 2,070 persons pardoned in the State of Virginia, and 482 in North Carolina, by the President, under the $20,000 clause, since the issuance of the Amnesty Proclamation.

PRIZE CLAIMS.

It is estimated that the Fourth Auditor's office has during and since the rebellion, adjudicated prize claims affecting over 1,200 captured vessels. The amount involved in such settlements was about twenty million dollars.

TREASURY MATTERS.

There are in the vaults of the Treasury Department $14,240,000 in five dollar notes. The total amount of all denominations is $110,000,000.

The United States Treasurer will receive in a few days from the Bank Note Company $300,000 in one and two dollar notes of the greenback currency.

RETURN OF GEN. GRANT.

Lieut.-Gen. GRANT and the members of his Staff who accompanied him to West Point to attend the funeral of the late Col. BOWERS, returned to this city this morning.

SENATOR FOOT.

Senator FOOT is still confined to his bed by an attack of jaundice, his physicians think he will soon be able to return to the Senate.

ACCIDENT TO GEN. HITCHCOCK.

Major-Gen. HITCHCOCK met with a serious though not a dangerous injuries upon his face and forehead this morning, while attemting to get out of the way of a runaway horse, he stumbled and fell upon the curbstone, receiving the injuries above mentioned.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE....FRIDAY, March 9.

THE ROCK ISLAND ARSENAL.

Mr. TRUMBULL offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Secretary of War be directed to inform the Senate what legislation is necessary to fix and establish the position of the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad and bridges at Rock Island Arsenal, so as to accord with the purposes of the Government in its occupancy of said island for military purposes; also what additional legislation is necessary, if any, to enable the War Department to occupy, for military purposes, the small islands contiguous to Rock Island, and known as Benham's, Wilson's and Winnebago Islands; also what appropriations are necessary to liquidate the claims of persons claiming property in those islands, and of those whose property on Rock Island has been taken, in pursuance of law, for military purposes, for securing active power at the head of Rock Island for the erection of those houses for the preservation of arms and other munitions of war at this point, and for establishing necessary communication by bridges between the cities of Davenport, Iowa, and Rock Island, Ill., and Rock Island Arsenal.

PETITIONS.

Mr. HOWE presented a petition for an amendment to the Constitution for the choosing of President and Vice-President by a direct vote instead of the electoral college. Also for equal rights without distinction o color. These were referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. WILSON presented the petition of the citizens of Massachusetts, asking for the distranchisement of the late rebels, which was referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. HARRIS presented the petition of citizens of New-York against the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. CHANDLER introduced a petition for an increase of pay to army officers, which was referred to the Military Committee.

BONDED GOODS.

At 12½ o'clock Mr. CONNESS called up the bill to extend the time for the withdrawal of goods from public stores and bonded warehouses, on which there was a motion pending to reconsider the vote by which it passed.

Mr. SPRAGUE took the floor. He said he had a very bad cold, and would therefore read from manuscript what he had to say on the subject. What he wished to say was intended for the benefit of the Senate only, and he trusted the reporters of the Press would not dignity him by any notice in their very able papers of any remarks he might have to make. He then discussed at length the questions of free trade and protective tariff, alleging that the bill under discussion was calculated to have an injurious effect upon home manufactures, and to build up foreign interests.

At 1 o'clock theC hair announced that the morning hour had expired, and the bill under consideration was made the special order for Monday at 12:30 o'clock.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The Constitutional Amendment on the subject of representation was then taken up.

Mr. FESSENDEN, taking the floor on the pending amendment, said he regretted as sincerely as the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. SUMNER) that he found it necessary for him to say something again upon the question under consideration. He did not intend, however, to present again the argument he had already made. But something had been said and some grounds taken by honorable Senators which in his judgment required a short reply. He had always believed it to be a matter of statesmanship when an object that was valuable in itself was unattainable, to come as near attaining it as possible. It was with views something like this, actuated by considerations of this description, that the Committee of which he had the honor to be a member, presented the resolution now under consideration. As I before stated, said Mr. FESSENDEN, it was not all that was wished. It was not in some particulars exactly what they might have desired. So far as my own judgment is concerned, I considered the resolution defective. It was not defective in principle. I think the principle safe and wise, but I think it falls short of what ought to be attained, and I think, too, that as it is drawn it may be liable to evasion, and that it may not accomplish what upon its face it might be presumed to do. The Senator from Indiana, (Mr. HENDRICKS) in the address which he made upon this subject, commented severely upon an expression used by me on a former occasion, that as I could not accomplish directly what I wished to accomplish, and that was to bring about a state of things which would allow the ballot to such colored men as were proper persons to exercise it, and since I could not accomplish it directly, by directly abolishing all distinction of color, I was willing to reach it by this resolution, which, in my judgment, would after a series of years, greater or less, accomplish the same purpose indirectly. He asks me very distinctly whether it is proper to accomplish by indirection that which we could not accomplish by direction. I have yet to learn that where a legislator avows his purposes, states what he wishes to accomplish, and the mode by which he wishes to accomplish it, that he is to be charged with indirection, which conveys the idea of contriving to do something by taking advantage of measures to do in a covert way what you cannot do openly. If I may be allowed to say so, when the Saviour of the world came upon earth he found many abuses, many errors, many corruptions, which he would gladly have banished at once. He did not deem it wise or prudent to attempt to put them down by the strong arm, for as a mortal he had not the power to do it. But he laid down a set of principles, a set of instructions, which if they became acceptable to the people, and were finally taken as a rule of action, would inevitably by the effect produced upon the minds of men lead to destroy all those ecorruptions, and make the world what it should be. The action of such legislation, if I may call it so, was not direct, but indirect, and I have yet to learn that it was not only wise and well calculated to effect the object in view, and that was the improvement of the world, Mr. FESSENDEN then remarked that he had no more to say on this point. He wished simply to rid himself of the imputation which the Senator from Indiana, (Mr. HENDRICKS,) seemed to desire to cast upon him for using the expression to which he had referred. He adhered to the same position, and thought in regard to the present question that it was better to accomplish the object by indirection than by force. The question is a great one, involving the right of suffrage to a large number of people. Many of them may not be fit to exercise that right to-day, and many of them may be fit. More may become fit to exercise it in the process of time, when they shall have enjoyed their freedom and received instruction. This proposition aims to accomplish this object, kindly, mildly, and not at once by forcible means against all the prejudices and habits of the people with whom the race sought to be enfranchised are connected. This would be better in my judgment and tend more to the peace of the community and the safety of the nation. I would say to the Senator from Indiana, that if it can be accomplished by the indirect action of an amendment to the Constitution which appeals to the interest of those who have hitherto been and are now the ruling class among this large population, it will be far better than to run the risk of all the difficulties that may arise from forcible means, which would create bad feelings and generate prejudices, perhaps undying animosities. Mr. FESSENDEN next referred to the assertion of Mr. HENDRICKS that the proposed amendment was intended for party purposes. Mr. HENDRICKS, he said, had no right to attack the motves of a committee of this body, or of the gentlemen who support the amendment. He would as well become him (Mr. FESSENDEN) to say that Mr. HENDRICKS opposed it for none but party purposes, as for Mr. HENDRICKS to say that was only supported for party purposes.

Mr. HENDRICKS interrupted Mr. FESSENDEN to say that he was justified in saying the measure was urged on partisan grounds, because the Chairman of the Committee in the House (Mr. STEVENS,) in urging its passage on partisan grounds, had admitted so much in his speech. He (Mr. HENDRICKS) had quoted Mr. STEVENS' language, in which that gentleman said it was necessary to pass the amendment to secure the perpetuity of the party of the Union. This, Mr. HENDRICKS said, was the language used by one class of gentlemen to designate their own political party.

Mr. FESSENDEN said he remembered very well that Mr. HENDRICKS had quoted Mr. STEVENS' remarks. He could say that his gloss was entirely unjustifiable. The words party of the Union were used in no party sense. Does not the gentleman belong to that party?

Mr. HENDRICKS—I think I do, but I do not belong to the political party that calls itself the Union Party, which opposes the admission of the Southern States into the Union. Mr. FESSENDEN said he might have had some doubt sometime ago about Mr. HENDRICKS belonging to the Union Party, but he could have none now, since he (Mr. HENDRICKS) said so. It was very strange how everything ran into party considerations in Mr. HENDRICKS' mind. Mr. FESSENDEN, after replying to Mr. HENDRICKS' assertion that the amendment was intended as a punishment to the Southern people, replied to the speech of Mr. BUCKALEW, eight pages out of sixteen of which were devoted to abuse of New-England; eight pages devoted to showing that New-England has too much power in the Senate and in the country, and that this power and influence ought to be abridged. He would say that when any thing original in this charge against New-England, such views have been presented before, quite as forcibly, and with about as much effect. Mr. BUCKALEW had been kind enough to say that he did not despise New-England. New-England was happy to know it, and he (FESSENDEN) felt at liberty to say that New-England did not despise Mr. BUCKALEW. He thought that all charges and remarks upon the endeavors on the part of a party to keep power were completely out of place. The nominal power of New-England in the Senate, amounting to twelve, might, with the aid of one or two, carry a measure if all were present on a minimum vote. Judging from the patriotism of New-England here, there could be no great danger to the country if she should. The Secretary of State tells a story about Mrs. Toodles' door-plate with the "Thompson" being "handy in the house." Such was the repeated charge and argument against the political power of New-England. He did not expect the amendment could pass. The necessary votes could not be had, though the majority of the votes in the Senate must be in favor of it.

Mr. FESSENDEN stated that the Committee being desirous of doing something, produced this amendment, believing it less objectionable than any they could present. He could not permit the censure lavished upon the Committee to pass unnoticed. Mr. SUMNER had undertaken to define the two modes of debate; one personal, the other a discussion of principles. He (Mr. FESSENDEN) thought the proper mode was to answer and sift what was said. Personality of manner he did not understand. One mode or parliamentary debate was long and elaborate essay, prepared carefully in the study, printed and read. In Britain and in France no man is permitted to read a speech in the Parliament or in the Deputies.

Mr. COWAN remarked that it was permitted in France, but not in England. MCINTOSH said that they were written orations, which exhibited nothing but power of argument and imagination.

Mr. FESSENDEN thought that as to personality, the mere words spoken extemporaneously, however bitter they might seem, were venal offences compared with the gall distilled in studious hours, and so worded in a written oration that none would directly recognize them. He would wish to notice the argument made, under the heading of argument, in the late oration of Mr. SUMNER. He dwelt on the opinions therein expressed of the framers and supporters of the amendment, "Judas Iscariot with Pontius Pilot on his back." He would quote no more. The good taste of applying these flowers of rhetoric to his own political associates in cool of preparation, not in the heat of debate, might well be questioned.

Mr. FESSENDEN then said he would return to the consideration of the amendment as to the right of States to fix the right of suffrage within their own limits. There is no power in Congress to interfere.

Mr. YATES would call the attention of the Senator to the clause to which he had referred, requiring that representatives should be elected by the people of the States. Now the amendment may admit that a class may be disenfranchised.

Mr. FESSENDEN said that he only claimed that the States had power to fix the qualification of voters. The proposed amendment denied the right of States to disenfranchise a class, but it would not deny their power as it now stands in the Constitution; but the amendment says if, in the exercise of that power, you deny the franchise to a race or a part of a race in a State, that race shall not by you be represented here.

Mr. GATES said that this new amendment had an organic acknowledgment of the power in a State to deny the right of citizens to vote, if they so choose, because of race.

Mr. FESSENDEN again claimed that the amendment simply said, if in the exercise of your Constitutional power, you deny that race the right to vote, you shall be punished for it by not being allowed to enjoy an increased representation, because of them.

Mr. FESSENDEN referred to the quotations of Mr. SUMNER from COKE, LOCKE and OTIS, asking whether, when they uttered or wrote the sentences, he quoted alone from them to indicate universal suffrage—whether in COKE's, or LOCKE's time either, under the British Constitution, Englishmen all voted; and whether, in spite of his remark, there is not class exclusion in Massachusetts operating against those who may not be able to read, though they be twenty-one years of age, in conformity with the sole condition that had been specified in the quotation from Otis. Now, though by limitation attendant upon their own exclusiveness, the Southern States, through this amendment, would be shorn of a part of their representation, they would be represented just as they might choose to be, and the choice was with them, and they would, being so represented, be taxed to bear the burdens of the Government's debts and expenditures. The charge of immorality and traffic had been made by the Senator from Massachusetts against the Committee—against the majority of the House and Senate; but no man stood upon the opinion of a heated controversialist. Mr. FESSENDEN was satisfied to stand with the press, the people, and the majority of both Houses, under the denunciation of the Senator from Massachusetts.

Mr. SUMNER said there is a familiar story, which the Senator cannot have forgotten, of a shield suspended in the highway, and two travelers, coming to it from opposite quarters, undertaking to read the inscriptions upon it. Each read it differently, and each, looking at the others face, insisted that he was right, and straightway there was a contest, which ended in a battle, but at last it was discovered that the shield had different inscriptions on its two sides. That is the precise character of the measure before us. It is as a shield with two different expressions on its two different sides. The Senator from Maine sees on it only the limitation of the political power of the South. I opposed it, and I see, Sir, the disfranchisement of a race, and the recognition of caste in the Constitution of the country. The Senator defends what he sees; I oppose what I see. Now, Sir, it is the misfortune of the present proposition that it has two sides with opposite inscriptions. At this moment of our country's history, at this transcendent period of solemn political obligations, we are summoned above all things to be sincere, frank, truthful, loyal; to do nothing in a double senses—especially on that most important act, the introduction in the Constitution of our country of any words that can be interpreted in a double sense. It is not necessary for me to say that the Senator from Maine is wrong, though I think he is wrong in his interpretation of the Constitution and of the amendment. It is enough that I say that the proposition which he defends is open to this, that it is the shield with the two sides, and different inscriptions on the two sides. I have papers on my table from which I might illustrate this idea, but I have no right to take the time. It is now 3 o'clock. But the question is as to the double sense. I shall not trespass long. The Senator from Maine sees the proposition one way to-day; I see it another way. But, Sir, I have already in this discussion, on a former occasion, referred to a memorial offered by the editor of the Boston *Recorder*, in which he interpreted it as I do. He regarded it as the disenfranchisement of a race, and inconsistent with the declared principles of the Declaration of Independence. I have in my hand another document from a very different person, whom I cannot name without great respect, one of the original Abolitionists of the land, one of that old guard which has done so much to mature that opposition to slavery which has at last triumphed, one who from the firing on Fort Sumter has seen all things with a clearness of vision unsurpassed, Mr. GERRIT SMITH, of New-York. Mr. SUMNER then read at great length from the late publication of GERRIT SMITH, regarding the amendment under consideration, and closed his remarks by a reiteration of the objections he had already stated in this discussion.

Mr. WILSON, at the close of Mr. SUMNER's speech, said there was no man for whose motives he had a greater respect than for GERRIT SMITH; but he would not forget his friend, the gentleman, holding to the theory that the Constitution of the United States did not permit the existence of Slavery within the United States, when it was proposed to amend the Constitution and make it forever impossible that there should be a slave in America—that gentleman, influenced by that theory that he himself and a few other gentlemen had held for years, published to oppose the amendment to the Constitution. Congress, however, not holding to that theory, proposed an amendment to the Constitution forbidding Slavery, and the American people sanctioned that amendment. It is in the Constitution of our country, and Slavery has forever ceased to exist in America. Now when the authority of GERRIT SMITH is brought into the Senate to guide our action, I remind the Senate and the country of his action on the Constitutional Amendment, and I ask the Senate and the country where, in God's name, would the slaves of the country be if the counsel of GERRIT SMITH had been followed? Mr. WILSON compared the party which, with Mr. SUMNER, opposed the pending amendment, to the party which, with GERRIT SMITH, opposed the Constitutional Amendment two years ago.

The question being called for, the Chair stated that the question was upon the adoption of Mr. HENDERSON's amendment, which was to subsitute for the pending amendment the following:

No State, in presenting the qualifications requisite for elections therein, shall discriminate against any person on account of color or race.

Mr. HENDERSON made a few remarks, in the course of which he said the Legislature of Missouri would enter the above within twenty-four hours after its passage.

Mr. SUMNER—So will Massachusetts, and so will every loyal State. [Laughter.]

Mr. HENDERSON's amendment was rejected by a vote of 10 yeas against 37 nays, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Brown, Clark, Chandler, Henderson, Howe, Morrill, Sumner, Wade, Wilson, Yates.

NAYS—Messrs. Anthony, Buckalew, Conness, Cowan, Cragin, Cresswell, Davis, Dixon, Doolittle, Fessenden, Foster, Grimes, Guthrie, Harris, Hendricks, Johnson, Kirkwood, Lane of Indiana, Lane of Kansas, McDougal, Morgan, Morrill, Nesmith, Norton, Nye, Poland, Ramsey, Riddle, Saulsbury, Sherman, Sprague, Stewart, Stockton, Trumbull, Van D Winkle, Willey, Williams.

ABSENT—Messrs. Howard, Foot, Wright.

The next question was on the following joint resolution of Mr. SUMNER offered as a substitute for the proposition of the Committee; that in all the States lately declared to be in rebellion there should be no oligarchical aristocracy, caste or monopoly invested with peculiar privileges and powers, and there shall be no denial of rights, civil or political, on account of color or race; but all persons shall be equal before the law, whether in the court-room or at the ballot-box, and this statute made in pursuance of the Constitution shall be the supreme law of the land, anything to the Constitution or laws of any such State to the contrary notwithstanding.

Mr. ANTHONY raised a point of order. He desired to know whether a bill or joint resolution could be offered as a substitute for a proposed amendment to the Constitution.

The Chair said a joint resolution was in order as a substitute for another joint resolution.

Mr. CLARK offered as a substitute for Mr. SUMNER's proposition a proposition to amend the Constitution so as to provide that representation shall be appointed among the several States within the Union according to the number of male citizens in it 21 years of age and upward, with the qualifications of electors for the more numerous branches of the State Legislature; and each State shall be entitled to one representative.

Subsequently Mr. CLARK withdrew his amendment, saying he would offer it again in the event of the failure of the Committee's proposition. The question then recurred to Mr. SUMNER's amendment, which was rejected: yeas 8, nays 39. Yeas—Messrs. Brown, Chandler, Howe, Pomeroy, Sumner, Wade, Wilson and Yates.

Mr. YATES offered the following as a substitute for the Committee's proposition:

That no State or Territory of the United States shall, by any Constitution, law or other regulation whatever, heretofore in force or hereafter to be enacted, making or inforcing in any way or in any manner recognizing any distinction between citizens of the United States or any State or Territory, on account of race, color, or previous condition of Slavery, and hereafter all citizens, without distinction of color or race, shall be protected in the full enjoyment and exercise of all their civil and political rights, including the right of suffrage.

Mr. CLARK moved to amend the above, by adding the following proviso:

Provided, That whenever the elective franchise shall be abridged in any State on the election of Representatives in Congress or other officers, State or National, on account of race, color, descent, or previous condition of servitude, or by any provision of law not equally applicable to all races and descents, all persons of such race, color, descent or conditism, shall be excluded from the basis of representation, as prescribed in the second section of the first article of the Constitution.

Mr. CLARK's amendment was adopoted—Yeas, 26; nays, 20.

Mr. YATES' amendment was rejected—Yeas, 7; nays, 38. Yeas—Messrs. Brown, Chandler, Pomeroy, Sumner, Wade, Williams, Yates.

Mr. DAVIS offered an amendment to make the proposition of the committee be submitted to the Legislatures of the States next hereafter to be chosen. He explained that his object was to get the question properly before the people in legislatures elected on the issues presented in the amendment. Rejected—Yeas, 12; nays, 31.

Mr. SUMNER moved to amend the Committee's proposition by inserting a proviso, that there shall be no denial of the elective franchise on account of color. Rejected—yeas 8, nays 38.

Mr. SUMNER moved to amend the proposition of the Committee by inserting that all persons denied representation shall be exempt from taxation of all kinds. Rejected.

FAILURE OF THE AMENDMENT TO RECEIVE A TWO-THIRDS VOTE.

The question was then taken on the proposition of the Committee, Mr. CLARK having withdrawn his amendment, given above.

The joint resolution, as it came from the House, is as follows:

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, (two-thirds of both Houses concurring,) that the following article be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which, when ratified by three-fourths of said Legislatures, shall be valid as part of said Constitution, viz;

ARTICLE. Representatives shall be appointed among the several States which may be included in the Union according to their respective number, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. *Provided*, that whenever the elective franchise shall be denied or abridged in any State, on account of race or color, all persons therein of such race or color shall be excluded from the basis of such representation.

The vote on the above was as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Anthony, Chandler, Clark, Conness, Cragin, Creswell, Fessenden, Foster, Grimes, Harris, Howe, Kirkwood, Lane, of Indiana, McDougall, Morgan, Morrill, Nye, Poland, Ramsey, Sherman, Sprague Trumbull, Wade, Williams, Wilson—28.

NAYS—Messrs. Brown, *Buckalew*, Cowan, *Davis*, Dixon, Doolittle, *Guthrie*, Hunderson, *Hendricks*, *Johnson*, Lane of Kansas, *Nesmith*, Norton, Pomeroy, *Riddle*, *Saulsbury*, Stewart, *Stockton*, Sumner, Van Winkle, Willey, Yates—22.

The Chair announced that the joint resolution having received less than a two-thirds vote had failed.

Mr. HENDERSON moved a reconsideration of the above vote, which motion prevailed. This brought the joint resolution again before the Senate, and Mr. HENDERSON offered the following amendment:

That the following article be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which, when ratified by three-fourths of the said Legislatures, shall be valid as part of said Constitution, viz.: After the census to be taken in the year 1870, and each succeeding census, representatives shall be appointed among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to the number in each State of male electors over twenty-one years of age qualified by the laws thereof to choose members of the most numerous branch of its Legislature; and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States, according to the value of the real and personal taxable property situated in each State, not belonging to the State or the United States.

At six o'clock, on motion of Mr. FESSENDEN, the further consideration of the question was postponed to Thursday.

The Senate then adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

INTERNAL REVENUE ACT.

Mr. MORRILL, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported back the Senate amendment to the House bill to declare the meaning of certain parts of the Internal Revenue Act of June 30, 1864. The amendment, which was to substitute the word "wherever" for "whenever," was concurred in.

SETTLEMENT OF PAYMASTERS' ACCOUNTS.

Mr. FARNSWORTH, on leave, introduced a bill concerning the settlement of accounts of army paymasters, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

VOLUNTEERS STILL

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—MARCH 9, 1866.

$33,000 US.6s,5-20sC.'62 103⅛ | 300 West. Union Tel.. 69⅛
3,000 do .....2d call 103¼ | 200 do .....c 69⅜
8,000 U.S.6s,5-20sC.'64 103¼ | 200 Union New York Co.... 1st
150,000 U. S. 7s,10-40s.C 96⅜ | 200 Quick. Min. Co.... 40⅛
250,000 do .....c 96⅜ | 300 do .....2d call 4 ¼
10,000 do .....b60 97 | 100 do .....c 40
15,600 U. S. 5s, '74 C.... 87 | 100 Canton Co..... 43½
15,000 Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s. | 25 Pac. M. Scrip..... 193
First Series..... 99⅛ | 100 N. Y. Central..... 107⅝
15,000 do .....c 99⅛ | 100 do .....c 830 91⅜
1,500 do.2d S..Small 99⅜ | 25 do .....c 91⅜
5,000 do .....c 99⅛ | 400 do s30 90⅝
3,500 do.Third Ser. 99⅛ | 60 do .....c 90⅝
2,000 do .....Small 99⅛ | 600 do .....s 90⅝
3,000 Tenn. 6s, '90..... 51 | 600 Cleve. & Pitts..... 76
1,000 do .....90⅝ | 100 do .....2d call 76
15,600 do .....s15 90 | 800 Erie R..... 82¾
20,000 Virginia 6s..... 69 | 100 do 82¾
5,000 do .....2d call 69 | 100 do s20 81⅞
1,500 do .....69 | 100 do .....2d call 81⅞
30,000 N. Car. 6s..... 84½ | 100 do s30 80
5,000 do .....84½ | 100 Erie R. Pref..... 80
10,000 do .....85 | 200 Hud. Riv. R..... 103⅜
15,000 Missouri 6s..... 78½ | 100 do b11 104
10,000 do .....s30 78 | 100 do s30 103¼
25,000 do .....78½ | 200 Reading R..... 97⅜
10,000 do .....c 78½ | 1400 do 97⅝
20,000 do .....s30 77½ | 200 do .....2d call s15 97⅞
10,000 do .....b60 78 | 400 do 97⅝
10,000 Mo. 6s, issued to | 100 Mich. Cen. R..... 1 13⅜
5 Pacific R..... 78 | 3500 Mich. S. & N. I..... 74
10,000 Conn. State 6s..... 92⅜ | 600 do .....c 74⅛
15,000 Cal. 7s..... 112⅜ | 200 do .....2d call 74⅛
20,000 C. & M.Cor..... 94½ | 100 Ill. Central R..... 115⅝
5,000 N. Y.Cen.7s,'76.. 100 | 11 Cleve.,Col.& Cin.R. 111
5,000 Erie 3d M..... 96 | 600 Chi. & N.W..... 25⅛
4,000 Mich. C. 8s, New | 2.0 Chic. & N. W.P.... 52⅝
Loan..... 111 | 300 do .....b 52⅝
5,000 C.&N.W.S.F.8s. 87 | 500 do .....c 52⅝
5,000 Chi. & N. W. 1st. 79 | 600 do b30 52¾
5,000 Clev.&Tol.S.F.8s 94 | 600 Chi. & R. I.....s30 107⅝
3,000 Tol. & Wab. 2d.. 73½ | 400 do 1.7⅝
20,000 P., Ft.W.&Cn. 1st 98 | 200 do s10 107½
4,000 Chic. & A. 1st M. 83 | 100 do 107⅝
10 Mer. Ex. Bank..... 109 | 100 do 107¾
25 Am. Ex. Bank..... 110 | 50 do 107
25 St. Nicholas Bank... 102 | 200 Pitts., F.W. & C..... 89
3 Gen. National B'k.. 100 | 200 do s10 89⅛
10 Del. & Hud. C.... 135 | 200 do s30 89⅝
100 Cum. Coal Pr..... 43¼ | 100 do .....2d call 89¾
100 do .....2d call 43 | 500 do 89¾
50 do .....b10 43 | 50 New-Jersey Cen.....s 107⅛
100 Wilkesbarre Coal.. 52¾ | 100 Alt. & T. H..... 30
100 Spring M. Coal.... 45 | 100 Chi. & Alt. Pr..... 117

1 O'CLOCK BOARD.

100 Quick. M. Co..... 40¾ | 200 Cleve. & Pitts..... 75⅞
400 N. Y. Cen..... 90⅜ | 200 do s30 76
5.0 do .....b30 90⅝ | 200 do s30 76⅛
200 do .....b15 90⅝ | 100 Chic. & N.W. P.... 52¼
600 Erie R..... 82 | 100 do 52¼
500 do .....s3 82 | 200 Chic. & R. I.....s15 107⅝
100 Hud. Riv. R..... 103¼ | 100 P., Ft. W. & C..... 89⅜
100 M. S. & N. I. R.... 73⅜ | 200 do s30 89⅞
500 do 73⅝

2½ O'CLOCK BOARD.

2,000 U. S. 6s, '81 C.... 104⅞ | 10 Pac. M. S. S..... 212
13,000 U.S. 6s '81 R..... 104⅝ | 110 Pac. Mail Scrip..... 133
3,000 U. S.6s,5-2 s C.'62 103⅜ | 300 N. Y. Cen..... 90⅜
5,000 U S.6s,5-20s C.'64 103⅛ | 3 0 do s30 90⅝
5,000 Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s. 100 | 100 do s80 90
First Series..... 99⅜ | 100 Cum. Coal P..... 42⅝
500 do .....2d Ser. 99⅜ | 100 do b30 43
2500 do .....3d Ser. 99⅜ | 100 Erie Railroad..... 82⅜
1,000 do .....Small 99⅝ | 500 do 82⅝
10,000 N.Y.St. 7s,Boun- | 400 Hud. R. R..... 10.⅜
ty Loan, ex-in 98⅛ | 100 Reading R..... 97⅞
16,000 Tenn. 6s, '90..... 91 | 300 M. S. & N. I..... 73⅞
15,000 do .....s15 89⅜ | 50 do 73⅝
50,000 do .....s15 90 | 200 do s30 72
10,000 Missouri 6s..... 77½ | 500 do 72
1,000 do .....77½ | 300 Clev. & Pitts..... 76⅛
10,000 do .....77 | 200 Chi. & N.W. 25⅛
5,000 N. Car. 6s..... 85½ | 400 do 25⅜
3,000 do .....s30 85 | 200 Chi. & N.W.Pr..... 52⅜
40,000 O. & M. Cer..... 24⅞ | 500 Chic. & R. Is..... 107⅜
100 Quick. Min. Co..... 40⅛ | 100 do s30 107⅜
100 do .....40⅛ | 100 Cleve. & Pitts..... 107⅜
100 Western U. Tel..... 67 | 500 P., Ft. W. & C..... 89⅞
200 do .....68⅛ | 100 Chic. & Alt. Pf..... 117
20 do 68⅝

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

100 N. Y. Central.....c 91¼ | 900 Mich. S. & N. I... 73⅜
200 do .....c 91½ | 200 do .....c 73⅝
1700 Erie Railroad.....c 82⅜ | 3.0 do s3 73⅜
600 do .....82⅜ | 500 do b3 73⅜
200 do .....s3 82⅜ | 100 do s3.ntd 73⅜
1200 do .....82½ | 900 Cleve. & Pitts..... 76⅜
400 do .....c 82½ | 1800 do s3 75⅞
200 do .....c 82½ | 440 do .....c 75⅞
100 do .....b30 82⅜ | 200 Chic. & R. I..... b0 108
200 do .....82⅜ | 400 do b0 107⅞
100 do .....b3 82⅜ | 100 do b3 107⅞
100 do .....82⅜ | 300 do s3 107⅞
400 Reading R..... 97⅜ | 100 do 10.⅜
100 do .....c 97⅜ | 100 Chic. & N.W. 25⅜
200 P., F. W. & C.....s15 89⅜ | 100 do 25⅜
300 do .....s3 89⅛ | 100 do .....c 25⅜
100 do .....89⅛ | 1900 Chi. & N.W.P..s3 52⅜
100 do .....89⅜ | 100 do s30 52⅛

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

400 Schuylkill Coal..b3 14⅜ | 800 M. S. & N. I.....s3 73⅛
500 Maryland A. C..... 17¾ | 1200 do 73⅛
500 do .....17¾ | 700 do b3 73⅜
100 New-York Cen..... 91¼ | 100 do b3 73⅞
200 do .....s3 91¼ | 100 do b10 73⅞
200 do .....c 91 | 300 do s3 73⅛
300 Erie Railroad..... 81⅞ | 400 Clev. & P..... 76
100 do .....c 81⅞ | 300 do b3 76
200 do .....s3 81⅝ | 500 do s30 76
200 Reading R..... 97⅜ | 500 Chi. & N.W. 25⅛
200 do .....97⅛ | 100 Chic. & N.W.P..... 52⅝
200 do .....b3 97⅜ | 100 P., Ft.W.& C..... 89⅜
500 do .....s3 flat 97⅛ | 200 do s30 89
200 Chi. & R. I..... 107⅝

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

200 Schuylkill C..... 14½ | 100 M. S. & N. I....b15 73⅞
500 do .....14⅜ | 1000 do 73⅞
800 do .....13 | 200 do b3 73⅞
100 New-York Cen.... 91½ | 200 do s30 73⅞
100 do .....b3 91¼ | 100 Chic. & N. W. ..b8 25⅜
600 Erie R..... 82⅛ | 100 do b10 25⅜
100 do .....82½ | 100 C. & N. W. P.....s10 52⅝
200 do .....s15 flat 82 | 1100 P. F. W. & C.....s3 89⅜
100 Ill. Cen. R..... 114½ | 200 do s3 89⅜
400 Cleve. & Pitts..... 76⅜ | 100 do 89⅜
200 do b10 76¾

FRIDAY, March 9—P. M.

There was an additional fall of 1 to 1¼ per cent. on Gold to-day, the sales ranging 131⅛@130⅛ ₱ cent. through regular 'Change hours. Bills on London and Paris, which promised some steadiness last night, were dull, and the rates unsettled for Saturday's steamers. The demand ran in a fair measure upon good Merchant Bills on France, against Cotton and on Southern Bank Bills. We learn that a large amount of the former were sold on private terms, but understood to be at cheap rates. Southern Bank Bills were done at 108⅛@¼ ₱ cent., and the rates for our own standard Bankers were 108¼@108⅝ ₱ cent. on London, and 5f. 21¼c.@5f. 20c. on Paris. The telegraph reports from New-Orleans a cheap market for Merchant Bills drawn against Cotton and Gold in the close neighborhood of 130 ₱ cent. The Importers and Domestic Commission people are marking down their staple Dry Goods this week, to meet the decline in Gold and cheaper prices for Cotton in this and the Southern markets. The market for Money grows easier in Wall-street to the Stock Brokers, while there is less facility in passing Merchant paper at Bank and through the Discount Brokers. The discrimination in regard to these credits, as on previous occasions of the same nature, is very rigid, and the classification of names unusually strict, on account of the falling prices of Merchandise.

The Government Stocks and Treasury paper are in firm request, and some descriptions of the latter are rather scarce than otherwise on the Street. The small denominations of the 7-30s and all the Compound Notes are wanted by the Brokers at full rates, and there is a recovery of ⅛@¼ ₱ cent. on the 10-40 Gold-bearing 5 ₱ cent. on purchases of about half a million of dollars to-day. This 5 ₱ cent. 10-40 year Stock, though not a favorite of late in the market, may prove, in a very short time, the best speculation on the Government list. It is by no means certain that Congress will authorize any further loans as high as 6 ₱ cent. in Gold, and it is even more probable that the outstanding 6 ₱ cent. Deposits on 10 days' notice will soon be reduced to 5 ₱ cent. in Currency, and the $35,000,000 of Legal Tender Notes deposited by the Clearing-house Banks of New-York and Boston on 5 ₱ cent. interest, (returnable on demand,) reduced to 3 or 4 ₱ cent., *or paid off altogether.* The Treasury is now paying the New-York Associated Banks $1,250,000 per annum, and the Boston Associated Banks $500,000 per annum, by way of interest on these Demand Clearing-house Certificates, which discriminate between the old Greenbacks, and the mixed Currency of Greenbacks and National Bank Notes, in which all the other temporary loans and its ordinary receipts and disbursements are conducted by the Government. At the same time the Treasury is compelled to hold in reserve, unemployed or subject to issue on a moment's notice, the corresponding sums of $25,000,000 for New-York and $10,000,000 for Boston, in Greenbacks. This operation, although a great convenience to the two Clearing-houses, and as a source of profit to the Banks, who are permitted to count these 5 ₱ cent. demands on the Treasury for Greenbacks, as though they had the Greenback Notes themselves, which bear no interest in their own vaults, as part of their Legal-tender basis, is almost wholly a losing operation to the Government, for the Secretary is now holding in positive reserve at Washington $26,664,000 of the original Greenback issue, applicable to the payment of these demands, the only ones for Greenbacks exclusively embraced in the temporary loans to the Treasury. How much more of the old Greenbacks remain unemployed in New-York or Boston, we have no present means of judging. But we believe that in reducing the rate of interest on his 6 ₱ cent. Currency, if possible to 5 ₱ cent., (should he do so on or before the 1st of April,) the Secretary will see the propriety and economy of leaving off the special Greenback Certificates to the Banks altogether, leaving the New-York and Boston Associations free, however, to take out a corresponding amount of Certificates bearing the same rate of interest, and payable in the mixed Currency in common use by the Government and the Country; if such Certificates should be found convenient in their clearances or other operations.

On the Stock Exchange the break in Erie Shares was down to 81 ₱ cent., making 6 ₱ cent. from the top price at which large settlements were made two or three days ago. From the lowest price of the day there was a fresh upward movement to 82⅞ ₱ cent., and the other Railways which were more or less weakened in the forenoon in sympathy with "the favorite," nearly all rallied at the Afternoon Boards, and there was a fair measure of activity after the adjournment, but with a severe conflict of views still going on between the parties who have for six or eight weeks past taken an extreme *bearish* view of the market, and acted accordingly, and the buyers for a rise. The latter are greatly in the minority, in point of numbers, though embracing several wealthy speculators in particular Roads. At 5:30 P. M. the following quotations were made:

	Thurs.	Fri.		Thurs.	Fri.
U. S. 10-40s..	90¼	91	Northwest.....	26	25⅞
U. S. 5-20s.....	102¾	102⅞	N. West Pref....	52¾	53
U. S. 7.3s.....	99⅜	99⅛	Rock Island....	186	107⅝
N. Y. Central..	91¾	91⅞	Ft. Wayne....	88¾	89⅜
Erie.....	85¾	82⅝	Cumb'land Coal.	43	42¾
Hudson.....	102¾	102⅝	Quicksilver....	41	41
Reading.....	97⅝	97⅞	Mariposa.....	11¾	11¾
Mich. Southern..	74	73⅝	Canton.....	43½	43½
Illinois Central..	114	115	Ohio Certificates	24⅝	24⅜
Pittsburgh.....	76¼	76⅜	American Gold	131⅞	130⅝
Prairie du Chien	96	96	Bills on London.	109⅜	109⅛

The attention of parties desiring to effect Fire Insurance is directed to the card and statement of the Hope Company, to the present date, advertised on another page.

The following bids were made for the City Bank Shares:

New-York.....	110	Bank of N. America..	106
Merchants'.....	110½	Metropolitan.....	121
Union.....	118	Market.....	110
Ammonia.....	137	Shoe and Leather....	110
Phenix.....	96	St. Nicholas.....	101
Tradesmen's..	130	Marine.....	140
Merchants' Exch'ge..	106	Atlantic.....	105
Seventh Ward.....	106	Importers' & Traders'	101
State of New York...	105	Park.....	150
Commerce.....	105	Manufac. & Mech'ts.	100
Mechanics' Bkg Ass..	107	Central National....	108
Ocean.....	94	Fourth National.....	97
Pacific.....	105	Ninth National.....	107
Bank of Republic....	108	Oriental Bank.....	124

And the following for the Railway mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76 con....	100	Tol. & Wab. 1st M.....	88
Erie 7s, 2d mort., '70..	99	Tol. & Wab. 2d M.....	73½
Erie 7s, 3d m., x int., '83.	96½	Gal. & Chic. 2d M.....	90
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M '69 ..	99⅜	Chi. & R. I. 1st mort..	98
Hud. R. 7s, 2ds. S. F. '85.	100	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund..	93½
Hud. R. 7s, conv., '67..	96	N. J. Central 1st M ..	99
Harlem 1st mort., '69-72.	98	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1st M.	98
Harlem 3ds, '68.....	94	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch., 2d.	91¼
Mich. C. nw 1st M. 8s '82	111	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch.. 3d.	79
Alton & T. H. 1st M	87	Miss. & Mo. L. G. 1st M	45
Chi. & N. W. S. F.....	87	Chic. & Alton S. F.....	94
Chi. & N. W. 1st. B....	80	Chic. & Al. 1st M.....	93
Chi. & N. W. 1st M.....	79	Ohio & Miss. 1st M.....	80
Han. & St. Jo. Land G.	92	Peninsula R. R. bonds..	66
Lack. & West'n Bonds.	98	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M ...	82
Del. L. & W. 1st M.....	105¾	Joliet & Chic. 1st mort.	97
Del. L. & W. 2d M.....	102¾		

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States was as follows: Receipts, $890,589 59; for Customs, $365,000; on account Loan, $25,000; Coin Certificates, $186,000. Payments, $715,649 40. Balance, $89,550,577 14.

The week's imports at this port of Foreign Dry Goods have been to the value of $3,898,261. The following is the summary for the week:

CONSUMPTION DIRECT. WAREHOUSED. WITHDRAWN.

	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Man. of Wool..	1,636	$815,106	1,815	$784,138	721	$326,488
Man. of Cotton.	1,356	454,561	863	311,465	473	163,315
Man. of Silk..	618	562,616	314	287,155	158	217,912
Man. of Flax..	942	239,159	1,136	295,405	471	102,426
Miscellaneous.	2,741	191,884	199	22,692	93	38,344
Total.....	7,162	$2,229,335	4127	$1,904,905	1,906	$848,385
		1,904,905				2,293,356
Total entered.....		$3,886,261	Total marketed			$3,141,741

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

THE CROTON NATIONAL BANK
Of the City of New-York.
DESIGNATED DEPOSITARY AND
FINANCIAL AGENT
OF THE
UNITED STATES.
No. 17 Nassau-st., New-York.
WILLIAM B. HATCH, President.
PLINY FISK, Vice-President,
ROBERT M. HEDDEN, Cashier.
Will remove to the new marble building, southeast corner of Nassau and Cedar sts., 1st of May.

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS,
(Formerly officers of the Park Bank,)
30 Wall Street, N. Y.
FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
The business of this house is tne same as an Incorporated Bank.
Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.
Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.
Orders for the purchase or sale or the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, March 9, 1866.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 6,251 bbls. Flour, 354 bbls. and 2,63 bags Corn Meal, 1,550 bushels Corn, 1,250 bushels Malt, 2,305 bushels Oats, 2,429 bbls. Pork, 672 ⅛ kgs. Cut Meats, 1,529 pkgs. Lard, 503 bbls. Beef, and 381 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Pots continue in demand at $7 75 ₱ 100 lbs. Pearls unchanged.

BEESWAX—Yellow is in limited request at 45c.@47c. ₱ lb.

CANDLES—Dull; unchanged.

COFFEE—Quiet and heavy; Java at 27½c.@28¼c.; Maracaibo at 21c.@29c.; Laguayra at 21c.@22¾c.; Rio at 17¾c.@21¾c.; and St. Domingo at 17¾c.@17¾c., cash, in gold, ₱ lb.

COTTON—Is quite heavy, and steadily tending downward. Middlings 41c.@42c. ₱ lb. Sales and resales since our last, 1,500 bales. The receipts at this port since March 1 have been 11,909 bales, making 180,961 bales since Jan. 1, 1866, and 622,865 bales since the commencement of the current cotton year, Sept. 1, 1865.

DRY GOODS—The Dry Goods Exchange report today is as follows: *Jobbers' Prices.*—Brown Sheetings—Salmon Falls A, 26.; Salmon Falls C, 25c.; Laurel C, 21c.; Laurel H, 25c. Bleached Shirtings—Clinton C C C, 34c.; Clinton C C, 30c.; Clinton C, 28c. Prints—Cocheco, 21c.; Lancaster, 20c.; Dunnel, 20c.; Freeman, 16½c.; Wamsutta, 15c. Delaines—Hamilton, 25c.; Armures, 27c. Ginghams—Lancaster, 26c.; Hartford, 23c. Cambrics—Manville, 20c.; Victory, 19c. Brown Drills—Pepperell, 27½c.; Winthrop, 25c. Canton Flannels—Laconia F, 35c.; Pemberton C, 30c. Ticks—Hamden C C, 40c.; Hamden D D, 35c. Stripes—Whitesboro A, 35c.; Whitesboro B B, 32c. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, and Empress Trail, in active demand; S. T. & A. T. Meyer's I X L, in good demand for narrow tapes. The following dispatches were received at the Dry Goods Exchange today: Philadelphia—No change to notice. Market still very quiet. Baltimore—No business of moment doing. Prices about the same as yesterday.

FISH—Market quiet; prices tending downward.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in moderate demand at declining prices. Sales since our last 9,850 bbls., including very interior to choice Superfine State and Western at $6 75@$7 35; interior to choice Extra State at $7 15@$8 25, chiefly at $7 20@$7 70; round-hoop Extra Ohio inferior to good shipping brands, at $8 25@$8 75 ₱ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western.....	$6 75 @$7 35
Extra State.....	7 15 @ 8 25
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 45 @11 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	8 25 @ 8 75
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands..	8 80 @12 00
Extra Genesee.....	8 30 @11 75
Poor to very choice extra Missouri...	9 60 @15 50

Southern Flour continues inactive. Sales since our last 650 bbls., in lots, at $8 80@$10 15 for poor to good, and $10 50@$15 50 for good to very choice extra brands, ₱ bbl. Canadian Flour rules very quiet; sales 450 bbls. Extra at $7 60@$11 50 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour is dull and heavy, including Superfine at $6 50@$6 50 ₱ bbl. Corn Meal continues in limited demand at $3 70@$3 85 for Western, $3 65@$3 70 for Jersey, and $4 20@$4 25 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl. Sales 220 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in pretty fair request, especially Winter, which has been held firmly. Sales since our last 42,5.0 bushels, including White Canada at $2 50@$2 60, and poor to choice Chicago Club at $1 60@$1 78 ₱ bushel. Corn has been in moderate request at droppi.g rates. Sales since our last 40,000 bushels at 72c.@73c. for unsound, and 76c.@76¾c. for sound mixed Western, in store and delivered, and 80c. for new Yellow, ₱ bushel. Oats have been in demand, including State at 55c.@56c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania at 50c.@52c.; old Western at 51c.@54c.; new Western at 35c.@43c.; Canada at 54c.@55c., ₱ bushel. Sales have been made of 15,000 bushels Rye at 75c.; 4,000 bushels Canada West Barley at 80c., and 850 bushels Barley Malt at $1 10@$1 25 ₱ bushel.

HAY—North River Bale continues in fair request at 80c.@95c. ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been in less demand, including last year's crop at 25c.@65c., and two years' old at 12c.@45c. ₱ lb.

HIDES—Have been quite dull and heavy.

LEATHER—Sole has been less freely dealt in, including Oak Slaughter and salted, good Light, 35c.@39c.; Oak Slaughter and salted, good Middle, 43c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter and salted, good Heavy, 43c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter, light Cropped, good, 43c.@48c.; Oak Slaughter, middle Cropped, good, 49c.@53c.; Oak Slaughter, bellies Cropped, good, 19c.@21c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Light, 33c.@36c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Middle, 36c.@37c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Heavy, 37c.@38c.; Hemlock, California, good Light, 33c.@34c.; Hemlock, California, good Middle, 36c.@37c; Hemlock, California, good Heavy, 36c.@37c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Light, 32c.@33c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Middle, 35c.@36c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Heavy, 39c.@39¾c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and B. A. Damaged all weights, 30c.@33c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and B. A. Poor, all weights, 21c.@23c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 30c.@34c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, Light, 33c.@36c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, Middle and Heavy, 37c.@44c., cash, ₱ lb.

METALS—Copper is dull and lower. Iron is very quiet and depressed by the fall in gold. Lead is in rather better demand, but at drooping rates. Spelter is held with more firmness on late foreign advices, but is dull. Tin and Zinc are inactive. We quote: Ingot Copper at 33c.@34½c. ₱ lb.; No. 1 American Pig Iron, $46@$48; No. 2, $44.50@$46; Scotch Pig, $45@$47 50; English and American Bar Iron, refined, $100@$125 ₱ ton; Pig Lead at $8 65@$8 80 ₱ 100 lbs.; Spelter at 9¼c.@11¼c. ₱ lb.; Straits Tin at 23½c.@24c., in gold; Banca Tin at 24½c. in gold ₱ lb.; Sheet Zinc at 13c.@14c. ₱ lb.

MOLASSES—Has been sparingly sought after, including New-Orleans at 90c.@$1 10; Porto Rico at 55c.@72½c.; Cuba at 37½c.@52½c. ₱ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Are in limited request, including Spirits of Turpentine at 92¼c.@95c. ₱ gallon: Crude do. at $6 75; Resin at $4 37½@$16 50 ₱ 280 lbs.; Tar at $2 50@$3 87½ ₱ bbl.

OILS—Are dull and heavy, including Crude Whale at $1 25@$1 30; Bleached Whale at $1 40@$1 45; Crude Sperm at $2 35; Unbleached do. at $2 55@$2 60; Lard Oil at $1 70@$1 85; Red Oil at 80c.@95c.; Linseed Oil at $1 35@$1 37 ₱ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Continues quite dull, at 26c.@26½c. for Crude; 43c.@45c. for Refined in bond, and 62c.@64c. for do. free, ₱ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has rallied considerably today, on a revival of the speculative demand. Sales since our last, 6,250 bbls., in lots, at $26 50@$26 87½ for New Mess, closing at $26 75, cash; $26 50 for small lots one year old Mess; $24 for old Prime Mess; $25 25 for new do.; and $20@$20 50 for new Prime, ₱ bbl. Sales were also made of 5,000 bbls. New Mess, March, April and May delivery, sellers' and buyers' option, at $26 62½@$27 25 ₱ bbl. Cut Meats are plenty and heavy at 11c.@12¾c. for Shoulders, and 16c.@18¾c. for Hams: sales 900 pkgs. Bacon is heavy and drooping, including Cumberland Cut at 15¾c.@15¾c.; Short Rib at 15¾c.@16c.; Long Ribbed, 15c.@15¾c.; Long Clear at 15¾c.; Short Clear at 15¾c.@16¼c.; Long Cut Hams at 16c.@17c. ₱ lb.; sales 370 boxes. Dressed Hogs are very dull, 12c.@12¾c. for Western, and 12¾c.@13¼c. for City, ₱ lb., the packing season being nearly over. Lard is heavy; sales 1,400 tcs. and bbls. at 16¼c.@18¼c. Beef is in fair request at $16@$20 for New Plain Mess, and $20@$24 for New Extra do.; sales have been reported 1,050 bbls. Tierce Beef is in demand; sales, 450 tcs. Prime Mess, part at $34 per tierce. Beef Hams are quiet and depressed, $39@$40 ₱ bbl.; sales, 150 bbls. Butter is in fair demand at 40c.@55c. for poor to prime, 55c.@60c. for fancy State, and 25c.@42c. for Western, ₱ lb. Cheese continues dull at 16c.@22c. ₱ lb.

RICE—Is quiet and nominal, at $11 75@$13 for Carolina, and $8 50@$10 for East India, ₱ 100 lbs.

SALT—Is quiet at irregular prices.

SEEDS—Have been lightly dealt in at declining rates.

SPICES—Have been quiet and somewhat nominal.

SUGARS—Have been decidedly heavy to-day, holders having shown more eagerness to realize, in view of the decline in gold. Sales since our last 1,250 hhds. and bbls., including Cuba, &c., at from 9¾c.@12¼c. ₱ lb. We quote Fair to Good Grocer's at 10¾c.@11¼c.; refining at 10¾c.@10¾c. ₱ lb. Refining Sugars are in limited demand at 13¾c.@16¾c. ₱ lb.

STEARINE—Sales since our last 68,000 lbs. at 16¾c.@18c. ₱ lb.

TALLOW—Sales to-day 163,000 lbs. at 11¾c.@12c., and 36,000 lbs. Grease at 11c.@12¼c. ₱ lb.

TEAS—Have been quite dull and heavy, including common to best Hyson at $1 05@$1 60; Oolong 85c.@$1 60 ₱ lb.

TOBACCO—Is in limited request and heavy. Sales, since our last, included 46 hhds. Kentucky at 8c.@13¼c.; 11 cases Seed Leaf at 7½c.@14c.; and 80 bales Yara on private terms.

WHISKY—Is inactive and nominal at $2 28@$2 30 ₱ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool—The engagements included 1,500 bales Cotton at 5-16d.@⅜d. by sailing vessel, and ¼d. by steamer, ₱ lb.; 7,000 bushels Corn by sailing vessel, at 4½d. ₱ bushel; also, by steamer, 300 tcs. Beef at 3s. 6d. ₱ tierce; and 200 tcs. Lard at 25s. ₱ ton. For Amsterdam—18,000 bushels Rye at 8d. ₱ bushel. For Bremen—100 bales Cotton at 1½c. ₱ lb.

FAMILY MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

WASHINGTON MARKET, Friday, March 9, 1866.

MEATS.

Prices of really good to choice Fresh Meats have stiffened slightly this week, influenced by the improvement at the Live Stock markets, and by a partial revival in business. We noticed some very fine Mutton on one of the stalls in the upper market. It was quoted at 20c. ₱ lb. for the hind-quarters, averaging 28 lbs., and 15c.@16c. ₱ lb. for the fore-quarters, averaging 20 lbs. ₱ quarter. A leg of this mutton, weighing full 17 lbs., was sold at the relatively low rate of 20c. ₱ lb. There was an increased supply of Veals on sale, generally of good quality, including a few extra carcases, and a liberal sprinkling of very mean "bobs." In Dried and Smoked Meats business was dull, and prices were without any remarkable changes.

Beef, hind-quarter, ₱ lb.....	12	@	18
Beef, fore-quarter, ₱ lb.....	9	@	13
Beef, roasting pieces, ₱ lb.....	22	@	30
Beef, chuck-roast, ₱ lb.....	18	@	25
Beef, round, ₱ lb.....	16	@	22
Beef, rumps, ₱ lb.....	16	@	20
Beef, porter-house steak, ₱ lb.....	25	@	35
Beef, sirloin steak, ₱ lb.....	22	@	30
Beef, coarse cuts, ₱ lb.....	12	@	18
Beef, corned, ₱ lb.....	12	@	20
Beef, smoked, ₱ lb.....	25	@	30
Beef tongues, each.....	1 00	@	1 40
Mutton, by the carcase, ₱ lb.....	9	@	12
Mutton, hind-quarters, ₱ lb.....	14	@	20
Mutton, fore-quarters, ₱ lb.....	10	@	16
Mutton, chops, ₱ lb.....	16	@	20
Pigs, roasting, each.....	2 50	@	4 50
Pork, by the carcase, ₱ lb.....	12	@	15
Pork, joints, ₱ lb.....	15	@	20
Pork steaks, ₱ lb.....	18	@	22
Pork, corned, ₱ lb.....	15	@	20
Bacon, ₱ lb.....	22	@	25
Hams, ₱ lb.....	23	@	25
Shoulders, ₱ lb.....	16	@	20
Veal, by the carcase, ₱ lb.....	12	@	18
Veal, hind-quarters, ₱ lb.....	14	@	25
Veal, fore-quarters, ₱ lb.....	9	@	15
Veal cutlets, ₱ lb.....	25	@	35
Veal, fillets, ₱ lb.....	25	@	35
Sausages, country made, ₱ lb.....	20	@	25
Head Cheese, ₱ lb.....	16	@	18
Lard, ₱ lb.....	22	@	25
Suet, ₱ lb.....	14	@	20
Tripe, ₱ lb.....	8	@	12

POULTRY AND GAME.

There has been rather more activity in this line during the past week. Prices of Chickens and Fowl are lower. Ducks, Geese and Turkeys are steady. Wild Pigeons are coming into market more freely. The supply of really sound Prairie Chickens is fair, but not in excess of the demand; hence prices are kept up well. The best of these were selling to-day at $1; fair to good at 70@75c.; while inferior and damaged were quoted all the way down from 60c.@45c. ₱ pair.

Chickens, ₱ lb.....	23	@	28
Ducks, ₱ lb.....	30	@	35
Ducks, mallard, ₱ pair.....	1 00	@	1 50
Ducks, canvas-back, ₱ pair.....	2 25	@	3 50
Ducks, red-head, ₱ pair.....	1 50	@	2 25
Fowl, ₱ lb.....	20	@	25
Geese, ₱ lb.....	12	@	25
Guinea Hens, ₱ pair.....	75	@	1 25
Pigeons, squab, ₱ pair.....	50	@	8⅛
Pigeons, wild, ₱ doz.....	1 50	@	2 25
Prairie Chickens, ₱ pair.....	45	@	1 00
Turkeys, ₱ lb.....	25	@	30
Hares, ₱ pair.....	62½	@	1 00
Rabbits, ₱ pair.....	62½	@	1 00

FISH.

Fresh Fish has been in unusually scant supply this week, owing to the recent high winds, which seriously impeded fishing operations. There has consequently been a pretty general advance in retail prices. A few days of fine weather will remedy this. Lobsters are entirely out of market to-day. Some very fine Whitefish are on the stands. This description is much lower than last week. The demand for fresh fish has fallen off perceptibly since the rise. There is rather more doing in cured fish, prices of which have not varied remarkably.

Bass, ₱ lb.....	$ 20	@	30
Brook Trout,

dred and fifty-seven, the said warrant to be charged to the account of donations.

Which was lost for want of a sufficient number of votes, as follows:

Affirmative—Councilman Keenan, Long, Stacom, Robinson, O'Brien, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Keech, Green, Hettrick, Imlay—13.

Negative—Councilman Flynn, Kenney, Watts, Mackay, Kellogg, Thomas, Roberts, Pullman—8.

Councilman Long moved that such vote be reconsidered.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Councilmen Keenan moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was carried.

Whereupon, the President declared that the Board stood adjourned to Monday, twelfth instant, at two o'clock, P. M.

EDWIN M. HAGERTY, Clerk.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

ST. PAUL'S M. E. CHURCH, 57TH-AV., corner 22d-st.—The Annual Missionary Sermon will be preached SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, by the Pastor, Rev. CYRUS D. FOSS. The Sunday-school will hold their Anniversary at 3 o'clock P. M. Addresses by Rev. W. F. WATKINS and Rev. I. L. G. MCKOWN. The Missionary services will be continued at 7½ o'clock P. M. Addresses by Rev. A. C. FOSS and Rev. R. S. FOSTER, D. D.

FOURTEENTH-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner 2d-av.—Rev. E. W. HITCHCOCK, Pastor elect, will preach on SUNDAY, March 11, in the morning at 10¾, and evening at 7½ o'clock. In the afternoon at 3½ the Sabbath-school Missionary Association will hold its monthly meeting, when the children of all the schools connected with the Church will be present, and Mr. HITCHCOCK will address them.

CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, EAST 42d-st., opposite the Academy of Music.—The first of Sunday evening discourses will be delivered (D. V.) in this Church by the following distinguished clergymen: Rev. MORGAN DIX, D. D., Rector of Trinity Church, March 11; Rev. R. H. NEVIUS, D. D., of Trinity Parish, March 18; Rev. ALEXANDER H. VINTON, D. D., Rector of St. Mark's Church, March 25.

TEMPLE OF TRUTH, NO. 814 BROADWAY. —Rev. Prof. WICKS will lecture on *The Glory and Shame of Spiritualism* at 10½ A. M. A discussion at 3 P. M. Subject—*Do the Teachings of Orthodoxy Harmonize with Reason as Perfectly as Spiritualism?* Lecture at 7½ P. M. Subject—*Are Spiritual Mediums of God or the Devil?* All wishing to become Mediums should be present, as astounding facts will be related.

REV. G. W. BURNHAM, OF MASSACHUSETTS, preaches every SABBATH AFTERNOON and EVENING in Messiah's Church, 7th-av., between 11th and 12th sts.; also TUESDAY EVENING, at 7½; and at No. 13 Montgomery-st., Jersey City, on WEDNESDAY EVENING. All are cordially invited to hear. Seats free.

SEXTON.—TO CHURCH OFFICERS.—AN Active and energetic young man, who holds the above position in an Episcopal Church in the lower part of the City, is desirous of obtaining the same position in a Church of the same order in this City. First-class references given as to qualifications and respectability. Address SEXTON, Box No. 134 *Times* Office.

BROOKLYN SOCIETY OF THE NEW CHURCH (Swedenborgian.)—Lecture SUNDAY EVENING, by Rev. J. C. ADER, at the Polytechnic Institute, Livingston-st., near Court. Subject—*The Spiritual Significance of the Fourth Day of Creation.* Service at 7½ o'clock. Morning service at 11, at the same place. Seats free.

THE CHRISTIAN UNION ASSOCIATION holds its next conference in St. Paul's Church, Washington-st., Brooklyn, SUNDAY EVENING, speakers—Drs. BUDINGTON, CANFIELD and PORTER. Rev. Dr. CHEEVER, President of Middletown University, will preach for Dr. BURCHARD, 13th-st. Services at 7½.

MRS. BULLINE'S DISCOURSES AT Hope Chapel, Subject—MORNING, (audience select—*Evil Influence of Food, Culture and Vocation upon Man, Spiritually and Physically.* Conference at 3 o'clock. Subject—*How Modern Spiritualism a Better Foundation than Popular Religion.* Evening at 7½ o'clock.

REV. MORGAN DIX, D.D., RECTOR OF Trinity Church, will pr ach (D. V.) in the Church of the Redemption, East 14t -st., opposite the Academy of Music, SUNDAY EVENING, March 11. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock. A collection at the Church. The usual morning services at 10½ o'clock. Seats free.

LECTURE FOR THE JEWS IN THE Court-room, corner 7th-av. and 22d-st., at 7½ P. M. on SUNDAYS, and Free Episcopal service in Continental Hall, corner 42d-st. and Sixth-av., at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M., Rev. WM. WARDLAW officiating. All are invited to attend.

AT THE CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS, 4th West 48th-st., there is a blessed revival in progress. Rev. Dr. SMITH, of London, England, will pre ch at 7½ P. M. on SUNDAY. The Pastor, Rev. R. S. BAKER, will preach at 10½ A. M. Prayer meeting at 2 P. M. Seats free. Public cordially invited.

SECOND ADVENT AND FUTURE LIFE for the righteous only. Preaching SUNDAY, at Dodworth's Hall, No. 806 Broadway, by Elder S. BLISS, at 10½ o'clock. Subject—*Signs of the Times.* 3 P. M.—*Upon this Rock I will build my Church, and the gates of hell shall not prevail against it.* Seats free.

CHURCH OF THE RESURRECTION, 29th-st., near 6th-av. The Rector, Rev. EDWARD O. FLAGG, will preach MORNING and EVENING. In the evening a sermon to the young. A collection will be taken up to help reduce a mortgage on the church property. Divine service at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

"WHAT I SAW IN IRELAND."—A LECture on the subject will be delivered by Dr. SAMUEL O. WYLIE, of Philadelphia, in the Third Reformed Presbyterian Church, West 23d-st., near 8th-av., on THIS SABBATH EVENING, March 13, 1866, at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION—SITE OF the Old Brewery—The Original Mission at the Pointe —Rev. J. N. SHAFFER Superintendent. Prince pal Sunday-school at 9 o'clock P. M. Visitors will address the school. Spectators are always delighted to hear these children sing.

REV. E. G. BROOKS, BY REQUEST of the Young Men's Christian Association, preaches on the *Relations and Duties of Christian Employers to their Employes*, at the 20th-st. Universalist Church, west of 6th-av., SUNDAY MORNING, March 11, at 10½ o'clock. Afternoon service at 3.

MADISON-AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Corner of 29th-st. SABBATH AFTERNOON practical conference. Subject—*Results of Experimental Religion.* Eighth lecture, SUNDAY AFTERNOON, March 11, at 3½ o'clock: *The Good-will of God Toward Sinners.*

NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY'S MARINERS' CHURCH AND MISSION.—Preaching by the Pastor, 11th inst., corner Catharine and Madison sts., at 10½ A. M., and at 7½ P. M. by Rev. L. W. BACON. Preaching corner Dover and Water sts. at 3 P. M., and at No. 27 Greenwich-st. at 3 P. M. Seats free.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY.—Madison-av., corner of 42d-st.—Rev. Dr. ALEXANDER H. VINTON, of St. Mark's Church, will preach on SUNDAY EVENING. Service will commence at 7½ o'clock. Divine service and sermon by the Rector on every evening of next week, at 8 o'clock.

MEMORIAL CHURCH, HAMMOND-ST., corner of Waverly-place.—Rev. W. T. TRACY will preach MORNING and AFTERNOON, and Rev. Dr. WALTON EVENING. Service at 10½, 3½ and 7½. Seats free.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—28TH-ST., NEAR Broadway.—Preaching LORD'S DAY, March 11, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., by URBAN C. BREWER. Subject for the morning: *The Death of Alexander Campbell;* for the evening: *The Christian Confession.*

JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—PREACHING on SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING. Morning service at 10½ o'clock, evening at 7 o'clock, to be followed by a prayer-meeting. Strangers are cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

THE SOCIETY OF PROGRESSIVE SPIRITUALISTS at Ebbitt Hall, No. 55 West 33d-st., will be addressed by Mr. J. G. FISH, on SUNDAY, at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. The Children's Lyceum meets at 2 P. M. Seats free.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—5th-av. and 11th-st. The Second service in this Church on SUNDAY, and on the second Sunday of each month thereafter, will be at 7½ o'clock in the evening instead of 4 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY APOSTLES, 28th-st. and 9th-av.—The last of the series of sermons on Confirmation will be preached in this Church on SUNDAY EVENING next, by Rev. J. M. FORBES, D. D. Service at 7½ o'clock.

MRS. EMMA J. BULLENE WILL CONtinue her inspirational discourses to the Spiritualists of Williamsburgh, L. I., at Fraternal Hall, 4th-st., on WEDNESDAY NEXT, March 14, at 7½ P. M. Admission free.

THE NEXT SERMON IN THE SERIES on this Church will be preached on SUNDAY EVENING by Rev. J. W. DULLES, Assistant Minister of the Baptist Church corner Madison-av. and 31st-st. Subject—*Church History.*

BLEECKER-STREET UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, corner of Downing-st., Rev. DAY K. LEE, Pastor. Services SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject in the Evening—*Dr. Watts, the Christian Hymn Writer.*

NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Rev. ALFRED H. KELLOGG will preach, by request, in the Association Hall, TO-MORROW EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, in the 4th-av. Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Dr. CROSBY's.) Young men are invited.

AMERICAN PROTESTANT MISSION.—Divine service every Sabbath evening, in the large Dr. Spurrosos Room, No. 100 West Fifteenth-st., between 6th and 7th avs., at 7½ o'clock. Seats free. SUNDAY EVENING, March 11, Rev. JAMES K. CAMPBELL, D. D.

REV. W. H. MILBURN WILL PREACH on SUNDAY EVENING [next, the 11th inst., at the Church of the "Annunciation," in 14th-st., near 7th-av.; services to commence at 7½ P. M. A collection will be made in aid of the Bible and Prayer Book Society.

"IS POVERTY A NECESSARY CONdition of civilized society," will be the subject of discussion at Metropolitan Hall, No. 95 6th-av., at 7½ o'clock, on SUNDAY EVENING. Subject at 7½ P. M., *Dress Reform for Women.* Women will speak.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY. No. 155 Worth-st.—The religious services of this institution will be held in their new chapel on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Singing by a choir of 300 children.

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH, 18TH-ST., near 5TH-AV.—SUNDAY, Rev. Dr. GALLAHER will preach at 7½ A. M., and Rev. EASTBURN BENJAMIN at 7½ P. M.

THE EVENING UNION REVIVAL PRAYER meeting will be held in the Lexington-avenue Presbyterian Church EVERY EVENING of next week, at 8 o'clock. "The best of all is, the Lord is with us."

REV. SAMUEL B. BELL, D. D., WILL preach (D. V.) in the 50th-st. Presbyterian Church, between Broadway and 8th-av., at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Seats free.

FIRST FREE WILL BAPTIST CHURCH—West 17th-st., west of 6th-av.—Preaching next SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M., by the Pastor, Rev. J. P. NUTTING. Prayer meeting at 7½ P. M.

THE NEW CREATION.—BISHOP SNOW of Mount Zion will preach in Jones Hall, No. 656 Broadway, on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Seats free. Subject—*The New Heaven and New Earth.*—Rev. xxi. 1.

FREE EPISCOPAL CHAPEL—THIRD-avenue, between 76th and 77th sts; Rev. J. TUTTLE SMITH, Pastor. Services every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. Sunday School at 2 P. M.

YORKVILLE, CHAPEL OF THE HOLY TRINITY, 84th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.—Rev. WM. DYMOND will preach morning and evening. Seats free.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION.—THE Rector will preach the anniversary sermon on SUNDAY MORNING next, the 11th inst.

NEW CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH IN 41st-st., just west of 6th-av.—Public service EVERY SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successor to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 305 Washington-st., near Reade.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT PARLOR AND TWO bedrooms adjoining, suitable for three persons; also room for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen, No. 34 West 26th-st.

BOARD.—TWO GENTLEMEN MAY FIND AN agreeable home, with breakfast and tea, in a private family; pleasant location; ten minutes' walk from the Central Park. House has modern improvements. Cars every two minutes. Unexceptionable reference exchanged. Inquire at music-store, No. 563 Broadway.

BOARD WANTED—FROM MAY 1, 1866, IN this City or Brooklyn, by a gentleman and wife, who will partly furnish their own rooms; a private family preferred; board not to exceed $18 per week; references given. Address, stating particulars, A. B., Box No. 155 *Times* Office.

A LARGE FURNISHED ROOM TO LET —To two gentlemen, with or without board; immediate possession. After 1st of May, several large rooms; location central; quiet neighborhood. Address D., Box No. 137 *Times* Office.

BROOKLYN BOARD FOR GENTLEMEN Only, in a private family; location excellent; rooms well furnished; unexceptionable reference required. Apply at or address No. 278 Henry-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BOARD IN A GENTEEL PRIVATE family or private boarding-house for gentleman and daughter; reference exchanged; terms not to exceed $12 per week each. Address E., Box No. 1071 *Times* Office.

TO LET—A ROOM FOR ONE GENTLEMAN. Apply at No. 186 2d-av., between 11th and 12th sts. Dinner at 6.

FIFTH-AVENUE.—FIRST-CLASS ACCOMmodations can be had in a private family. Apply northeast corner 19th-st. and 5th-av.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD—THREE SINGLE GENtlemen can be accommodated with board in a first-class country residence, 19 miles from the City, two minutes from the depot, with a respectable private family; an excellent opportunity for those who wish to do business in the City and live in the country during the Summer. Address FRANKLIN, Box No. 122 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—TWO GENTLEMEN AND their wives, and a few single gentlemen, can obtain first-class board in a private family, near Hackensack, one hour's ride from the City; references exchanged. Address E., Hackensack, N. J.

COUNTRY BOARD—WANTED FROM THE 1st of May, by a party of six or eight adults, within 30 miles of New-York, line of the Hudson River preferred. Address L., Box No. 2,843 Post-office.

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL OPEN HIS house for boarders on the 1st of May. Those who wish to get good country board in a pleasant location, where pure water and fine air abound, will apply immediately, either in person or by letter. Rooms large and airy. Address J. T. MANN, Milton, on the Hudson.

BOARD WANTED—FROM JUNE TO OCTOber, for a family of two grown persons, four children and servant; two large rooms required; distance not to exceed three hours by railroad from New-York. Address, stating terms and all particulars, C. H. K., Box No. 1,441 Post-office.

A FAMILY OF EIGHT PERSONS WISH to procure board in the country for six months from the 1st of May next; a farm house near Hudson River, within easy access of New-York, preferred. Address L. N., Station G, New-York.

WANTED—COUNTRY BOARD FOR A FAMILY of four or five persons, within an hour's travel from the City. Address B., Box No. 3,046 Post-office.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

VENICE.

GRAND HOTEL VICTORIA.

This large and first-rate establishment, greatly improved and enlarged, is situated in the most delightful portion of Venice, and close to the Piazza Sn. Marco, the principal theatres and churches. The Grand Hotel Victoria, containing 180 bedrooms and private apartments, furnished with every modern convenience, has been reopened on the 14th of November, 1865, under the management of Mr. ROBERT ETZENSBERGER, so well known to numerous tourists from the Schweizerhof at Luzerne, and the Hotel de Rome at Rome. He is at the same time proprietor of the

HOTEL DE MILAN,

at Majolica, (near Cadenabbia,) Lake of Como—a very comfortable, quiet house, beautifully situated and admirably well adapted for persons who intend to spend some time on this charming lake.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for OLD NEWSPAPERS of every description, old PAMPHLETS of every kind, old BLANK BOOKS and LEDGERS that are written on, at 50 John-st., Room 23, Up-stairs.

OWNERS OF THIS INSTITUTION WILL be held at this office on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of March inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., to receive the Report of the Trustees for the year 1865. J. A. PERRY, Secretary.

AMERICAN BUCKLE—HALL'S PATENT, Aug. 8, 1865, assigned Feb. 1, 1866.—Easily applied; warranted not to slip; for gent's and ladies' shoes, suspenders, gaiters, pants, vests, hoop-skirts, &c., in sizes from ½ inch to 1½ inch; fancy and plain. Discount to the trade. F. A. SHUCK, Manufacturer's Agent, No. 1 Pearl-st. House, Boston, Mass.

THE GREATEST SECRET OUT.—HOW the richest can add to their wealth, and how the poorest can become rich in a short time. Thousands obtain our secret every day. Send 50 cents to WILLARD & CO., No. 226 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MARBLE MANTELS.—NOW IS THE TIME to purchase mantels very cheap; 300 mantels on hand which will be sold at very low prices. A. KLAber's Marble Works, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. Cut this out.

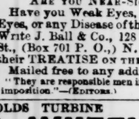
MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS.—REMOVAL.—T. B. STEWART has removed his marble and slate mantel warerooms from 274 Canal-st. to 605 6th-av., at the junction of Broadway.

WAX FLOWERS.—INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN in the above beautiful art by Mr. G. WORGAN, No. 78 5th-av. Terms may be known on application. Wax Flowers in bouquets and baskets, and every material for making wax flowers on sale. No. 76 5th-av., New-York.

FOR SALE—WILD TURKEYS, DOMESTIcated; African and Bremen geese; with a large variety of other fancy fowls, all pure bred. S. SMITH, Darien Depot, Conn.

SHOWCASES FOR SALE—OLD AND NEW, at HOFFMAN & FERSEH'S, No. 143 Chatham-st.

MRS. ANNIE HALL, M. D.—NO. 385 CANAL-st., New-York. Office hours from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M.



DO YOU WEAR SPECTACLES? ARE YOU NEAR-SIGHTED? Have you Weak Eyes, or Sore Eyes, or any Disease of the Eye? Write J. Ball & Co., 128 Nassau-st., (Box 701 P. O.,) N. Y., for their TREATISE on the EYE. Mailed free to any address. "They are responsible men incapable of intentional deception or imposition."—EDITORS.

REYNOLDS TURBINE

WATER WHEELS

Great improvements and reduction in prices. The best, cheapest, most reliable, and awarded the gold medal for superiority. Circular sent free.

GEORGE TALLCOT, No. 170 Broadway, New-York. Late Tallcot & Underhill.

ROUND CORNER'D PLAYING-CARDS. These cards, now so much used, *will not split*, the old, sharp-pointed cards *will split* and become worthless before half worn out. Sold by all stationers and fancy goods and drug-stores in the United States, and by the manufacturers,

SAM. HART & CO., No. 546 Broadway, New-York.

BESEQUE, BAZIQUE, BESIQUE. This very popular family game, neatly put up in leather cases, with rules and registers complete for playing, for sale by the manufacturers.

SAM. HART & CO., No. 546 Broadway, New-York.

MEDICAL BOARDS FOR THE EXAMination of candidates for admission into the Navy as Assistant Surgeons.

Boards of Medical Officers will convene at the Naval Hospital, Chelsea, Mass.; Naval Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y. and Naval Asylum, Philadelphia, Penn., on MONDAY, March 12, 1866, for the examination of candidates for admission into the Medical Corps of the Navy.

Gentlemen desirous of appearing before either Board must make application to the Honorable Secretary of the Navy, or to the undersigned, stating residence, date and place of birth, and before which Board they desire to present themselves. Application to be accompanied by respectable testimonials of moral character.

Candidates not less than twenty-one, nor more than twenty-six years of age.

No expense is allowed by Government to candidates attending the sessions of the Board as a successful examination is a legal pre-requisite for appointment in the Navy.

P. J. HORWITZ, Chief of Bureau,
BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY,
NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C.

MME. DEMOREST'S DELIGHTFUL PERFUME. Packets 50 cents.

Mme. Demorest's Lily Bloom, for the Complexion, 50 cents.

Mme. Demorest's Roseate Bloom, for the Complexion, 50 cents.

Mme. Demorest's Curling Cream, for the Hair, 50 cts.

Sold at the drug and perfume stores, and wholesale and retail at Mme. DEMOREST'S EMPORIUM OF FASHIONS, No. 473 Broadway, or mailed, post free, on receipt of the price.

OFFICE OF THE GREENWOOD CEMETERY, No. 30 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, March 5, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE LOT-

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

AN AVALANCHE OF GOOD THINGS! A series of highly interesting sketches, entitled the SLUMMERS OF NEW-YORK, by one of them, will be commenced in the

SUNDAY COURIER

to-morrow. Besides the continuation of the original local novel "DELMONICO'S," The Balls of the week; Report of Saturday's doings at the Court of Sessions, Practical Mechanics' Column, of immense and immediate value to every artisan, List of Marriages, &c., &c., it will contain a brilliant collection of sketches, anecdotes, Masonic matters, dramatic criticism, &c. The COURIER is for sale by all News Agents.

MATRIMONY.—IF YOU WOULD MAN SHOULD marry. Why every woman should marry. All may marry. To know, read ILLUSTRATED MARRIAGE GUIDE AND MEDICAL ADVISER, by WM. EARL, M. D.: 240 pages. Mailed everywhere in double wrapper, on receipt of 30 cents. Address 12 White-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE,

One mile from depot on Northern New-Jersey Railroad, 18 miles from Jersey City, in a high and healthful locality, comprising 26 acres of land; dwelling in French style of architecture, heated by steam, and containing drawing-room, parlor and dining-room, 9 bedrooms, 18 smaller rooms and closets, bath-room, with hot and cold water, and basement kitchen, with closets and dry cellars; gardener's cottage, laundry, stable and carriage-house, poultry-house, ice-house, &c.; large vegetable garden, with asparagus and strawberry beds, and a variety of other fruits. Price, including cows, swine, poultry and farming implements, $30,000. Apply to

E. S. SAXTON, No. 53 Exchange-place.

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 56 9th-st., near 5th-av., 22 feet wide, with modern improvements; house in good order; possession at once, if wanted. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—THE residence of the late John Griffin, in Rye, Westchester Co., N. Y., about ¾ of a mile from Mamaroneck depot, an expensive-built house, 44x45; wing attached, 22x36 feet; walls filled in with brick; containing 19 hard-finished rooms; parlor [nave 2 doors enclosed; timber drawn on second story]; furnace, bath, carpet-house, ice-house, barn, stable, hennery, wood-house, boat-house, used for bathing; about 16 acres of choice land fronting the Boston post road, sloping to the water; grounds tastefully laid out with ornamental trees, shrubbery, &c.; a large variety of young and bearing fruit trees, choice selections; also, a fine kitchen garden. For further particulars, inquire on the premises, of Mr. and Mrs. ROGERS.

TO CAPITALISTS.—THE MOST VALUABLE SUBURBAN PROPERTY IN THE CITY OF BALTIMORE OFFERED FOR SALE.
A MAGNIFICENT INVESTMENT FOR CAPITALISTS.

This most beautiful, elegant and eligible property contains some 25 acres, and lies in the northern part of the City of Baltimore, on a line with "Mount Vernon Place" and the Washington Monument—the court end of the city. It is bounded on the north by North-av., on the south by Federal-st., on the east by North-st. and on the west by St. Paul-st., the following streets running through the property: St. Paul, Calvert, North, Federal, Townsend and North-av. This property overlooks the city, together with the Patapsco River and the Chesapeake Bay. The building sites are more valuable than those of any other portion of the suburbs of Baltimore City. This property is for sale upon agreeable terms. A plat may be seen and all particulars learned, by calling upon Messrs. McJILTON & COOKE, at the Astor House, between the hours of 10 and 3, until the 19th inst.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—AT HYDE Park, Dutchess County, known as the property belonging to the estate of the late Samuel Broom, about 3¾ miles above Poughkeepsie, and 2½ miles this side of Hyde Park Village, most eligibly situated on the banks of the Hudson, commanding a most beautiful view of the river for many miles above and below. This property contains about 200 acres, of which about 200 acres are woodland, and a large proportion of the balance is in a high state of cultivation, with several large apple orchards of young and thrifty trees, and all bearing fruit. The grounds are laid out in a variety of walks, drives and ornamental trees, fish ponds, &c., with two streams of never-failing water running nearly through the whole property. This estate is believed to be one of the most desirable country seats upon the Hudson River, between New-York and Albany. Apply to JAMES B. TAYLOR, No. 46 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY RESIDENCE OF the late Thomas Truslow, deceased, at Port Chester, Westchester County, N. Y., on the Purchase road, about half a mile from the depot, the house is two stories with a large dooh e house, 36x40 feet, two stories, attic and basement, with a two-story wing 16x20 feet; also stable and other outbuildings. Good orchard of select fruits. There is a very desirable view of the Sound from the piazzas (on three sides of the house) and cupola. About four acres of land, with road on three sides. This is a very desirable family residence. Possession if desired. Apply to WM. TRUSLOW, Executor, No. 122 Liberty-st., or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN PITTSFIELD, BERKSHIRE COUNTY, MASS.—A first-class country seat, comprising a spacious modern dwelling, 30 acres of rich land, well ornamented with a pleasant grove, a pond, fruit, deciduous and evergreen trees and hedges. It is on a slight eminence a mile north from the centre of the village, and commands a beautiful view of the village and the surrounding mountains. Price $27,000. Inquire of E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York City, or of Messrs. PENGREE & PARKER, late Colt & Pingree, Pittsfield, Mass.

FOR SALE—ON MURRAY HILL, A FOUR-story brown-stone, (nearly new,) full size and strictly first-class house on Lexington-av, frescoed and encaustic, elaborately decorated in Italian fashion, containing most complete and costly manner. Also, if desired, can be had with the above a stable, handsomely fitted up, for five horses, (stalls above ground,) within four blocks of the house, if desired. Terms easy. For particulars and permits to view the property, apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st. or ALLEN & BROWN, No. 98 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FARM AND RESIDENCE OF Edward Griffin, Esq., at Quogue, containing 400 acres, 100 cultivated, and the balance woodland; it is a pleasant and healthy location for a Summer residence, with superior advantages for sea bathing, boating, fishing, gunning, &c., on Shinnecock Bay; also, a good trout pond; house large, with good barn, ice-house, and the usual farm buildings; price $12,500. Inquire of N. G. PORTER, 189 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT RHINEBECK, ON THE EAST bank of the Hudson, an elegant country residence and farm, 125 acres of choice land, with water grant; shore bold, mansion large, lawns deeply shaded, mountain range and inland views surpassingly beautiful; unsurpassed; distant from New-York City by express trains one hour; fine carriage-house, which there is a double building site. Apply to Mr. RUTHERFORD, East Chester, or to THOMAS H. FAILE, Executor, No. 192 Chambers-st., New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE A GOOD HOUSE with modern improvements; lot 100 feet front, with fine garden and stable; three minutes' walk from depot. Apply to GEO. MERRILL, American National Bank, No. 80 Broadway.

A SPEEDED GRIST MILL FOR SALE, with unsurpassed water-power, best in New-Jersey, at Bloomsbury, at the Central Railroad Depot. Apply to JOHN HERBERT, on the premises, or ROBT. L. PELL, No. 215 5th-av.

MURRAY HILL.—FOR SALE, A MEDIUMsized four-story brown-stone house, handsomely frescoed and in good order, with all the modern improvements; possession given by April 10. Apply immediately at No. 109 East 34th-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE AT OYSTER BAY COVE—The house is nearly new and elegantly finished, with all the modern improvements, and is in perfect order. Apply to R. HONDLOW, Montague-st.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY BASEMENT and attic brown-stone house, No. 108 Fierrepont-st.; has all the improvements, and is in perfect order. Apply to S. HONDLOW, Montague-st.

FOR SALE—FARM OF 95 ACRES AT WESTbury, L. I. Large and handsome house, 2 barns and outbuildings, in good order; orchard, wood, water, &c., on the premises and adjoining railroad depot; terms easy. Inquire on the premises, of E. P. LEWIS.

A BARGAIN.—FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT No. 27 Hubert-st. Can be rented for $850; price $7,000. Inquire of WM. H. HUME, No. 127 Clinton-place, 8th-st.

FOR SALE—A 2½ STORY AND BASEMENT house in Amity-st., furnished complete; price $12,000. For permits and full particulars, inquire of M. L. SUTTON, Box-office of Olympic Theatre, from 10 till 4.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE BROWN-STONE four-story high-stoop house, 22x55, lot 98 feet 9 inches, between 47th and Long Island Railroad depot. Apply to W. P. ESTERBROOK, No. 87 East 28th-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 9 GRAMercy Park, East 20th-st., 26.8x92. For further particulars apply to A. T. BROWN, No. 74 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—NEW FIRST-CLASS BROWNstone houses, Nos. 45, 47 and 49 West 38th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Inquire No. 37 West 30th-st.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at public auction on THURSDAY, March 22, 1866, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, at 12 o'clock noon, the following-described property, belonging to the estate of the late Mary Simonson, Jamaica, L. I.:

A country seat containing about 5½ acres, with shade and fruit trees in abundance. House 30 by 60 feet; 15 rooms; 3 wells and 2 cisterns; heavy picket and tight board fences, in good repair. Also, adjoining, one frame house, 28 by 35 feet; lot 37x197 feet 6 inches. Communication every hour to ferries by several routes. Also, two two-story and cellar houses, and one one and a half-story and cellar house on Beaver-st., and 9 lots on Warwick, Lafayette and Madison avs., Jamaica; eligibly located.

For further information see bills. Also, diagrams and photographs at the above office, or of

J. A. S. SIMONSON, No. 196 Fulton-av., near Nevins-st., Brooklyn, Or, J. SIMONSON, No. 31 Bond-st., New-York, Executors.

STORE PROPERTY FRONTING THE PARK FOR SALE.—The brown-stone building and lot No. 245 Broadway, with entrance also from Murray-st., for sale to close an interest. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

CHEAP RENT.

Farm for sale to close an estate; one of the finest farms in New-Jersey, on the Woodbridge and Rahway Railroad; station on the premises; trains leave foot of Cortlandt-st. five trains a day; price $15,000. For particulars apply to JOHN J. MORRIS, No. 58 University-place, or A. H. BRITTON, Globe Fire Insurance Co.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN, E. D.—DEsirable dwelling-house, within two minutes' walk of the ferries, is now offered for sale on favorable terms; the house is 38 feet wide and 70 feet deep, three stories and attic, with servants' pedrooms nicely finished in attic; the house is modern built, replete with every convenience, water and gas in every room in the house; the house has been thoroughly overhauled and frescoed in the best manner throughout; the ground is 80 by 200 feet, running through the block, fronting on two streets; the garden is filled with fine shrubbery, grape vines and a variety of fine fruit trees; it is in every way a very desirable residence. Apply on the premises, No. 31 South 8th-st., or No. 220 Front-st., New-York.

FARM FOR SALE—CONTAINING 76 ACRES, two (2) miles from Morristown, N. J., five (5) minutes' walk from Morris Plains Station, on the Morris and Essex Railroad, L. and G. W. R. R.) This is one of the best farms in this section, being in a high state of cultivation and very productive. Ten acres of apple orchard, good fruit; also, pears, cherries and grapes. A splendid stream of water runs through the farm. Also, one three-story brown-stone front house and lot, corner of Henry and Union sts. All containing all the modern improvements. Apply to J. W. HUBBARD & CO., No. 197 South-st.

FOR SALE AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—Three first-class new houses; have all modern improvements; 7, 10 and 13 finished rooms. Prices, $4,300, $7,500 and $8,600. Large lots; good locations; two minutes' walk from railroad depot. Twenty minutes from New-York. Terms easy. Won't sell through brokers. Apply at No. 173 Broad-st., Elizabeth, N. J.

FARM FOR SALE AT NEWTOWN. Long Island, of eleven acres, or 176 building lots, cottage-house, barn, stable, well of water, fruit, wash and shed-house 20x25; healthy location, five minutes from landing, east side, offered for $3500, to rent.

D. R. HITCHCOCK & SON, No. 100 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET AT FISHKILL—A beautifully situated place of 6 acres, with good brick house containing 9 rooms; also a barn. Has fine spring water and a great variety of fruit, and is situated near the healthy village of Matteawan, in full view of the Hudson River. Also a beautiful piece of 9 acres for sale. Inquire of J. F. ALLEN, No. 64 Dey-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 26 ST. Mark's-place, 8th-st., three-stories high, basement and attic, 20x54, lot 120 feet. Also, No. 8 South 8th-st., Williamsburgh, near the ferries, three-story basement and attic, 13 rooms, with water, gas and sewer. Apply to J. NELSON, No. 136 1st-av., corner 8th-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST ELEGANTLY located farms on the west bank of the Passaic River, 20 acres, with respectable improvements, $9,000; also adjoining, a splendid river front, 30 acres, $6,500. Apply on the premises, between Passaic and Paterson, of J. SIMMONS, or address Paterson, New-Jersey.

FOR SALE—THE MODERN FOUR-STORY brown-stone high-stoop house No. 77 West 45th-st., between 6th and 6th avs., just thoroughly overhauled, handsomely painted and in perfect order for immediate possession; price $22,000. Apply to S. W. BENEDICT, No. 4 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A NEW BROWN-STONE HIGHstoop house, built in the best manner, on 20th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av., being the third door east of 5th-av.; size of house 20.10x50 feet. Terms easy. Apply on the premises, or of WM. WELLINGTON, No. 220 West 42d-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A WELL-BUILT BRICK house in Greenpoint; three lots, in all 75 feet by 125; stable in the rear; house has gas, bath, &c.; is in first-rate order. Apply to

S. W. TUBBS, No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 6.

FOR SALE—A FINE FARM OF 27 ACRES AT Hackensack, with a river front and dock; new house, barn and outhouses, all in good order; land in fine order. Apply to J. A. S. SIMONSON, No. 192 Broadway, or to GEORGE THORN, on the premises.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—25 VERY DEsirable houses, on Lafayette, Carlton, Greene and Gates avs., and on Oxford, Cumberland, Adelphi, Raymond and State sts. THOS. WELLWOOD, No. 116 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—AT WESTPORT, CONN., A HOUSE, barn and outbuildings, and 15 acres of land, beautifully situated on Sangatuck River, half a mile from depot. For particulars, inquire at Fourth National Bank, New-York, any day, between 10 and 12 o'clock and Thursdays, or of PETER NEEFUS, No. 45 Front-st.

HOUSE IN STAMFORD FOR SALE OR TO LET FURNISHED—Pleasantly situated in the outskirts of the village, new and tastefully built

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1866.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA. 14th-st., corner of Irving-place. THIS AFTERNOON, March 10, commencing at 1 o'clock, Grand Italian Opera. LA FAVORITA.

WINTER GARDEN. Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity sts. THIS EVENING, March 10, commencing at 7½ o'clock, RICHELIEU. Characters by Messrs. Barron, J. H Taylor, John Dyott, W. Donaldson, Kemble, Mason, Andrews, Bland, Miss E. Johnson, Mrs. Wilkins, &c.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts. THIS EVENING, March 10, commencing at 7½ o'clock, FANCHON, THE CRICKET. Characters by Messrs. J. G. Burnett, J. W. Collier, George Becks, E. B. Holmes, Misses Maggie Mitchell, Mary Wells, Farren, Maeder, Burke, H. Chapman, Everett.

WALLACK'S THEATRE. Broadway, corner 13th-st. THIS EVENING, March 10, commencing at 8 o'clock, SOCIETY. Characters by Messrs. Fyfe'ic Robinson, Charles Fisher, Mark Smith, Geo. Holland, Miss Madeline Henriques, Mrs. Vernon, Miss Emma Le Brun, Mrs. Timoney, Miss Kate Barrett and Miss Scott.

OLYMPIC THEATRE. Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts. THIS EVENING, March 10, commencing at 7½ o'clock, CINDERELLA E LA COMARK; OR, THE LOVER, THE LACKEY, AND LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER, and USED UP.

WOOD'S THEATRE. Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel. THIS EVENING, March 10, commencing at 7½ o'clock, ATONEMENT: OR, THE CHILD STEALER. Characters by Messrs. Barton Hill, G. C. Davenport, Mrs. Lucille Western, Miss H. Osborne, Mrs. E. Wright, Miss A. Seidler.

BROADWAY THEATRE. Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts. THIS AFTERNOON, March 10, commencing at 1½ o'clock, "A VICTIM'S" Matinee. EVENING at 7½ o'clock, THE VICTIMS and FORTY WINKS. Characters by John E. Owens, John K. Mortimer, J. W. Albaugh, Tom. Owens, T. L. Donnelly, Miss Celia Logan, Miss Josephine Tyson, Mrs. A. Hurd and others.

LUCY RUSHTON'S THEATRE, Nos. 728 and 730 Broadway. THIS EVENING, March 10, commencing at 7½ o'clock, GIRALDA and THE LOAN OF A LOVER. Characters by the Company.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE. Bowery, between Canal and Hester sts. THIS EVENING, March 10, commencing at 7½ o'clock, THE MULETEER OF TOLEDO and ROBERT MACAIRE.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE. Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts. THIS EVENING, March 10, commencing at 7½ o'clock, JACK AND GILL WENT UP THE HILL; OR, MARY AND HER LITTLE LAMB, AND HARLEQUIN JACK HORNER.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 14th-st., corner of Irving-place. THIS EVENING, March 10, commencing at 8 o'clock, FOURTH CONCERT OF THE PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM. Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts. THIS AFTERNOON at 2½ and EVENING at 7½ o'clock, MOSES; OR, ISRAEL IN EGYPT. MAGNIFICENT SCENERY, COSTUMES, &c. 100,000 CURIOSITIES.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS AND HIPPOTHEATRON. 14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music. THIS AFTERNOON, March 10, commencing at 2½ o'clock, MATINEE. EVENING at 8, ROBINSON ON A BAREBACK HORSE, THE WONDERFUL CHILD RIDER and all the Equestrians and Acrobats in a programme resplendent with brilliant animations.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS. Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts. THIS EVENING, March 10, commencing at 7½ o'clock, VULCAN AT THE FORGE; POLLY ANN; THE DEAD DUCKS, and THE DILLADOWNS' FLIGHT. Characters by Dan Bryant, Little Mac, Robin Howard, Neise Seymour, Dave Reed, Neil Bryant, &c.

SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY, No. 845 Broadway. THIS DAY AND EVENING, March 10—Exhibition of GEORGE HALL'S PICTURES, FIGURE, FRUIT AND FLOWER SUBJECTS.

BRADY'S ART GALLERY, No. 785 Broadway, corner of 10th-st. THIS DAY AND EVENING, March 10—Exhibition of an entire new collection of WAR VIEWS and HISTORIC PORTRAITS. Free to the public.

FINE ARTS GALLERY, No. 625 Broadway. THIS DAY, March 10, commencing at 3 o'clock, Exhibition of PICTURES, BRONZES, TERRA-COTTA, &c.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate Mr. TRUMBULL offered a resolution of inquiry in regard to the Rock Island Arsenal. The bill extending the time for the withdrawal of goods from public stores was taken up and opposed by Mr. SPRAGUE. The consideration of the Constitutional Amendment on representation being resumed, Mr. FESSENDEN addressed the Senate in support of the bill. Mr. SUMNER replied to Mr. FESSENDEN, and was followed by Mr. WILSON. The question being called, a vote was taken on Mr. HENDERSON'S amendment, which was rejected; yeas 10, nays 37. Mr. SUMNER'S joint resolution, which had been offered as a substitute, was voted on and rejected—yes 8, nayes 39. After several amendments were offered and rejected the vote was taken on the origial proposition of the Committee, which failed to receive the required two-thirds. It stood yeas 25, nays 22. A motion to reconsider prevailed, and an amendment was offered by Mr. DOOLITTLE. On motion of Mr. FESSENDEN further consideration of the subject was postponed to Thursday next.

In the House, Mr. ROSS offered a resolution of inquiry relative to the number of volunteer regiments retained in the service, and why the Twenty-eighth Illinois Veteran Regiment is kept in service at Brownsville, Texas. Mr. WOODBRIDGE introduced a bill regulating the salaries of Judges of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. The Civil Rights Bill was next taken up, and Mr. BINGHAM addressed the House in opposition to it, as being in some of its features unconstitutional. Mr. SHELLABARGER, after a short speech on the same side, was followed by Mr. WILSON in a closing speech in support of the measure, Mr. ELDRIDGE then moved to lay the whole subject on the table, which was lost, yeas 32, nays 118. The vote was next taken on Mr. BINGHAM'S amendment, and it was rejected by yeas 37, nays 114. The motion to recommit the bill to the Judiciary Committee, which Mr. WILSON desired to withdraw, but could not, the previous question having been seconded, was carried, yeas, 82, nays 70. The bill on the trade with the British North American Possessions was next taken up and debated by several members. Amendments concerning the rate of duty on fish, bituminous coal and lumber were adopted.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the State Senate yesterday Mr. MURPHY presented a remonstrance against widening Broadway, between Fifty-seventh and Fifty-ninth streets. A message was received from the Governor vetoing the bill which substituted the Mayor of New-York for the Recorder in the matter of making contracts by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty. The veto is based on the ground that the change is unnecessary. The bill was again put to vote and lost by a vote of 1 to 23. A bill was reported requiring the Commissioners of Emigration to pay Chautauqua County the amount audited for the support of the emigrant poor; also, the bill prohibiting the issue of free passes on the railroads; also, the bill to change the name of the Free Academy of New-York; also, the bill to make more stringent the law for the collection of demands against ships and vessels; also, the bill authorizing the construction of Rand's Elevated Steam Railway in Whitehall and other streets and avenues in New-York. A bill was introduced for the erection of a public market in New-York. The bill incorporating the American Land Agency Company was passed, also the bill regulating the construction of the Metropolitan Railroad, Brooklyn.

In the Assembly a bill was reported to incorporate the Niagara Ship Canal Company; also for the relief of the Williamsburgh and Flatbush Railroad. A bill was introduced to authorize JOHN T. MILLS to run cars; also a bill to establish a Metropolitan Board of Public Works; also for a suspension railroad in Broadway; also in relation to the inspection of steam boilers; also for the better protection of sick and infirm passengers arriving in the Port of New-York; also a bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Wharves in New-York; also a bill relative to closing Incorporated Banks; also for a railroad in Lexington-avenue in New-York; also relative to the Thirty-eighth Regiment of Cavalry, New-York, for relief; also to establish a thorough system of railroad time. The bill to amend the act providing for additional relief to sick and wounded soldiers was passed. The bill introduced by Mr. CREAMER for increasing the salaries of the Metropolitan Police was ordered to a third reading.

GENERAL NEWS.

The long search for the murderer of the JOYCE children in the woods near West Roxbury, Mass., on the 12th of June last, has resulted in his probable discovery in the person of a convict sent to the State Prison for burglary at Worcester soon after the murder. He is a desperate fellow, and confesses to have served in both the rebel and Union armies, and to have committed a murder in South Carolina.

The harbor of Chicago is open. One vessel has arrived with a cargo of wood from a Michigan port, and in a few days a fleet of coasters will leave for various points. The latest advices from the Straits of Mackinaw are to Feb. 20, at which date the ice was not very thick. It is confidently anticipated that the Straits will be open and navigation between Chicago and the lower lakes resumed by the middle of April at furthest.

In the Missouri Legislature, the bill prohibiting returned rebels from wearing arms was defeated for want of a constitutional majority. The vote stood, thirty-nine to forty-five. One more vote was needed to make a majority.

Four sailors, named GEORGE A. PIERCE, PATRICK KELLEY, MANUEL SILVICH and JAMES GORHAM, of the schooner *Freeman*, loaded with hay for Boston, were drowned at Fortress Monroe on the 8th inst., while running out an anchor in a small boat.

The St. Louis *Democrat* says that the upper rivers are now open to travel, after an ice embargo of almost unprecedented duration. There has been a large increase of steamboat arrivals and departures, and a scarcity of tonnage for the freight offered.

The case of Gen. N. B. FORREST being called up in the United States Court at Memphis, on the 6th inst., his counsel asked for a continuance, on the ground that Gen. FORREST is now sick with the small-pox. The application was granted.

It is said that the rebel Secretary MALLORY, now in Fort Lafayette, at the urgent solicitation of several physicians, will soon be released and allowed to join his family, who are residing in Connecticut.

Gen. HITCHCOCK was knocked down yesterday at Washington by a runaway horse and carriage and seriously bruised, though not dangerously.

The message sent to Gov. BROWNLOW, of Tennessee, urging him to beware of assassination, is said to be a *canard*.

An order has been issued to quarantine all the ports of TEXAS, on account of official notice of the prevalence of cholera in the West Indies.

The Iowa House of Representatives has passed the Senate resolutions demanding the speedy trial of JEFF. DAVIS for treason.

WILLIAM HUNT, of the First United States Artillery, was shot by the guard sent to arrest him at Fort Hamilton yesterday, and killed.

A movement is on foot to procure the appointment of a Sanitary Commission for Hudson County, New-Jersey.

LOCAL NEWS.

Another mass meeting of Fenians was held, last evening, in the large hall of the Cooper Institute, and inflammatory speeches were made by Messrs. JOHN RAFFERTY, PATRICK J. MEANEY, GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN, CHARLES C. WOODMAN, and COLLINS, the Irish Bond Agent. TRAIN gave his audience some very wholesome advice, counseling them to shun whisky and tobacco, and avoid lying, cheating, and stealing, and above all to stand aloof from the politicians who would use and betray them. He urged them to elevate themselves in the social scale—to love virtue, truth, God, and their country, and purchase largely of the Fenians' bonds. He bade them, furthermore, withdraw trade, of whatever kind, from every tradesman, who would not likewise purchase the bonds, and he added that they should resolve henceforward to wear or use no article of British manufacture.

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, Judge RUSSEL presiding, JOHN O'CONNOR, *alias* Shortey Connor, was convicted of street robbery and sent to the State Prison for twenty years; GEORGE GATES pleaded guilty of an attempt at grand larceny, and was sent to the State Prison for two years; ANDREW MILLER and WM. G. CLARK, both boys, pleaded guilty to grand larceny, and were sent to the House of Refuge; JOHN B. PHELPS pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny, and was remanded for sentence; PATRICK KELLY pleaded guilty to an assault with a dangerous weapon, with intent to do bodily harm, and was remanded for sentence; and THOMAS COSTELLO, charged with forgery in the third degree, was tried and acquitted. The Court adjourned till Monday.

WILLIAM H. CANNON and JAMES MITCHELL, aged respectively 18 years, were arraigned, yesterday, before Justice HOGAN, at the Tombs, on a charge of forgery. CANNON procured blank checks from the printer of JONES, SMITH & SHEPPARD, No. 11 Murray-street, in whose employ he had recently been, and forged the name of the firm to three checks, for $300, $3,000 and $4,000, on the Central National Bank, corner of Broadway and Pearl-street, and obtained the two first named sums, but the third check was the cause of their discovery and arrest. JOHN CASEY, a saloon-keeper and ALEXANDER GRAY, were arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the scheme. The case is still under investigation.

The case of the Morris Fire and Inland Insurance Company was up again yesterday in the Supreme Court, Special Term, before Justice BARNARD, on an order "to show cause why Mr. S. H. HAMMOND should not return the papers taken by him from Mr. BEAMISH, to be filed in the proper office; and why he should not be punished for contempt for his conduct in the premises," &c. Attorney-General MARTINDALE appeared for Mr. HAMMOND; Mr. J. K. HACKETT opposed. The Court reserved its decision.

WILLIAM R. BERRY, aged one year and nine months, died on Thursday evening at No. 81 East Eighty-third-street, in consequence of scalds received by the upsetting of a pan of boiling starch, on Monday last. An inquest was held by Coroner COLLIN.

The inquest held yesterday by Coroner COLLIN, on the body of an unknown man, found near the corner of One Hundredth-street and Second-avenue, resulted in no further disclosures. The Jury, in their verdict, recommended that the Mayor offer a reward of $500 for the apprehension of the perpetrators.

The dead body of a female infant child was found yesterday in the hallway of No. 35 Market-street. An inquest was held, and the fact proved that death had been caused by strangulation, by some person unknown.

Another fall of one per cent. occurred in Gold yesterday; sales 130½. Exchange on London, 108½ @108¾. Government Securities firm. The Railways down in the forenoon, but improved near the close of the day. Money, 6 @ 7 cent. to the brokers.

Transactions in Produce and Merchandise yesterday were restricted. Mess Pork was higher, influenced by a revival of speculation. Nearly all other articles were depressed and declining. Heavier freight engagements were reported.

THE APPROACH OF CHOLERA.—We observe a statement that a quarantine of twenty-five days has been established, by military order, at New-Orleans, in respect to all vessels from the West Indies. A quarantine has also been established at the Texan ports. We see no reason to doubt the necessity for the action. Cholera has been for some time ravaging Guadaloupe, and its advent nearer to us might have been expected at any time. Now that precautions are judged necessary at New-Orleans, prompt action would seem desirable elsewhere. The authorities will no doubt do their duty, but there is much more to be effected than they can possibly undertake. It is not in lodging or tenement houses alone that dangerous negligence may be suffered. The general cleanliness of dwellings of all kinds must be attended to by their occupants; there may be many a splendid residence the basement of which is a *terra incognita* except to servants, and many a filthy nuisance may exist of which the drawing-room has no idea. The severity or otherwise of the attack in store for us may be very much regulated by strict personal supervision by the heads of families, and the sooner that is commenced the better.

We would add that those who suppose that cholera is only possible in hot weather are very much mistaken. The disease may spread in comparatively cool seasons. In November of last year diarrhœa was unusually prevalent in London, while there were several fatal cholera cases in other parts of England about the same time. Hot weather tends to the disengagement of malarious gases from the earth, or collections of impurity, but this is the case in a less degree at all times. Whatever measures are to be taken both by the official powers and private individuals may as well, therefore, be taken at once.

The British American People and Fenianism.

Our Northern neighbors are apparently enjoying the unusual luxury of a sensation in their dull Winter months. It is nearly thirty years since they had anything like it. They evidently imagine that the Fenians, in a body, are after them with sharp sticks; and twenty or thirty of their stalwart yeomanry have been put under arms to meet any possible emergency. There can be no harm in these military preparations across the line; there may be much wisdom and forecast in them. The local Provincial force of Canada has not, thus far, been severely taxed for the protection of the Provincial hearths. It was supposed to be reorganized in 1851, under Lord GREY'S administration of the Colonial Office, when nearly the whole of the Imperial Ordnance property was handed over to the Colonists on the condition that they should tax themselves to make military provision for such a crisis as seems now to have arisen.

The British Government, up to the present date, have not had the best of this bargain. During our long civil war, there was no increase in what is called the local volunteer force of Canada. Even when what is now historically called the "Trent Difficulty" occurred, there were fewer volunteers in the Province than there were in 1856, during a time of profound peace. On the other hand the British taxpayer had to submit to an additional burden of some fifteen or twenty millions of dollars to increase the "regular" army in the Provinces. A small organization of "preventives" were put on the frontier for a month or two, just as we were winding up the war; and to provide these with rations may possibly have cost the Canadian Government a few hundred thousand dollars.

If this Fenian bluster, then, should have the effect of teaching the Provincials that they ought to depend more on themselves and less upon England, it will not be, so far as they are concerned, an unmixed evil. It is simply considered a vile nuisance among us here—first because no sane American believes in the sincerity of those who conduct the movement; and second, because an idle, speculative, fillibustering community is a curse to any country. We are a working, practical people; and whatever disturbs our industry or has a tendency thereto invites the heartiest condemnation of every thrifty citizen of the United States. The political speculators and dreamers that hurried the South into insurrection would have fully deserved all the punishment that has fallen upon them, if their insane schemes had effected nothing else than to paralyze for the time the industrial and commercial interests of the country. Our people do not wish to see this country made the theatre for experiments in political propagandism in behalf of any other community, however much oppressed. We do our full share in finding homes, protection, shelter, and, if necessary, *mild correction*, for the hundreds of thousands of poor foreigners that are attracted hither, without our being called on either to bargain for their good behavior toward Powers with which we are at peace, or to have the business of the country disturbed by their machinations and follies.

The Government have not, thus far, actively interfered with these Fenian people, because their proceedings hitherto have been so essentially of the character of burlesque. And even this border "scare" is as likely as not to subside before the close of St. Patrick's Day. But if the necessity should arise for the United States Government to assert the supremacy of the municipal law of the country, that duty will be loyally performed, even if our lately "neutral" friends are the first to profit thereby. Meanwhile, if there is any patriotic spirit or pluck left to the Provincials, they ought to make short work of any Fenian demonstration, whether organized among themselves or elsewhere.

The New Health Commissioners—Give Them a Fair Chance.

Since the adoption of the law creating a new Board of Health we have been literally deluged with communications touching its functions and duties, and more than half these documents have been formal complaints against the new Commissioners for neglect. The very last one takes the ground that they are responsible for these boisterous March winds, and ought to have a good scolding for not laying the clouds of dust that poison the air. There is much suspicious zeal in all this. The new Board has scarcely had time to organize, and punching them up so early in this sharp manner savors of spite, especially since not one of these volunteer complainants, so far as we can determine, ever spilled a drop of ink to complain of the old City Inspector system. And besides, there is a flavor of injured innocence in some of the letters that points to Health Wardens and Street Inspectors rudely plucked from the public teat, and compelled to work for their living.

We judge that the new Board is pretty wide awake. The single fact that they have brought the owners of slaughter-houses to terms is full of promise. Up to this day, for the past half century, the butchers of New-York have never known the hour when they could not and did not do just as they pleased with the local law-making and law-executing powers. They have worked their slaughter-houses up to this moment in some of the most densely-peopled sections of the city, and have kept them in just such condition as might suit their convenience; they have controlled the market system—if such chaotic irregularity may be called system—from the days of Mayor DE WITT CLINTON; and it is only a few years since they were compelled to allow meat to be retailed beyond their own stalls. We say that the act of bearding these tyrants, and forcing them to obey the common laws of public decency, is a strong point in favor of the new Commissioners—that is, it will be if they carry out their promising programme. They are also talking bravely to the agents and owners of poisonous tenement houses, which talk we hope they will translate into action.

Let us wait a little. The men concerned in this Commission are entitled to a reasonable time for getting their machinery into operation. We look for great results, and certainly do not intend, at this early hour, to forecast disappointment and failure. The merest justice should impel all men to give them time and a fair trial; hence we must, for the present, decline to print the favors heaped upon us in the way of advice and protest. It is worthy of remark that of many scores of articles on the subject, we cannot remember one that even pretended to be in favor of the new arrangement.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

OUR ALBANY LETTER.

Bills Introduced in the Assembly—Protection to Sick and Infirm Passengers Arriving at the Port of New-York—A Suspension Railroad in Broadway—Constables in Kings County—Commissioners of Wharves in New-York—The Eight-Hour Labor Law—Veto of a New-York Bill.

ALBANY, Friday, March 9.

Mr. GIDEON J. TUCKER this morning introduced a bill for the better protection of sick and infirm indigent passengers arriving at the port of New-York, which is in response to resolutions of the Common Council of the City of New-York. It provides that it shall be the duty of all captains, owners, agents and consignees of vessels arriving at said port, having as a passenger any lunatic, idiot, deaf, dumb, blind, maimed, infirm or sick indigent person, or person above the age of 60 years, to keep, provide and care for such person in a proper manner on board of such vessel, at the expense of such captain or owner, until the person shall have been delivered over to and placed under the care of the Commissioners of Emigration, under a penalty of $500 for each violation of the act.

The bill introduced by Mr. BUCKMAN, of Kings, to authorize the construction of a suspension railroad in Broadway and other streets and avenues in the City of New-York, names as corporators: Francis E. Pinto, Henry J. Wisner, Henry D. Lapaugh, Marquis D. Moore, Henry W. Johnson, Samuel Bromberg, Daniel B. Amer, Robert B. Young, George Hoffman, Benjamin F. Metcalf, C. Godfrey Gunther and others. The bill authorizes the Company to construct and operate a suspension railroad, with four tracks, commencing in Whitehall-street, near the Battery, then along Broadway to Central Park. The same rate of fare charged on street-railroads may be collected. The road to be constructed on cast-iron supports, occupying the position of the lamp-posts, for which purpose they may also be used; the supports at the cross-roads to be bound firmly together with guides and straining-rods. There shall be five galvanized iron cables, three inches in diameter, with straining connections—these cables to be suspended from the trusses over the main supports every twenty feet of their length, and upon the cables cross-ties of wood or iron shall be placed, ten feet apart, for the reception of the rails. The cars shall be made with a three-inch flange on the wheels, to prevent their being thrown from the track, with side doors only, and to be propelled with dummy engines.

Mr. GOODRICH introduced a bill to increase the fees of constables in Kings County to $3 for attending Court, $1 for serving summons, $1 50 for serving attachment or replevin.

Mr. ANDERSON, of New-York, introduced a bill providing that there shall be a Board of Commissioners of Wharves, Piers and Slips, in the City of New-York, consisting of five persons to hold office for two years. Three of the Commissioners shall be elected from members of the Chamber of Commerce, and two by the Board of Underwriters. The office of Captain of the Port is to be abolished.

Mr. BRANDRETH, of Westchester, who is the especial champion of the workingmen in the House, made great exertions to put forward the Eight-hour Labor Bill by making it a special order for next Wednesday evening. He succeeded in securing a vote of ayes, 64; nays, 39. Although this was a majority, the motion required a two-thirds vote, and was consequently lost.

In the Senate, a communication was received from Gov. FENTON, returning without his approval the bill entitled "An act to amend an act entitled an act relative to contracts by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York," passed April 17, 1861.

The Executive states his objections as follows:

The object of the bill is the substitution of the Mayor for the Recorder in the Board of revision and correction of assessment lists, created by the act sought to be amended. This Board consists of the Comptroller, Counsel of the Corporation and Recorder of the City of New-York, and is charged with delicate and important duties. The passage of this bill was doubtless stimulated by a desire to furnish a temporary remedy for a vacancy that has recently existed in the office of Recorder in the City of New-York; but as this emergency has been obviated by the election of such officer on the 6th inst., the reason for a change in the organization of the Board is removed. I am further reconciled to "withholding my approval," by the fact that the effect of the proposed enactment would be to multiply the duties of the Mayor of New-York, and to impose upon him additional responsibilities, unexpected as well as unnecessary.

E. E. FENTON.

The bill was lost on a call of the yeas and nays.

The Senate has adjourned till Monday evening. A similar proposition was voted down in the House, which will hold its usual session to-morrow.

PERSIMMON.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Friday, March 9.

Mr. MURPHY presented a remonstrance against widening Broadway, from between Fifty-seventh and Fifty-ninth-streets, under the action of the New-York Common Council of 1865.

A message was received from the Governor vetoing the bill which substituted the Mayor of New-York for the Recorder in the matter of making contracts by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty. The veto is based on the ground that the change is unnecessary.

The bill was again put to vote, and lost by a vote of 1 to 23.

BILLS REPORTED.

Requiring the Commissioners or Emigration to pay Chautauqua County the amount audited for the support of the emigrant poor.

Prohibiting the issue of free passes on the railroads of this State.

Extending the time for the construction of certain railroads in Westchester County.

Authorizing the Junction Canal Company to construct a railroad.

Amending the charter of Flushing village.

Incorporating the Southside Sportsmen's Club of Long Island.

Authorizing the North American Life Insurance Company to make special deposits of securities.

Incorporating the National Indemnity Company.

To change the name of the Free Academy of New-York.

By Mr. LABAU—Amending the Mechanics' Lien Law.

By Mr. BENNETT—To make more stringent the law for the collection of demands against ships and vessels.

Also, authorizing the construction of Rand's elevated steam railway in Whitehall and other streets and avenues in New-York.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. LABAU—Requiring town meetings in Richmond County to be held at the same places and under similar regulations as general elections are held.

Also, to incorporate the Island Ferry Company of New-York.

By Mr. H. C. MURPHY—For the improvement of Graham-avenue and other streets, Brooklyn.

By Mr. LENT—For the erection of a public market in New-York.

BILLS PASSED.

Incorporating the American Land Agency Company.

Regulating the construction of the Metropolitan Railroad, Brooklyn.

The Senate then adjourned until 7 o'clock Monday evening.

ASSEMBLY.

REPORTS.

By Mr. OAKEY—To incorporate the Metropolitan Warehouse Indemnity Company.

By Mr. B. N. HUNTINGTON—To incorporate the National Savings Bank of New-York.

By Mr. VANDENBURG—To aid in the construction of the Lebanon Springs Railroad.

By Mr. J. G. GRAHAM—To facilitate the construction of the Southern Central Railroad.

By Mr. WILBER—To amend the charter of the City of Hudson.

By Mr. WEED—For the relief of the Williamsburgh and Flatbush Railroad. Also, to incorporate the Niagara Ship Canal Company.

By Mr. YOUNGLOVE—To incorporate the Traders' Exchange.

By Mr. BRANDRETH—To increase the salaries of interpreters in the Courts of New-York.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. GOODRICH—To authorize JOHN T. MILLS to run cars.

By Mr. J. L. PARKER—To establish a Metropolitan Board of Public Works.

By Mr. BUCKMAN—For a suspension railroad in Broadway.

By Mr. WILBER—In relation to the inspection of steamboilers.

By Mr. TUCKER—For the better protection of sick and infirm passengers arriving in the port of New-York.

By Mr. SEEBACHER—To incorporate the Loaner's Association of New-York.

By Mr. ANDERSON—To create a Board of Commissioners of Wharves in the City of New-York.

By Mr. WHITE—In relation to passenger trains on railroads.

By Mr. D. P. WOOD—Relative to closing up incorporated banks.

By Mr. FREER—For a railroad in Lexington-avenue and other streets in New-York.

By Mr. SEEBACHER—Relative to the Thirty-eighth Regiment of Cavalry, New-York, for relief.

By Mr. CREAMER—To establish a thorough and uniform system of railroad time.

BILLS PASSED.

To amend the act providing for additional relief to sick and wounded soldiers.

To incorporate the New-York Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Mr. BRANDRETH moved to make the eight-hour labor bill the special order for Wednesday evening.

The motion was lost by a vote of 64 to 39; it required a two-thirds vote to carry it.

The bill introduced by Mr. CREAMER for increasing the salaries of the Metropolitan Police, was ordered to a third reading.

Adjourned.

THE UNITED STATES SERVICE MAGAZINE.—The *United States Service Magazine* for March is full of interest to the military and to the general reader. The gentlemen who have recently assumed the editorial control of it—Col. RICHARD B. IRWIN, formerly Adjutant-General of the Department of the Gulf, and Dr. B. ELLIS MARTIN, well-known in literary circles—have infused a new spirit into its pages.

THE CANADIAN FLURRY

Progress of the Excitement About the Fenian Invasion.

A Nine Days' Wonder Already Growing Stale.

Interesting Rumors from the St. Lawrence Border.

Fenian Armies Looming Threateningly "in the Air."

Head Centres Still Hobnobbing in Union-Square, New-York.

General Belief that the Whole Excitement is Bogus.

The Canadian Militia Wide Awake and Ready for "the Liberators."

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

OTTAWA, Canada, Friday, March 9.

Up here in the woods we begin to feel the tea-pot tempest that seems to be disturbing your mercurial people. You already know that the Government has ordered out a large force to defend, if need be, the New-York and Michigan borders—that arms are glistening in the pale March sun, and bright uniforms are astounding the urchins of all our great towns.

The ice is our tender point. That once broken up, we do fear invasions, but who knows when the hot-blooded Fenians of New-York may pounce upon us by a night's march over the solid surface of these narrow rivers?

It is certain that as soon as the ice breaks up, the Home Government will send large reinforcements to the stations from Quebec to Mackinaw, and every reasonable precaution will be taken to repel assault.

The Government buildings and all the banks in Ottawa have been placed under military guard at night. There has been a most enthusiastic response throughout Canada to the call for volunteers, and ten thousand men are already marching toward the frontier.

Parliament has been called to meet on the 10th of April.

Nova Scotia and New-Brunswick will immediately accede to a Confederation with the Canadian Provinces, and a common tariff will be enacted, to include Newfoundland, and perhaps Prince Edward's Island.

English gunboats have been ordered to the fishing grounds, in view of the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty.

These facts show that we are not quite so dormant as you Yankees believe. It may be that Canada will be swept away by a grand *coup de main*, but not by the demagogues who engineer your so-called Fenian movement.

MONTREAL, Friday, March 9.

The excitement so suddenly sprung upon us yesterday by the Government's call for ten thousand volunteers, is not perceptibly abated. You mercurial Americans, who explode at the mere supposition of a great event, do not appreciate our coolness. We must have the very tip-top of excitement before our sluggish blood can be stirred, but when it is stirred it is not easily cooled.

Since my advices to you yesterday—which, by the way, I undertake to guess were the only real facts concerning the Great Fight that reached the New-York papers—no very significant event has occurred. The agents of your American Associated Press will read you a synopsis of the real and supposed intelligence at their disposal, and I merely subjoin their dispatches, without vouching for anything.

In this city there is a peculiar state of feeling. As I said yesterday, but a small portion of our population would, under any circumstances, side with the Fenian movement. Consonant with the action of your Roman Catholic hierarchy, the magnates of the Church in these Provinces have set their faces against the movement, and some of them have spoken very freely in opposition. I hear that the Archbishop of Quebec, the actual head of the Church in all British America, will probably very soon express his condemnation of the Fenian movement. His Grace may readily be excused from earlier attention to the matter, for it is scarcely possible that a dozen Fenians can be found in all Canada below this city.

In this town the fever has some curious and ludicrous phases. The much-courted and petted secession refugees (while they had money) who are yet lingering here, and dismally longing for some general amnesty that may give them leave to revisit the scenes from which they so cowardly fled, are now looked upon with suspicion. The people who followed GREGORY and LAIRD in coddling these men, are suddenly conscience-smitten, and find that the lovely innocents of the was-to-be Southern Confederacy are elephants of huge proportions, whose sayings and doings for the past four years are returning with compound interest, and making this Canadian Government but little better than that in London, so far as the United States are concerned.

It is a singular phase of national history, that while the United States Congress seems kindly disposed toward an extension of the Reciprocity Treaty, by which these Provinces have gained such immense advantages, the Provincial authorities are raising men to repel an expected invasion from the States.

From various sources, some of not very trustworthy character, the following rumors are gathered:

TORONTO, C. W., Thursday, March 9.

The crisis has arrived. All the Canadian Militia are being enrolled, and it is expected they will be called out immediately. Volunteers in companies and squads are rallying from all the back towns for the defense of the frontier. Over two thousand volunteers arrived here last night and were billeted on the citizens. The people are fully aroused and no man shirks duty, although a few have been arrested through a misconception of the order calling them out. All the railways on the line of the frontier are keeping engines fired up to run off trains. It is estimated that 30,000 troops are now armed, and ready to march if invasion takes place. The authorities are sanguine of their ability to drive back and defend their homes against any Fenian invaders. All the troops have been drilling since 2 o'clock this morning. A full supply of ammunition has been issued to the troops, and the railway trains are made up and ready to move at a moment's notice to any point of attack. Many reports are current, and one, pretty generally credited, is that Parliament will be called to assemble immediately, and that the writ of *habeas corpus* will be suspended and martial law proclaimed before the 17th of March. The Government has taken possession of the Montreal Telegraph Line.

TORONTO, Friday, March 9—3 P. M.

The *Globe* this morning makes the announcement that the Government has received information that on St. Patrick's Day a number of Fenians will cross the river, join in the procession in the cities, and create some local disturbances to attract the attention of the military, while the main force will strike at different points on the frontier. The *Globe* calls upon President JOHNSON to interfere. It says: "The people of Canada are abundantly able to give the ruffians a warm reception, but it is a poor repayment to the Canadian Government for its action during the rebellion in the Southern States, to be now compelled to spend money and blood in resisting outrages planned in the States of the neighboring Republic. The city papers this morning contain two columns of special dispatches from all parts of Canada, giving news of military preparations, from which it appears that every town and city is turned out in full strength. Troops were arriving all last night from the interior towns, and were billeted on the citizens. Ten of them were billeted upon alleged Head Centre MURPHY. As fast as the troops arrive they are organized into battalions. They are to be drilled five hours per day. To-day there was a turn out *en masse* of the citizens, to make a demonstration of strength. From the alacrity with which the call has been answered, it seems that annexation to the United States, and all other differences of opinion, succumb to the danger of the hour. The excitement is hourly increasing. The troops are held in readiness for immediate embarkation. Volunteers get twenty-five cents and rations per day. The *Orange Watchman* of to-day says that the Fenians of this City will walk on St. Patrick's Day armed with pikes and revolvers, and it calls upon the Mayor to prevent their walking. It is believed that the influence of peace-loving Catholics will restrain the more violent men, and that the processions will be abandoned. The *Watchman* also asserts that Bishop LYNCH has declared his intention of leaving Canada, to avoid the danger and responsibility of a battle which may take place on the Irish National day.

TORONTO, C. W., Friday, March 9—5 P. M.

The response yesterday for volunteers from all all parts of the country was very enthusiastic. A much larger number offered their services than was required. The *Globe* to-day has a report that the plot of the Fenians is for a body of them to cross into Canada to take part in the public processions on St. Patrick's day, and to disturb the peace and distract attention while armed Fenian bands will make raids on the borders.

MONTREAL, Friday, March 9.

The call for ten thousand men of the Canadian militia for active duty, made on Wednesday evening, was enthusiastically responded to, and early on Thursday morning news was received from all parts of the country that their quotas were ready for active service at a moment's notice. There seems to be no doubt that three or four times the number could be had at a day's notice. The whole volunteer force of this city paraded last evening. Strong guards were posted at all the armories, and patrols kept moving through the city all night. Every preparation is being made to guard against any Fenian surprise.

One of our papers says that "there is a scarcity of arms and ammunition here other than purely military, and the Customs order prohibiting importations from abroad shuts us out from the American market, where supplies can be most readily obtained. The Finance Minister might grant licenses to import to reliable persons, on reasonable conditions to prevent an evil use being made of the privilege."

The Montreal *Gazette* of Thursday says: "Last evening, in addition to the different guards at the armories from the Chasseurs, there was also a main guard at the Central Fire Station, Craig-street, and patrols about the streets and at the different banks after 12 o'clock."

TORONTO, Friday, March 9—8 P. M.

The excitement is unabated in the Province. Troops are still pouring in from the rural districts by hundreds. The moment they arrive they are organized into companies and squads for drill.

So great has been the drain upon some of the large business houses in the city, that they have been compelled to suspend business during drill hours.

News from the frontier indicates no cause for the extraordinary movement, but the military authorities and the whole people approve the action of the Government in preparing for an emergency. Many assert that this hubbub is got up for political reasons, to unite the opposing factions to a sense of their danger, so that the annexationists may be silenced, and confederation carried next month in Parliament. This alarm being sounded so soon after the meeting of the Governors in Montreal is significant, and the belief that the calling out of volunteers is for this purpose is hourly taking hold of the public mind. It is singular that no troops have been sent to the frontier, notwithstanding that all the military forces were called from beds yesterday morning at 2 o'clock. If this be the real object of the Government, it will probably be successful, for all parties seem to have forgotten their political differences

MASSACHUSETTS.

Discovery of the Murderer of the J yce Children—Proves to be a Convict now in the State Prison for Burglary.

BOSTON, Thursday, March 8.

The Boston *Herald* has a long account of the discovery of the murderer of the two JOYCE children, ISABELLA N. and JOHN S. JOYCE, in Bussey's woods, West Roxbury, on the 12th of June, 1865. He was found to be a convict in the State Prison who had been sent there for a burglary committed in Worcester County shortly after the murder. His strange conduct when arrested led the officers to think he was a hardened criminal, and his subsequent boasting of large deeds performed by himself, together with some of his unguarded expressions, gave the cue which, being followed by two Worcester County officers, has fastened the murder alluded to almost undeniably upon himself. His partial confessions, with the corroborative evidence obtained, leave no doubt in the minds of the officers of his guilt.

His soubriquet is "Scratch Gravel," his right name is CHARLES AARON DODGE. He is a native of Massachusetts, but has been a rover for fourteen years, being now 27 years of age.

He confesses to having hunted Indians in Florida; that he was sent to prison for life for murder in South Carolina; was pardoned; entered the rebel army; was captured on MORGAN'S raid into Ohio and Indiana; was paroled; that afterward he enlisted in a Massachusetts regiment; deserted in a short time; joined the United States navy, and served on several gunboats.

NEBRASKA.

The Sioux at Fort Laramie—They Desire Peace.

FORT LARAMIE, Friday, March 9.

Spotted Tail, chief of the Beulah band of Sioux, came here to-day, and was received by Col. MAYNADIER with great ceremony.

Spotted Tail came here to bring the dead body of his daughter, which was interred at the cemetery at this point with Christian rites, the Chaplain performing the burial service.

This is considered as a strong indication of their desire to make peace.

Among the articles taken into the Far West last year by one or two Indian traders, were a few gross of PHALON'S "Night-Blooming Cereus," with which some of the red ladies were so delighted that they would not look at the other notions as long as it lasted. Even in the savage state woman is tasteful.—*Rahway Democrat.*

The Mother's Treasure.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers for their children. It cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, corrects acidity, and gives rest and health to the child.

An Article of True Merit.—BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are the most popular article in this country or Europe for Throat Diseases and Coughs, and this popularity is based upon real merit, which cannot be said of many other preparations in the market, which are really but weak imitations of the genuine Troches.

Artificial Flowers.

Where is the largest and choicest stock to be found? At the PARISIAN FLOWER COMPANY'S,

Nos. 561 and 563 Broadway,

Wholesale and Retail.

"A Cold in the Head" Cured at Once!

by that inestimable and universally celebrated

DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF.

Sold by all druggists in the United States.

Chevalier's Life for the Hair

Will restore gray hair to its original color; strengthen and promote the growth of the weakest hair; stop its falling out; keep the head clean, cool and healthy; can be used freely; contains nothing injurious; is unparalleled as a hair-dressing, and is recommended and used by our best physicians. Sold by all druggists, and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, New-York, where information respecting the treatment of the hair will be freely given from 1 to 3 P. M. SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

Marshall's Uterine Catholicon

Will positively cure "Female Weakness" and all "Uterine Complaints" of women.

PRICE $1 50 PER BOTTLE. *Sold everywhere.*

The Graefenberg Vegetable Pills.

The best Pill in the world. Does not gripe nor leave the bowels costive. PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX. *Sold everywhere*, and by the GRAEFENBERG COMPANY, NO. 139 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

Rogers' Fragrant Odontoline, for cleansing and preserving the teeth.—A purely vegetable production, imparting a delightful fragrance to the breath. Sold by all druggists, perfumers and fancy goods dealers, and by HOWARD, SANGER & CO., New-York City; W. H. SCHIEFFLIN & CO., New-York City.

Awnings.—Plain and fancy awnings for stores, offices, dwellings, &c.; bunting flags, banners, hammocks, bags, tents, boat sails, merchandise covers, and canvas articles. C. H. TYLER, Manufacturer, No. 25 East Broadway, New-York. Established 1849.

Spring is the proper time to take cleansing and purifying medicines, of which **Swaim's Panacea** stands preëminent. Sold by all Druggists.

Jared's Emaii de Paris for the Skin.

TESTIMONIALS FROM ACTRESSES.

The exquisite "Email de Paris" is not a vulgar paste, powder or paint, but a most delicious preparation that gives to a rough or grated skin the color and texture of polished ivory. It cleanses the pores from all those unsightly black-worm specks, and dissolves all discoloration from the skin, whether appearing as freckles, tan or morphew, and is especially successful in eradicating the marks left by small-pox.

It is entirely harmless, and is the only skin preparation that has received public indorsement, from Miss Western, Mll'e. Vestvali, Mrs. D. P. Bowers, Mrs. Emma Waller, and other ladies whose testimonials have been already published.

Since the introduction of "Email de Paris" in New-York, several imitations have been introduced to deceive the public. The only agent for "L'Email de Paris" in this City is L. ISABEAU, No. 822 Broadway.

Burning of Richmond.

RICHMOND, Jan. 25, 1866.

Messrs. R. G. Wilder & Co., No. 8 Cortlandt-st, New-York:

GENTS: We had one of the Wilder Salamander Safes in our store at the time of the great conflagration on the 3d of April. It remained in the debris for some months; on opening the same we found all our books, papers, &c., in a perfect state of preservation, except the binding of the books. It was found in better condition than any other safe at the fire. It was in the third story, and must have stood the greatest heat. Yours respectfully,

SAMUEL AYRES & SON.

The depot for the sale of this celebrated fire proof safe is removed from No. 100 Maiden-lane to No. 8 Cortlandt-street. All safes made by us warranted perfectly dry.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Finest Ready-made Clothing in America. Gents', Youths', Boys' and Children's, all quite equal to custom work. BROKAW BROS.,

No. 62 Lafayette-place, and No. 34 4th-av., opposite Cooper Union.

Dr. Sherwood, No. 545 Broadway, has the only radical cure truss for inguinal or umbilical hernia, the easiest spring truss in the City. Supporters for the abdomen, the uterus and the rectum of the most approved kinds. Suspensory bandages, all elastic, the most natural of any ever made. Also ladies' monthly bandages. A lady in attendance.

3,500 Bricks per hour are made by the "NATIONAL," which is a clay-tempering machine, and the bricks made by it WILL STAND ALL CLIMATES. Those made by the dry-pressing machines will all crumble to pieces on being exposed to frost. ABRAM REQUA, General Agent, No. 130 Broadway, New-York.

Royal Havana Lottery.—Prizes paid in gold; information furnished. Highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver.

TAYLOR & CO., Bankers

No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

Marvin's New Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Silver Plate Safes. Highly ornamental, and warranted perfectly dry. Also a large assortment of Bankers' and Merchants' Safes. MARVIN & CO., 265 Broadway, and 721 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

A lady who has suffered for over five months the most extreme torture from Neuralgia has been completely cured by one dose, "forty drops," of METCALFE'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY. Sold by all druggists.

Do yourselves a kindness by examining the Burglar Alarm Telegraph; it is wanted by every housekeeper when understood.

E. HOLMES, No. 198 Broadway.

Ladies wishing their supply of Boots and Shoes for the coming season, (good articles at moderate prices,) should patronize MILLER & CO., No. 387 Canal-st.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines for family use, No. 495 Broadway.

The Florence Gold Medal Lock-stitch Sewing Machine, with reversible feed.

NO. 505 BROADWAY, New-York.

Improved Lock-Stitch Machines for Tailors and Manufacturers. GROVER & BAKER SEWING-MACHINE COMPANY, No. 495 Broadway.

Wigs, Toupees and Ornamental Hair, Hair Dye and Dyeing at BATCHELOR'S, 16 Bond-st.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock-Stitch Sewing-machine and button-hole machine, 625 Broadway.

Howe Sewing-Machine Company—ELIAS HOWE, Jr., President—Manufactory and principal office, 305 Broadway, New-York.

The Last Days of Ex-President MARTIN VAN BUREN were made comfortable by the use of JONAS WHITCOMB'S ASTHMA REMEDY. Letters in our possession from his physician and from Mr. Van Buren himself, express much gratification with the results of its use.

Extract from the "Life of Washington Irving," by his nephew, Pierre M. Irving, vol. IV. page 272:

"The doctor prescribed, as an experiment—what had been suggested by Dr. O. W. Holmes on his late visit—Jona s Whitcomb's Remedy for Asthma,' a teaspoonful in a wineglass of water, to be taken every four hours. A good night was the result."

In no case of purely asthmatic character has it failed to give prompt relief, and in many cases a permanent cure has been effected. No danger need be apprehended from its use. An infant may take it with perfect safety. (See circular.)

JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., Boston,

Sole proprietors.

For sale by all druggists.

Because a Person has a Bad Cough it should not be inferred that Consumption has set in, although a case of Consumption is rarely met with unaccompanied by a distressing Cough. Where, however, a predisposition to Pulmonary disease exists, a Cough, if left to itself, strains and racks the Lungs and wastes the general strength, and soon establishes an incurable complaint. In all cases, then, it is the safer plan to get rid of a Cough, Cold, or Hoarseness without delay, and for this purpose no remedy acts more promptly or surely, or with more benefit to the organs of the chest, than Dr. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, an article scientifically compounded from carefully selected drugs, and which, on trial, will always be found worthy of its world-wide reputation. Sold by all Druggists.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated **Toilet Soap**, in such universal demand, is made from the **choicest materials**, is **mild and emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented**, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all druggists and fancy-goods dealers.

Bassett's "Life Time" Gold Pens.

The most substantial Gold Pens made.

No. 254 Broadway, opposite City Hall.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

MARRIED.

BELL—DENNISTON.—On Monday, March 5, at Bethlehem, Orange County, by Rev. R. H. Beattie, CLARENCE H. BELL, of Boston, Mass., and SARA E., daughter of John W. Denniston, Esq., of Bethlehem.

DAVIS—PEARCE.—On Wednesday, March 7, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Augustus Woodbury, ALEX. H. DAVIS, of Syracuse, N. Y., and JULIA B., daughter of Edward Pearce, of Providence, R. I.

MACFARLANE—TODD.—On Thursday, March 8, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. R. W. Buckland, JOHN M. MACFARLANE and SARAH A., eldest daughter of Mr. Geo. W. Todd, all of this city.

DIED.

ARMSTRONG.—At North Hempstead, Queens County, on Friday, March 9, DEBORAH ARMSTRONG, aged 69 years and 5 months.

The friends and relatives of the deceased are invited to attend her funeral on Sunday, the 11th inst., at 1 P. M., from her late residence, and at 2 P. M. from the Presbyterian Church, Hempstead.

BULL.—Suddenly, on Thursday evening, March 8, ALICE, daughter of the late Frederick G. Bull.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services on Sunday, March 11, at 4 o'clock P. M., at her late residence, No. 5 West 46th-st.

BASS.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, March 8, BENJAMIN F. BASS, in the 31st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and members of Magnolia Lodge, I. O. of O. F., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Sunday afternoon at 2½ o'clock, from the residence of his brother, C. H. Bass, No. 265 Union-st., without further notice.

FLOY.—In Harlem, on Friday, March 9, DEBORAH, widow of the late Michael Floy, aged 76 years and 6 months.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invi ed to attend the funeral from the Methodist Episcopal Church, 125th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., on Sunday, the 11th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

GLOVER.—On Thursday, March 8, of paralysis, HARRIET, wife of Thomas Glover, in the 60th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 157 East 65th-st., on Sunday morning at 9 o'clock precisely. Her remains will be taken to Yonkers for interment.

HILGER.—On Thursday, March 8, after a short illness, MAURICE HILGER, in the 54th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the Presbyterian Church, corner of University-place and 10th-st., on Monday, the 11th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

LINN.—On Thursday, March 8, CORNELIUS LINN, aged 31 years, born in New-York.

His relatives and friends of the family, the members of Keystone Lodge No. 235, F. A. M., and the members of the Mozart Hall Democratic Committee, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 97 Charlton-st., on Sunday, March 11, at 1 P. M.

MORRIS.—On Thursday, March 8, JOHN I. MORRIS, in the 78th year of his age.

His friends and those of his family are requested to attend the funeral from his late residence, 2d-av. and 108th-st., this day, (Saturday,) 10th inst., at 2 P. M. Members of Mechanics and Tradesmen Society are respectfully invited to be present.

MOREHOUSE.—On Thursday, March 8, CORNELIA MCCOUN MOREHOUSE, second daughter of Stephen M. and Hester Ann Morehouse, aged 22 years, 5 months and 18 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, No. 115 Johnson-st., Brooklyn, this day, (Saturday,) at 2 P. M.

MURPHY.—On Thursday, March 8, SAMUEL MURPHY, formerly of the County Wexford, Ireland, in the 77th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from the Baptist Church, Hoboken, on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

NEWMAN.—On Thursday, March 8, ALEXANDER NEWMAN, in the 73d year of his age.

Relatives and friends are invited to his funeral at the residence of his son, Clement D. Newman, No. 267 Jayst., Brooklyn, on Saturday, the 10th inst., at 2½ P. M.

PARSONS.—On Thursday, March 8, MARIE CHRISTINE ST. CLAIR, wife of Clement S. Parsons, Jr., and daughter of Mrs. George E. Fairchild, aged 24 years and 8 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 50 Monroeplace, Brooklyn, on Saturday, 10th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

PURDY.—At White Plains, on Thursday, March 8, of typhoid pneumonia, ESTHER, daughter of David and Sally M. Purdy, aged 25 years, 3 months and 4 days.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral at the Episcopal Church at White Plains, on Sunday, 11th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

PUMAREJO.—In this city, on Friday, March 9, MANUEL J. DE PUMAREJO, aged 34 years.

His friends are invited to attend his funeral on Sunday, at 2 o'clock P. M., from No. 29 West 32d-st.

MASONIC.—The members of Kane Lodge No. 454 F. & A. M., are hereby summoned to meet at their Lodge Room, No. 946 Broadway, on Sunday, the 11th inst., at 12 o'clock M., to attend the funeral of our late Brother M. J. De Pumarejo.

By order of the W. M.

JAMES M. TIGHE, Secretary.

SHANNON.—On Thursday, March 8, after a long and severe illness, Mrs. MARTIN SHANNON, formerly of Kingston, Canada, aged 40 years.

Her friends and acquaintances are requested to attend her funeral this day at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 79 Monroe-st.

☞ Kingston, Canada, papers please copy.

SICKELS.—At Passaic, N. J., on Wednesday, March 7, after a lingering and painful illness, HARRIET ELIZABETH, wife of David B. Sickels, and eldest daughter of William James and Catharine Ann Boggs, in the 28th year of her age.

The funeral will take place at 11 A. M. on Saturday, the 10th inst. Erie Railway trains leave foot of Chambers-st. at 9:15 and 10 A. M.

☞ Philadelphia, Newark, N. J., and Paterson, N. J., papers please copy.

STORM.—At Poughkeepsie, on Thursday, March 8, JOHN A. STORM, aged 65 years.

Friends are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, Mill-st., Poughkeepsie, on Sunday, the 11th inst., at 1½ o'clock.

THOMPSON.—Suddenly, on Friday morning, March 9, ALFRED NEWTON, infant son of John C. and Ann Augusta Tucker, aged 5 months and 8 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at the residence of his parents, No. 30 West 14th-st., on Monday, March 12, at 2 o'clock.

WOOD.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, March 9, Mrs. CHARLOTTE WOOD, in the 80th year of her age.

Her friends and relatives are invited to attend her funeral on Sunday, the 11th inst., at 2 P. M., from the residence of her son-in-law, Edward B. Mead, No. 43 Orange-st., without further invitation.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BIGELOW'S

NEW-YORK SATIN ENAMELED

PAPER COLLAR.

Unglazed where it touches the neck.
Does not feel sticky in warm weather.
Sufficient space allowed for the Cravat.
Perfect in Style and Finish.
Made of the finest material.
The very best Collar in the market.

SUMNER, HARDON & CROMWELL,

(Dry Goods and Hosiery Commission Merchants,)

SOLE AGENTS,

No. 69 Duane-st., New-York.

ANOTHER AND LAST EXPLANATION OF A. A. FAVARGER'S peculiar system by which adults can speak French quicker and better than by going abroad, will be given at the New-York University, corner of Waverley and University places, on MONDAY EVENING, March 12, at 7½ o'clock, and on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, March 13, at 3 o'clock. Also once in Brooklyn, at the Packer Institute, Joralemon-st., near Court-st., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Ladies and gentlemen invited. See "Instruction."

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE age for the cure of Chronic Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Neuralgia or Pains in the Limbs, is Dr. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT. It never fails, if used according to the directions, as thousands can testify. Sold by all the druggists. Price 40 and 80 cents per bottle. Depot, No. 56 Cortlandt-st.

DR. O. PHELPS BROWN'S ACACIAN BALSAM will positively eradicate night-sweats, deep-seated coughs, marasmus, sharp pains in the chest, difficult expectoration, physical prostration, and, in fact, every form of consumption will disappear, after the Balsam has been used a reasonable length of time. Price $1 per bottle. To be had with the doctor's other remedies of DEMAS BARNES & CO., New-York; SETH HANCE, Baltimore; JOHN D. PARK, Cincinnati; LORD & SMITH, Chicago, Ill.; COLLINS BROS., St. Louis, Mo.; J. BUTTERWORTH, Boston, Mass.

FINEST SPRING STYLE PARIS AND LONDON STRAW HATS, ELEGANTLY TRIMMED; also, untrimmed, for sale for a few days only at prices far below whole-sale rates, to prevent removal of stock the fair trade being relinquished. FEATHERS, FLOWERS, ORNAMENTS, &c.; also, BEAVER, FELT AND VELVET HATS—Shops closed out.

THOMAN REYNOLDS, No. 323 Canal-st.

SPALDING'S CEPHALIC PILLS. A great remedy for all kinds of headache, nervousness and neuralgia. Sold by all Druggists.

ESTABLISHED FEB. 1, 1843.

THE MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW-YORK.

FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.

CASH ASSETTS, FEB. 1, 1866.....$14,885,378 88

Referring to the annual statement of the Company and the dividend declared Feb. 1, 1866, we present herewith some illustrations of the system by which it was allotted to policy holders.

The Company recognizes the principle that AMPLE SECURITY is a paramount consideration in Life Insurance, and neither in form or amount will any dividend be declared incompatible with that principle.

In addition to the proper reserve for re-insurance of outstanding risks, there still remains an undivided surplus of $1,200,000.

DIVIDENDS will be declared annually hereafter, and may be used either to purchase more insurance, in reduction of premiums, or on "paid up" policies they may be drawn in CASH on the date of each policy in any year.

EXAMPLES,

SHOWING THE ANNUALLY INCREASING DIVIDENDS IN THIS COMPANY ON LIFE POLICIES OF

$10,000 EACH, OTHER AMOUNTS IN SAME PROPORTION.

Age of the Insured.	Year of issue.	Total premiums paid.	Total additions to 1866.	Total am't of Policy and additions.	Annual per'tage. Dividend of 1866 upon premiums paid during last three years.
30	1843	$8,428 00	$7,678 80	$17,678 80	130*
	1846	4,346 05	6,486 10	16,486 10	107*
	1853	2,302 60	4,491 70	14,491 70	79
	1858	1,641 60	2,491 90	12,691 90	56
	1863	690 60	714 70	10,714 70	36
35	1843	6,325 00	9,181 30	19,181 30	139*
	1848	4,950 00	6,672 10	16,672 10	105*
	1853	3,420 10	5,506 70	15,506 70	71
	1858	2,149 60	3,075 60	13,075 60	50
	1863	806 10	816 00	10,816 00	39
40	1843	7,390 00	8,088 70	18,088 70	135*
	1848	5,760 00	6,722 10	16,722 10	103*
	1853	4,124 90	5,218 00	15,218 00	81
	1858	2,638 40	3,307 90	13,307 90	61
	1863	951 90	355 10	10,355 10	38
45	1843	8,579 00	8,307 20	18,307 20	137*
	1848	6,714 00	8,736 00	18,736 00	105*
	1853	4,945 20	5,360 80	15,360 80	79
	1858	3,043 20	3,307 00	13,307 00	57
	1863	1,141 20	920 10	10,920 10	39

*The annual dividends on these policies exceed the annual premiums. So that a policy holder, by applying his dividends to the payment of future premiums, not only avoids all further outlay, but his policy annually increases in amount.

The dividends on policies of a more recent date, including those issued last year, may be applied in like manner to the full extent of their accumulations.

Insurers who do not thus apply their dividends, have the full benefit of the large additions to their policies, as shown in the above table, and may, at any future period, use such portions of their dividends in the payment of any one or more premiums, as they may desire.

It will be noticed as a peculiarity of our system, that, while the dividends are moderate at the beginning, as all dividends must be which are declared upon just and equitable principles, yet they rapidly increase each year as the policy grows older, so that eventually the insurance becomes paid up in full.

ENDOWMENT POLICIES.

Payable either at death or to the persons insured, on their arriving at specified ages.

This favorite form of insurance or investment is of a more recent date, and the following examples will suffice to show their results thus far in the MUTUAL LIFE:

No. of Policy.	When issued.	Age at issue.	Amount.	Term.	Premium.	Prem. how paid.	Total Premium.	Dividend.	Amount paid.
19,949	March 11, 1858	42	$5,000	Pay at 50	$622 87	A.	$4,982 96	$1,602 59	$8,602 59
17,826	January 14, 1857	51	5,000	" 60	293 41	S. A.	4,397 97	1,634 01	6,634 01
18,905	July 1, 1857	47	2,000	" 55	129 09	S. A.	2,065 44	662 80	2,662 80
18,153	Feb'y 20, 1857	36	5,000	" 45	541 30	A.	4,871 70	1,711 97	6,711 97

All of the above policies have been paid to the owners, and it will be seen that they receive a SURPLUS above all they have paid to the Company, with compound interest at six per cent., and no charge whatever for expenses or cost of insurance meanwhile.

We shall now briefly notice certain extraordinary advertisements and circulars of a youthful candidate for public favor, wherein is claimed a superiority, both as to the past and future, over all other companies both in America and Europe.

Common and natural as it is for individual agents to make such claims, we must now admit either that some superlatively great result has been accomplished during the past five years which eclipses all the old and patient laborers in Life Insurance, or else the author of them has far higher claims to a brilliant imagination than to any knowledge of the condition of really first class companies in either Europe or in America.

As an apt illustration of this style of romancing, we clip the following table from advertisements and circulars scattered broadcast over the land:

"EXAMPLES,

IN ILLUSTRATION OF 'PREMIUMS REDUCED ONE-HALF,' the following extracts from the late dividend statement of the Society are made:

No. of Policy.	Age of Assured.	Amount of Policy.	Previous Annual Premium.	Amount of Reduction.	Present Annual Premium.
6	23	$10,000	$191 80	$88 71	$33 09
13	31	5,000	118 75	61 79	56 96
32	33	10,000	252 10	130 86	121 24
115	30	10,000	230 80	118 11	112 69
140	32	5,000	122 30	61 13	61 17
156	37	10,000	286 20	144 22	141 98
85	31	5,000	118 75	61 14	57 61"

NOTE.—Though the above additions and reductions were for a term of years only, yet, at the expiration of the term, there will be another dividend to take the place of the previous one then exhausted; and thus, what at first seems temporary may be permanent. These applications of dividend can be made as well on the *annual* system of dividends.

We now present a table made up from the books of the "Mutual Life."

"MUTUAL LIFE" EXAMPLES.

No. of Policy.	Age of Assured.	Amount of Policy.	Previous Annual Premium.	Amount of Reduction.	Present Annual Premium.
25,077	23	$5,000	$99 45	All.	None.
25,080	31	5,000	114 65	All.	None.
25,345	33	10,000	252 30	All.	None.
25,386	30	10,000	231 20	All.	None.
24,965	32	5,000	122 30	All.	None.
25,393	37	10,000	286 70	All.	None.

As a general rule, in our Company life policies of five years' standing and upward have dividends sufficient, if gradually relinquished, to cancel premiums for as many years as they have been in force.

In another table of the circulars referred to, certain policies are temporarily doubled in amount after five years' full premiums have been paid. This seems a wonderful result; but it is merely buying a term policy for five years, and if the policy-holder lives beyond that time, and is unable to pass another medical examination, the money is a total loss. This system enables a person to entirely *lose* all the dividends of a life-time which have been applied to "term insurance." This is indeed an advantage "never before granted."

The "Mutual Life" long since ceased to issue "term policies," but their policy-holders, after the payment of five full premiums, can achieve the same result, and keep their accumulated dividends by simply applying the amount of their annual dividend or reduction of premium to the purchase of a term policy in the "Widows' and Orphans' Benefit Life Insurance Company," or any other one.

It is also claimed that the tabular results quoted "prove the great superiority of the cash system over the note system." If there were no stronger arguments than those the "cash system" would go to the wall directly. *Insiders* will with difficulty repress a smile at the idea of any "society" shouting for the unadulterated cash system which possesses a "note system" peculiarly its own.

The subscribers are now prepared to give prompt attention to all matters pertaining to their agency department.

Members of the Company and all persons desiring information as to dividends on existing policies, additional insurance, the practical working and result of all the different forms of policies of Life Insurance, survivorship annuities, etc., will be attended to by calling in person at our office, or addressing us by mail.

N. B.—The Company will issue Policies on a single life to the extent of $20,000, but only in cases where the physical condition and family history of the applicant are entirely unexceptionable. Persons desiring an additional amount can afford their insurance through us in any first-class company upon the most favorable terms.

RHODES & LITTLE,

General Agents for Southern New-York,

No. 157 BROADWAY, New-York.

ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON,

The celebrated apparatus invented by

DR. VON EISENBERG,

for the cure of all diseases of the

EYE, EAR,

CATARRH,

DISEASES

OF THE

THROAT,

ASTHMA,

AFFECTIONS OF THE VOICE, LARYNGEAL,

BRONCHIAL,

AND

PULMONARY COMPLAINTS.

Disordered Functions of the

DIGESTIVE ORGANS,

SHORTNESS OF BREATH,

WHEEZING COUGH,

and other distressing affections of the

CHEST,

MORBID AFFECTIONS

OF THE

LIVER,

WEAKNESS OF NERVES, AND GENERAL DEBILITY OF THE WHOLE SYSTEM,

Is now in full operation at the residence of the inventor

DR. VON EISENBERG,

NO. 816

BROADWAY.

IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC

DR. VON EISENBERG'S

ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON,

THE CELEBRATED APPARATUS.

From the New-York Express.

So many able and earnest men are devoting themselves to medical investigation, that it would be strange if new discoveries were not made. Among the most brilliant of these—we may indeed say the most brilliant of all—is that of Dr. VON EISENBERG, in regard to the *Etherealization of Medicines:* we may properly call it the "Spiritualization," since the Latin *Spiritus*, whence comes our word "Spiritual," signifies primarily, simply "the air."

Many of the most important and vital organs of the human frame cannot be reached by medicines in a solid or even in a liquid form. Thus the *lungs* are shut up in a bony chest to which access can be had only through the wind-pipe, the opening of which is closed by a valve, called the "epiglottis," so sensitive and so delicately constructed, that it will not allow the passage, except by main force, of the most minute crumb, or the smallest drop of liquid. Every person who has "swallowed the wrong way" the smallest substance, whether of liquid or solid, knows the feeling of strangulation thereby occasioned. A man cannot, if he would, voluntarily swallow any liquid or solid into the lungs, or the passage leading to them. Herein lies the true reason why Consumption has been so incurable.

As to the entire apparatus, we have no hesitation in saying that we regard it as a wonderful invention—one that, were it not so costly, we have little doubt would be adopted by every hospital and medical college in the country. We are satisfied it would well repay, even if he had to journey all the way from Europe, the scientific man to see and examine it. It is a marvel of mechanical complexity, and yet, when its multiform uses are considered, of extreme simplicity and great beauty. That it will in every respect fulfill the expectations of the inventor, we have every reason to believe. It has been constructed with an accurate knowledge of its ultimate uses. One so experienced in the specialties for which it is particularly intended as is Dr. Von Eisenberg, and for which he has long felt the necessity in his practice, could make no failure. With it he is enabled to surmount obstacles that were hitherto deemed all but impossible to control. He can now approach with certainty and diagnose thoroughly every disease that, in the course of his extended practice, he aims to master. To those, therefore, who are in any way afflicted with loss of sight or hearing, with catarrh, bronchitis, chest or lung diseases, we earnestly suggest a visit to the consulting apartments of Dr. VON EISENBERG. There he will be speedily made to know the possibility of a cure in even complicated cases. We heroto observe that the apparatus is intended also to bring the etherealized medicines into direct action upon the nerves. The nervous system is the source of many diseases. All physicians admit this, and all profess at least to be able to apply a remedy. The Allopathic, Homeopathic and Hydropathic, by prescribing opiates, anodynes, &c., may, and do, alleviate the pain arising from impaired or diseased nerves; but this does not restore the nerve, it is only temporary relief—a relief, too, to some one nerve at the expense of the entire system. The Æsthetico-Neuralgicon of Dr. Von Eisenberg not merely allays the irritation, but restores the nerve to its normal condition. The Doctor's theory is, that each nerve has a specific office, and has its own peculiar susceptibility. Thus, for example, the nerve of vision is insensible to touch; and, on the other hand, the nerve of touch is insensible to light, and so on through the whole system.

From the Journal of Commerce.

We think it is but just to Dr. Von Eisenberg to call public attention to him. There are hundreds in the community suffering from catarrh, if not actually praying for death, who are ready to accept of anything that promises to relieve them from their distresses. To such we would say, trifle not with inexperienced men, but consult, without unnecessary delay, Dr. Von Eisenberg, who, at least, has the honesty to assure his patients whether it is in his power to make them whole or not.

HEARING RESTORED BY A SINGLE APPLICATION OF THE ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON.

READ! READ!

NEW-YORK, May 4, 1865.

I have been induced, by the great number of certificates continually published in favor of Dr. Von Eisenberg's skill, to apply to him for advice concerning my deafness of many years' standing. I placed myself under his care, and to my utmost delight he made me hear perfectly well by a single painless application of Dr. Von Eisenberg's "Æsthetico-Neuraligicon." I have great pleasure in being able to state that his skill in restoring hearing surpasses anything I ever saw or heard of. His attention to the patient is highly commendable.

JOHN WAKELY, No. 104 Monroe-st.

MIRACULOUS CURE OF THE CHRONIC CATARRH, ASSUMING THE FORM OF CONSUMPTION.

I have been suffering for a long time from a severe Catarrh, with a continual dullness in my head, a tightness across my chest, and a weight over my eyes, which were weak, watery, and very painful. My nostrils were continually obstructed with a pouring of fluid. I had frequent sneezing, hoarseness of my voice, generally attended with spitting of blood. I have been treated by many eminent physicians without success. Recently the Catarrh became so offensive that I could not go into society. Hearing of DR. VON EISENBERG'S new invention, I thought I would apply to him as a last resource. Having been satisfied with his diagnosis, I submitted to his treatment, and have every reason to be abundantly satisfied, as I am completely cured, and my health so much renovated that I feel better than I felt for the last fifteen years. It is a blessing that experience gives the Doctor the power to restore such a shattered constitution to perfect vigor. I now feel very happy to be able to give this testimonial in favor of Dr. Von Eisenberg's inimitable skill.

FREDERICK DOUGLAS.

Mesorole-av.,

Greenpoint, Long Island.

RESTORATION OF SIGHT.

I, Lawrence Grenna, No. 186 East 36th-st., New-York City, have been suffering from blindness of the left eye for a considerable period. The eye was continually in a state of great inflammation, from which the good eye became affected, and, indeed, my general health was greatly injured by it. Hearing of Dr. Von Eisenberg's great reputation, and as every one said mine was a hopeless case, I called on the Doctor, who, after examining me, undertook my case, and within a fortnight I found myself almost completely cured. It is now a month since I placed myself under Dr. Von Eisenberg's treatment, and I am happy to be able to state that the inflammation is entirely gone, so that I see perfectly with both eyes, added to which I am in good health—a blessing I have not enjoyed since I was blind. I do conscientiously and gratefully swear to the above statement, in a court of justice, at the City Hall of the City of New-York, the 10th day of October, 1864.

LAWRENCE GRENNA.

Sworn before me this 10th day of October, 1864.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.

The Grand seal of the New-York Mayoralty.

Thousands of testimonials similar to the above can be seen at Dr VON EISENBERG'S office,

No. 816 Broadway, New-York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BY WAY OF MEETING THE PRESENT AND ANTICIPATING THE PROSPECTIVE DECLINE IN PRICES, WE OFFER AT **WHOLESALE FOR ONE MONTH,** THE WHOLE OF OUR SUPERB STOCK OF **CLOTHING,** WHICH IS UNSURPASSED IN FABRIC, STYLE AND WORKMANSHIP, AND AT A **LARGE PER CENT. BELOW THE RULING PRICES.**

DEVLIN & CO.,

BROADWAY, CORNER GRAND-ST.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

By the use of SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC and MANDRAKE PILLS. All three of these medicines are required at the same time in curing CONSUMPTION. Dr. Schenck will be professionally at his rooms, No. 32 Bond-street, every Tuesday from 9 to 3. Advice free. Examination $3. A full supply of his medicines to be had at his rooms at all times.

SLEEVE-BUTTONS AND STUDS.

New styles—enamel, topax, amethyst and pearl; bloodstone, carbuncle, garnet, jet, coral, &c., TWO, THREE, FOUR, FIVE, SIX, EIGHT, TEN to FIFTY DOLLARS a set.

For sale by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE IN New-York to buy sewing-machines is at No. 483 Broadway. Persons purchasing machines at the above establishment will have the privilege of exchanging for any other machine within thirty days from the time of purchasing without charged.

SIBLEY & STOOPS.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,

BANKERS,

NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,

ALL ISSUES OF

UNITED STATES STOCKS,

INCLUDING

6 PER CENT. BONDS OF 1881.
6 PER CENT. 5-20 BONDS OF 1862.
6 PER CENT. 5-20 BONDS OF 1864.
6 PER CENT. 5-20 BONDS OF 1865.
5 PER CENT. 10-40 BONDS.
7-3-10 PER CENT. TREASURY NOTES, 1ST, 2D AND 3D SERIES.
6 PER CENT. CURRENCY CERTIFICATES.

ORDERS from BANKS and BANKERS, for the PURCHASE and SALE of Government Stocks executed ON FAVORABLE TERMS and with DISPATCH. Also for all securities dealt in at the Stock Exchange.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES OF 1864 BOUGHT and SOLD.

VERMILYE & CO.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

No. 5 NASSAU-ST.,

Keep on hand and buy and sell at market rates, all issues of UNITED STATES BONDS, SEVEN-THIRTY TREASURY NOTES, COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES, CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS, &c.

Agents for the sale of the UNITED STATES 30-YEAR 6 PER CENT. BONDS, issued in aid of the Central Pacific R. R., and of the

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD STATE AID BONDS, bearing 7 PER CENT. interest in GOLD, GUARANTEED and PAID by the STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and others received on favorable terms.

Orders for the purchase and sale of Miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds, executed with care and promptness at the REGULAR STOCK EXCHANGE.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD STATE AID BONDS.

Interest at the rate of SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM, IN GOLD.

Payable semi-annually, Guaranteed and paid by the STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

The bonds are secured by a mortgage on 160 miles of road, from Sacramento to the California State line, forming part of the GREAT PACIFIC RAILROAD ADOPTED and AIDED by the UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT. They are further secured by a SINKING FUND of $50,000 PER ANNUM, reserved from the earnings of the road, and PLEDGED FOR THEIR REDEMPTION. They are a first-class security in every respect, and a limited amount will be offered upon terms which render them a VERY ATTRACTIVE and DESIRABLE INVESTMENT. For further particulars inquire at our office, No. 5 Nassau-st.

FISK & HATCH BANKERS.

H. CLEWS. WM. B. BEND. GEO. H. BEND. THEO. S. FOWLER.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,

(Successors to Livermore, Clews & Co.,)

BANKERS,

No. 32 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES PURCHASED AND FOR SALE.

All kinds on hand, ready for instant delivery, at the lowest market price.

DEPOSITS IN CURRENCY AND GOLD RECEIVED.

Accounts of banks, bankers and individuals solicited.

4 PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON ALL DAILY BALANCES

which may be checked for without notice.

Gold loans made promptly on all points.

Orders for stocks, bonds and gold executed on commission.

Collection of drafts for sale in sums to suit.

HENRY A. HEISER'S SONS,

BANKERS,

NO. 8 WALL-ST.,

BUY AND SELL

U. S. 6 PER CENT. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.
U. S. 7-30 TREASURY NOTES.
AND ALL CLASSES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AT MARKET RATES.

MARCH, MAY, JULY AND NOVEMBER

Coupons Cashed in Gold.

MANGAM & TALBERT,

BANKERS,

NO. 40 WALL-ST.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

BONDS AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DAILY BALANCES, SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

FOR SALE.

NEW-YORK STATE

SEVEN PER CENT. BOUNTY LOAN,

DUE IN 1878 AND 1879.

VERMILYE & CO., No. 44 Wall-st.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,

BANKERS,

No. 33 WALL-ST.,

New-York.

Receive money on deposit and allow interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum on daily balances, which may be checked for at sight.

Negotiate Loans and Business paper.

Execute promptly orders for the purchase and sale of Gold.

Buy and sell Government and other Securities on commission.

MAKE COLLECTIONS

on all parts of the United States and Canada.

JOHN J. CISCO,

(Late of the United States Treasury, in New-York.)

JOHN ASHFIELD CISCO.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

BANKERS.

In connection with our Houses in Philadelphia and Washington, we this day open a office at No. 1 Nassau, corner of Wall-st., in this City.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co., New-York; Mr. HENRY D. FAHNESTOCK, late of Farmers' Exchange House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the purchase and sale of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, and to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAY COOKE & CO.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK.

UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY.

CAPITAL TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

All issues of United States Government Securities bought and sold.

Claims on all the Departments collected promptly and remitted for.

Deposits in Gold and Currency received on favorable terms from all parts of the Union.

Certificates of Deposit issued payable at National Banks everywhere in the United States.

L. HUYCK, President.

C. A. SHERMAN, Cashier.

MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY, COMPANY'S OFFICE, No. 45 EXCHANGE-PLACE, (ROOM No. 20, third floor.) NEW-YORK, 1st March, 1866.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

Stockholders of all classes are requested to meet at the Company's office, Room No. 20, Nos. 46 and 48 Exchange-place, on the 14th of March, at noon.

First.—Pursuant to adjournment from Milwaukee.

Second.—In special meeting for purpose of appointing Committee, see annual report, page 22, and for other important purposes. L. H. MEYER, President.

SAMUEL B. HARD

BANKER AND BROKER,

No. 66 EXCHANGE-PLACE, New-York.

Corner New-st.

GOVERNMENT BONDS, RAILROAD STOCKS, &c., Bought and sold on Commission.

Interest allowed on deposits, subject to draft at sight.

INSURANCE SCRIP.

$20,000 ATLANTIC MUTUAL FOR SALE, BY WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st.

INSURANCE SCRIP.

$10,000 SUN MUTUAL FOR SALE, BY WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 56 WALL-ST.,

ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Dec. 23, 1865.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Mechanics' and Traders' National Bank, in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled an Act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing business under said act.

Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Mechanics' and Traders' National Bank of the City of New-York, in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking, under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this 23d day of December, 1865.

FREEMAN CLARK,
Comptroller.

No. 1,624.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, CHICAGO, March 1, 1866.

NOTICE TO STOCK AND BONDHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given to the stock and bondholders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, that the annual meeting of said Company for the election of three Directors, as required by the amended charter, and transaction of such other business, will be held at the office of the Company, in Chicago, Ill., on MONDAY, the 2d day of April next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The transfer books will be closed at the close of business hours March 22, and opened April 3 next.

W. M. LARABEE, Secretary.

OFFICE TRADESMEN'S FIRE INSURANCE CO., No. 153 BOWERY.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company will be held at this office on THURSDAY, March 15, 1866. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

E. T. BROWN, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS OF THE 42D-ST. AND GRAND FERRY RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, foot 42d-st., North River, on TUESDAY, 13th day of March, 1866. Polls open from 12 M. to 2 P. M.

JOHN KERR, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ASHBURTON COAL COMPANY, No. 37 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THIS Company will close on March 7, prox., and remain closed until March 14 thereafter.

CHAS. A. HERRIAN, Secretary.

MINING PROPERTIES EXAMINED by Prof. HITCHCOCK, late of Amherst. No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

FINANCIAL.

1866.

TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW-YORK,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JAN. 31, 1866.

FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.

Office Nos. 144 and 146 Broadway, corner of Liberty-st.

STATEMENT FOR YEAR.

January 31, 1866.

The Net Assets Feb. 1, 1865 - - $11,799,414 68

RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.

For premiums and policy fees, Original on new policies	$1,154,066 94	
Renewals	1,818,654 82	
War extras and annuities	15,428 64—$2,988,150 40	
Interest on bonds and mortgages	361,782 88	
U. S. Stocks	352,329 52	
Premium on gold	94,999 66—	809,082 06
Rent		55,833 34—$3,853,065 80
Total		$15,652,480 48

Disbursements as follows:

Paid claims by death and additions to same	$712,823 71
Paid matured Endowment Policies and additions	20,999 89
Paid Post-Mortem Dividends, Dividends surrendered, and reduction of Premium	58,730 67
Paid surrendered Policies	190,691 40
Paid Annuities	10,242 55
Paid Taxes	38,076 52
Paid Expenses, including Exchange, Postage, Advertising, Medical Examinations, Salaries, Printing, Stationery, and sundry office expenses	174,810 94
Paid Commissions, and for purchase of Commissions accruing on future Premiums	334,255 12— 1,540,130 63

Net Cash Assets Jan. 31, 1866, $14,112,349 85.

Invested as follows:

Cash on hand and in Bank	$1,475,899 82	
Bonds and Mortgages	7,348,622 30	
United States Stocks, (Cost)	4,468,921 25	
Real Estate	782,307 34	
Balance due by Agents	36,599 14—$14,112,349 85	
Add:		
Interest accrued, but not due	$122,000 00	
Interest due and unpaid	5,084 73	
Deferred Premiums and Premiums due, but not yet received	665,844 30—	772,929 03

Gross Assets Jan. 31, 1866 . . . $14,885,278 88

Increase in Net Cash Assets for the Year $2,312,935 17

THE GROSS RECEIPTS OF THE COMPANY ARE THUS APPROPRIATED:

Reserve to reinsure outstanding policies, including dividend additions to same	$11,503,996 03
Claims ascertained and unpaid (not due)	122,750 00
Dividend additions to same	23,497 61
Post-mortem dividends (uncalled for)	29,981 73
Premiums paid in advance	7,11,085 48
Undivided surplus (excluding a margin on the above Reserves of over $1,000,000)	218,649 42
Dividend of 1866 . . . . . 2,975,388 58	
Gross assets Feb. 1, 1866, as above	$14,885,278 88

N. B.—The reserveto reinsure outstanding policies and additions, ($11,503,996 03) as above, includes a margin of $1,000,000 over and above the net values, at 4 per cent. interest, so that the total undivided surplus exceeds $1,200,000.

Claims unpaid, not due	$122,750 00

POLICY AND RISK ACCOUNT.

Policies in force Feb. 1, 1865	17,197	Insuring $52,019,426
Total issued in the year 1865	8,600	Insuring 31,394,507
In force Feb. 1, 1866	25,797	Insuring $83,413,933

I have carefully examined the foregoing statement, and believe the same to be correct.

SHEPPARD HOMANS, Actuary.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Fred. S. Winston,	Sam'l E. Sproulls,	Henry A. Smythe,
John V. L. Pruyn,	Sam'l M. Cornell,	William V. Brady,
William Moore,	Lucius Robinson,	W. E. Dodge,
Robt. H. McCurdy,	W. Smith Brown,	George S. Coe,
Isaac G. Pearson,	Richard Patrick,	Wm. K. Strong,
Martin Bates,	Wm. H. Popham,	Wm. M. Vermilye,
William Betts,	Wm. A. Haines,	John E. Develin,
John P. Yelverton,	Ezra Wheeler,	Wellington Clapp,
John Wadsworth,	Seym'r L. Husted,	Alonzo Child,
Alfred Edwards,	Sam'l D. Babcock,	Henry E. Davies,
John M. Stuart,	Alex. W. Bradford,	R. A. McCurdy,
Oliver H. Palmer,	David Hoadley,	Francis Skiddy.

RICHARD A. McCURDY, Vice-President.

Secretaries, ISAAC ABBATT, THEO. W. MORRIS.

Actuary, SHEPPARD HOMANS.

Cashier, FRED. M. WINSTON.

Medical Examiners, MINTURN POST, M. D., ISAAC L. KIP, M. D.

Counsel, WILLIAM BETTS, LL.D., Hon. LUCIUS ROBINSON, Hon. A. W. BRADFORD.

FIFTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOS. 156 AND 158 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,

JANUARY 1, 1866.

Net assets Jan. 1, 1865	$1 823,724 77

RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.

For Premiums, Extra Premiums, &c	$1,104,919 13
For Interest and Rents	136,800 52
For Interest and Rents accrued	39,877 56—$1,281,597 21
Total	$3,105,321 98

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid Claims by death on Policies and Bonus, and payments of Annuities	$205,144 35
Paid Expenses, Salaries, Taxes, Revenue Stamps, Medical Examiners' Fees, Commissions, &c.	191,932 70
Paid Dividends, Re-Insurance, Purchased Policies and Bonus, Interest on Dividends, &c.	89,058 93— $486,131 13
Total	$2,619,190 80

ASSETS.

Cash in Bank and on hand	$43,559 09	
Bonds and Mortgages	324,975 00	
Real Estate	57,350 00	
Premium Notes on Policies in force	1,041,261 41	
[The actuarial estimate of the Policies which secure these notes is about $1,300,006.]		
United States and New-York State Stocks, cost	449,131 75	
Quarterly and Semi-Annual Premiums deferred and Premiums and interests in course of collection and transmission	368,928 09	
Temporary Loans on Stocks and Bonds	295,965 00	
[Market value of the Securities, $361,018 50.]		
Interest accrued to date, and all other property	35,589 56—$2 619,190 8	

ADVANTAGES OF THIS COMPANY OVER OTHER COMPANIES, DIVIDENDS IN CASH, ANNUALLY.

FORTY PER CENT. DIVIDEND DECLARED 1ST JANUARY, 1866.

NOTES TAKEN FOR HALF THE ANNUAL PREMIUMS.

EXPENSES LESS THAN THOSE OF ANY "ALL-CASH" COMPANY.

TEN YEARS NON-FORFEITING LIFE AND ENDOWMENT POLICIES ISSUED.

Policies incontestible.

HENRY STOKES, President.

C. V. WEMPLE, Secretary.
J. H. HASLEY, Assistant Secretary.
S. N. STEBBINS, Actuary.

SILVER HILL MINING COMPANY OF NEW-YORK AND NEVADA.

Capital $40,000. Shares of $25 each.

The mines of this Company are located at Austin, Nevada, where the Company have just completed a stamp-mill. The Trustees offer for subscription a limited number of the shares of the working capital stock at the subscription-price of $16 per share.

Office No. 62 Broadway, New-York.

THOS. STEVENSON, President.
J. G. HITCHCOCK, Secretary and Treasurer.

TO CAPITALISTS.

A railway contractor desires to procure by loan, or by the sale of first mortgage railway bonds, of a safe and desirable character, at a low price, a portion of the funds necessary to enable him to complete within a specified time a profitable contract.

To any one desirous of making a safe, temporary and profitable investment of money, the papers will be submitted and all information furnished upon application.

T. M. TYNG & CO., No. 168 Broadway.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the ASHBURTON COAL COMPANY, for the election of five directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other general business will be held at the office of the company, No. 37 Pine-st., Room No. 10, New-York, on the 10th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, and at the Continental Hotel, corner of 32d and Chestnut sts., Philadelphia, on the 13th day of March next, at 2 P. M. CHAS. A. HERRIAN, Sec'y.

OFFICE OF CENTRAL PETROLEUM COMPANY, No. 8 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, March 6, 1866.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE CENTRAL PETROLEUM COMPANY have this day declared a monthly dividend of ONE PER CENT. on the CAPITAL STOCK OF THE COMPANY, payable on the 15th inst.

Transfer-books will be closed from the 12th to the 15th, both days inclusive. AUSTIN STEVENS, Secretary

OFFICE OF THE FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST CO., No. 26 Exchange-place.

THE HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF ADVANCES and FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the Racine and Mississippi Railroad Company, are hereby requested to present the same at this office for payment out of the proceeds of the sale under foreclosure.

R. G. ROLSTON, President, Trustee.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st, Room No. 6, first floor over Park Bank.

FINANCIAL.

THE HOPE FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

OFFICE NO. 92 BROADWAY.

CASH CAPITAL	$200,000 00
ASSETS, MARCH 9, 1866	252,559 32
TOTAL LIABILITIES	26,850 00
LOSSES PAID IN 1865	201,588 14

This Company Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on terms as favorable as any other responsible Company.

ONLY FIRST-CLASS RISKS SOLICITED.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

HENRY M. TABER,	THOS. P. CUMMINGS,
JOSEPH FOULKE,	ROBERT SCHELL,
STEPH. CAMBRELENG,	WM. H. TERRY,
FRED. SCHUCHARDT,	JAS. S. SANDFORD,
THEODORE W. RILEY,	STEPHEN HYATT,
JACOB REESE,	JOSEPH GRAFTON,
JNO. W. MERSEREAU,	L. B. WARD,
D. LYDIG SUYDAM,	JOSEPH BRITTON,
WM. REMSEN,	AMOS ROBBINS,
HENRY S. LEVERICH,	

JACOB REESE, President.

CHAS. D. HARTSHORNE, Secretary.

UNION BANK OF LONDON,

NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

BELFAST BANKING CO., IRELAND.

We issue sight drafts on the above, in sums to suit.

TAYLOR BROTHERS.

NO. 17 WALL-ST.

800 OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD-BEARING BONDS OF THE ATCHISON OR CENTRAL BRANCH OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD,

Are offered (by subscription only) on such terms as to make them

The Safest and Most Profitable Investment in this Country.

Apply to EFFINGHAM H. NICHOLS, Treasurer, No. 9 Pine-st., New-York; or

NEW-YORK: WM. C. WETMORE, HENRY DAY, CHAUNCEY VIBBARD.

BOSTON: GINERY TWITCHELL, RALPH M. POMEROY, WM. CLAFLIN.

MISSOURI STATE SIXES.

Parties holding any of the above Bonds will find a most advantageous opportunity of exchanging them (but only to a limited amount,) for FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. INTEREST PAYING BONDS of UNDOUBTED SECURITY. For particulars apply immediately to THOMAS DENNY & CO., No. 39 Wall-st., New-York.

$1,800,000.

BONDS OF THE CITY OF KEOKUK, OLD ISSUE,

(Decreed to be void in law) not represented in the compromise settlement as now offered, may be signed for and still receive the cash or exchange of new bonds, if presented to the undersigned within two weeks.

J. F. FRANKLIN, No. 112 Broadway, Special Agent City of Keokuk.

JOHN MUSROE & CO.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,

No. 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris,

and

No. 8 Wall-st., New-York,

issue circular letters of credit for travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also, commercial credits.

REWARD.—NOTICE.—NEGOTIATIONS FOR the return of two TIN BOXES, containing Government securities will be opened with any person having knowledge of their whereabouts by addressing LOUIS V. CARDON, Post-office, New-York. Strict confidence may be relied on.

TO RETAILERS AND MANUFACTURERS or others doing a safe cash business, who desire additional means to increase their business, will find it to their advantage to address G. D., No. 56 Vesey-st., 3d floor.

LAND WARRANTS and COLLEGE LAND Scrip purchased and for sale by C. & G. WOODMAN, No. 60 Wall-st.

DIVIDENDS.

STUYVESANT INSURANCE COMPANY

TWENTY-THIRD DIVIDEND.

A dividend of Four per Cent., free of Government ta has been declared, payable on and after the 20th of F ruary, at No. 122 Bowery.

WM. F. LEGGETT, Secretary

Feb. 8, 1866.

OFFICE TARR FARM PETROLEUM COMPANY, No. 10 PINE-ST., N. Y., Feb. 28, 1866.

AT A MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE TARR FARM PETROLEUM COMPANY, held this day, a Dividend of One Per Cent. for the month of February was declared, payable March 15. The transfer books will be closed from March 10 to 15, inclusive.

J. P. HOGARTH, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.

RUSSELL FILE COMPANY.

RUSSELL FILE COMPANY, No. 74 BROADWAY, Room No. 17, NEW-YORK, Feb. 26, 1866.

The Board of Trustees have this day declared a quarterly Dividend of Five Per Cent. in cash and Five Per Cent. in Scrip, payable on the 15th day of March.

The transfer books will be closed from the 4th to the 9th of March inclusive.

WM. J. PEASE, President.

JAMES H. KIDDER, Secretary.

NINTH DIVIDEND.

CONSOLIDATED PETROLEUM OIL Co. NEW-YORK, 7th March, 1866.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Consolidated Petroleum Oil Company held this day, a dividend of one per cent. (1 per cent.) on the capital stock, par value $10 per share, was declared payable on and after the 15th instant. Transfer books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th inst. inclusive.

C. R. GRIFFIN, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.

The Columbus and Indianapolis Central Railroad Company have this day (3d March) declared a quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent., free of Government tax, payable at the Company's office at Columbus, Ohio, on the 20th March, 1866. The books of the Company will be closed on the 21st March.

B. E. SMITH, President.

SAVINGS BANKS.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.

CANAL-ST., COR. OF VARICK.

DEPOSITS from $10 to $5,000 received.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free of tax.

Deposits in Arch draw interest from April 1.

ASSETS, $1,502,246 38.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID.

Free from government tax.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,

Corner of Twenty-sixth-street and Third-avenue.

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION

No. 237 Broadway, entrance on Park-place.

Chartered 1851.

Open daily, from 10 to 3 o'clock.

Evenings, Wednesday and Saturday, from 7 to 9 P. M. to 10 P. M. Catalogues to be had from Mr. Knoedler, No. 772 Broadway, at the Studio Building, and of the auctioneers, No. 93 Liberty-st.

FRANCIS P. SCHOALS, President
WADE B. WORRALL, Sec'y. PETER CUMMING, Act'y.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,

CHATHAM-SQUARE (opposite MOTT-ST.,) NEW-YORK.

Allows SIX (6) PER CENT. INTEREST to depositors, FREE OF TAX. Deposits from $1 to $5,000 received.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name of GEORGE W. ELDER & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

GEO. W. ELDER,
DANIEL R. ELDER.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of GEORGE W. ELDER & CO., to continue the business of the old firm.

GEORGE W. ELDER,
DANIEL R. ELDER,
LEVI H. SANDFORD,
GEO. L. AYRES.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS day formed a copartnership, under the firm name of B. ROBINSON & CO., for the purpose of buying and selling Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Government Securities on commission at the New-York Stock Exchange.

B. ROBINSON, Jr.,
BEVERLEY ROBINSON,
EDWARD L. THERIAT.

No. 22 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

THE UNDERSIGNED FORMED A COpartnership on Jan. 1, 1866, under the style or firm of HARLAN & LAWTON, for the purpose of buying, selling and shipping coal at Nos. 70 and 71 Trinity Building, New-York.

WM. J. HARLAN,
WALTER LAWTON.

NOTICE.—MR. ROBERT S. CULBERTSON IS this day admitted as partner in my business, which will hereafter be conducted under the firm of W. H. NEWMAN & CO.

W. H. NEWMAN.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

PRINTING.

I WILL DO BOOK, JOB OR NEWSPAPER composition work at 35 to 45 cents per thousand, which is very low. Reason: I want a big force of compositors on the New-York Daily News, and when they are not busy for me, they can be busy for somebody else. In that way I can give the latest markets and ship news, and afford to do other people's work cheap in order to do my own work well. Type new. Apply to H. D. BEACH, Publisher, Nos. 64 and 66 B roadway.

NOTICE.—THE CONSISTORY OF THE COLlegiate R. P. Dutch Church having resolved on removing the North Church, corner of Fulton and William sts., and leasing the ground, they contemplate removing the human remains interred in the vaults of said Church to their ground in Greenwood Cemetery, commencing on the 12th inst. All persons interested, having relatives or friends interred in said vaults, and wishing further information on the subject, are requested to call at the office of the Treasurer of said Church, No. 102 Broadway, Room No. 6, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

AUCTION SALES.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES COTTON SALE.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.

will sell on THURSDAY, March 15, 1866, at 1 o'clock P. M., at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, by order of Simeon Draper, United States Cotton Agent:

3,000 BALES MOBILE AND UPLAND COTTON.

200 BALES SEA ISLAND COTTON.

The above cotton has been classed and sampled by G. W. Amory, and may be seen in the bale at Barber's Stores, Nos. 290 to 296 Columbia-st., and at Union Stores, Brooklyn.

Samples can be seen at the office of the auctioneers, No. 36 Pine-st., New-York, two days before the sale.

LARGE SALE OF QUARTERMASTER'S STORES.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, DEPOT OF WASHINGTON, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3, 1866.

Will be sold at Public Auction, under the direction of Brevet Lieut.-Col. James M. Moore, A. Q. M., at Warehouse, No. 5, on New-York-av., between 18th and 19th sts., Washington, D. C., on TUESDAY, March 20, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., a large lot of Quartermaster's stores, consisting of

15 lbs. Muriatic Acid,	538 Whitewash Brushes,
10 Adzes, assorted,	4 Bel ows,
102 galls. Alcohol,	32 Bevels,
4 Anvils,	132 feet Leather Belting,
885 Augers, assorted,	32 feet Rubber Belting,
392 Axes, assorted,	1,231 Bits, assorted,
30 Broad Axes,	13 Blocks, assorted,
193 Hand Axes,	20 Coffin Boxes,
85 Balls and Chains,	3 Wood Boxes,
14 Pork Barrels,	12 Dredging Boxes,
22 Carpenters' Benches,	1 Draughting Board,
100 Wood Benches,	225 Chair Bottoms,
3 Wash Boards,	125 Chair Backs and Arms,
19 Copper Boilers,	100 Chair Backs,
99 Door Bolts, assorted,	108 Chair Legs,
800 Spring Window Bolts,	3,050 Chair Stretchers,
82 lbs. Borax,	600 Lamp Chimneys,
3,000 Copper Bottoms,	1,000 lbs. Fire Clay,
4 Plumb Bobs,	1,000 lbs. Copper,
4 Circulating Boilers,	500 Stove Doors,
4 Steam Boilers,	400 Chairs, assorted,
2 Marking Brushes,	400 Field Desks,
666 Paint Brushes, assorted.	100 Office-desks,
391 Varnish Brushes.	300 Bucket-ears,
203 Dust Brushes.	2,236 Files, assorted,
19 Clothes Brushes.	1,946 Bastard Files,
2,081 Chisels, assorted.	10,000 Lights Glass,
25 lbs. French Chalk.	2,000 Saucepan Handles.
1,620 Pick-handles.	1,264 Chisel Handles.
25,000 pairs Hinges, assorted.	1,561 Ax Handles.
53 Cast-iron Hoppers.	2,000 Window Sash.
25,000 lbs. Iron, assorted.	3,000 gross Screws, assorted.
1,500 Knobs, assorted.	1,100 Shovels, assorted.
2,000 lbs. Lead.	20,000 lbs. Spikes.
2,228 Chest Locks.	1,000 Stove Feet.
3,508 Cupboard Locks.	2,000 lbs. Cast Steel.
400 Mallets.	700 boxes Tin.
112,000 lbs. Cut Nails.	1,000 Lamp Tubes.
16,000 lbs. Wrought Nails.	105 Cast-iron Trays.
1,000 Frying Pans.	400 yards Silver Tinsel.
4,000 lbs. Sheet Pipe.	6,833 papers Tacks, assorted.
421 Planes, assorted.	100 Wheelbarrows.
250 Tin Pumps, assorted.	4,000 lbs. Wire.
800 lbs. Iron Rivets.	30,000 lbs. Zinc.
300 lbs. Rods, wire.	6,000 Escutcheons.
	300 Tables, assorted.

The sale will be continued from day to day until all of the property is sold.

The stores must be removed within five days from date of sale.

Terms cash, in Government funds.

By order of Brevet Major-Gen. D. H. RUCKER, Chief Quartermaster, Depot of Washington.

CHARLES H. TOMPKINS, Brevet Colonel and Quartermaster.

GOVERNMENT SALE OF SURPLUS HARD BREAD.

SUBSISTENCE OFFICE, U. S. A., No. 6 SOUTH GAY-STREET, BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 27, 1866.

Sealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received at this office until SATURDAY, March 17, 1866, for the purchase of surplus HARD BREAD on hand at this depot.

Proposals must state that the offer is made under advertisement of this date.

The Bread is in boxes of fifty (50) pounds each. No proposals received for less than twenty (20) boxes. Purchases will be delivered on board of transports without expense to the purchaser.

Payment required in Government funds on notification of acceptance of bid. Twenty days allowed purchasers to receive bids. Proposals to be indorsed on the envelope, "Proposals for Hard Bread," and addressed to THOMAS WILSON, Brevet Lieut.-Col. and C. S. U. S. A., Subsistence Department, Baltimore, Md.

LARGE SALE OF ARMY TENTS AND TENT FLIES.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, BALTIMORE, Md., March 5, 1866.

Will be sold at public auction, FRIDAY, March 16, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Government Storehouse, No. 84 Commerce, Baltimore, Md.,

6,200 (more or less) unserviceable, worn and condemned Tents and Tent Flies, consisting in part as follows:

713 HOSPITAL TENTS.
612 WALL TENTS.
257 COMMON TENTS.
55 SIBLEY TENTS.
2,003½ SHELTER TENTS.
682 Hospital Tent Flies.
497 Wall Tent Flies.

Five (5) days allowed for removal of property.

Terms cash in Government funds.

G. W. BRADLEY, Colonel, Chief Quartermaster. Middle Military Department.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

AUCTION SALE OF OIL-PAINTINGS,

Comprising

FRUITS, FLOWERS AND FIGURE PIECES,

The works of the favorite American artist,

GEO. H. HALL,

BY

MINER & SOMERVILLE,

at the

SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY,

No. 845 Broadway, near Eleventh-st.,

ON MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 12.

Now on exhibition with catalogues.

WILLIAM M. WEEKS, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATRIX' SALE.

Will be sold at public auction, on the premises, at 12 o'clock M., on TUESDAY, the 13th in tant, the farm of the late Henry Titus at Newburg, Orange County, Long Island, 20 miles from the City of New-York, one mile from railroad depot, and three miles from steamboat landing; containing 120 acres of good land, with orchard, small fruit, &c.

The buildings are in good repair. For further particulars apply to ISAAC C. TITUS, on the premises, or to ROBERT S. TITUS, No. 203 Fourth-st., New-York.

Conditions made known on day of sale.

JANE C. TITUS, Administratrix.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

H. LEEDS & MINER WILL SELL by auction, on the evenings of THURSDAY and FRIDAY, March 15 and 16, at 7½ o'clock each evening, at the Studio Buildings, No. 15 10th-st., near 6th-av., (which have been made a bonded warehouse for the present exhibition,)

THE GAMBART COLLECTION OF THE HIGHEST ORDER OF ORIGINAL MODERN EUROPEAN PAINTINGS, all of which have been received direct from the well-known firm of Messrs. E. Gambart & Co., proprietors of the French Gallery, No. 120 Pall Mall, London, and warranted original. These fine pictures represent almost all of the greatest and most favorite modern European artists, having been selected by the above well-known firm with great taste and judgment, and are now on exhibition for some time past as above. At the request of many connoisseurs, Messrs. Gambart & Co. have consented to dispose of the entire collection at public auction on the evenings named as designated.

Comprising in all a combination of the finest works of the most celebrated artists, the equal of which has never before been exhibited or offered for sale in this country.

Among those represented will be found the works of

Meissonier,	Voltz,	Von Schendel,
Aug Bonheur,	Dauvergne,	Schreyer,
Fichel,	Willems,	Baumist,
Gerôme,	E. Debrite,	Goodall,
Ed. Frere,	Lies,	Lupeny,
A. Achenbach,	Schlesinger,	Alma Tadema,
Ary Scheffer,	Lambinet,	Dyckmans,
Plassan,	Trayer,	Hebert,
Noel,	Thom,	Delacroix,
Stanfield,	Gurschen,	Labouchere,
Dubeuty,	Hoguet,	Bonvin,
Guiaud,	Rosier,	Breton,
H

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

AND

BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, March 7.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 14.
JAVA leaves New-York Wednesday, March 21.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 28.
AUSTRALASIA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 4.
CHINA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 18.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.....65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless Bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ships.	Tons.	Commanders.
QUEEN	3,412	Crocker.
ERIN	3,330	Cuthbert.
PENNSYLVANIA	3,872	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Thomson.
ENGLAND	3,456	Grace.
SCOTLAND	3,606	Hall.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Prowse.
HELVETIA	3,315	Ogilvie.

Lower Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

LOUISIANA.....SATURDAY, March 10
ERIN.....SATURDAY, March 17
THE QUEEN.....SATURDAY, March 24
PENNSYLVANIA.....SATURDAY, March 31
AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The size of these steamships admits of very spacious state rooms, all among the saloon; the accommodations and fare are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

An experienced Surgeon on each ship free of charge.

Steerage passage tickets to bring parties from Liverpool or Queenstown, for $37 currency.

Cabin passage, $90; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway.

J. D. NAAR, Acting Manager.

For steerage passage at THOMPSON'S Passage Office, No. 275 Pearl-st., and at the Company's Office, No. 57 Broadway.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 50 North River for Havre, calling at Falmouth, on the following days, at noon, precisely:

ARAGO.....HENRY A. GADSDEN.....March 17, 1866.
FULTON.....JAMES A. WOTTON.....April 14, 1866.
ARAGO.....HENRY A. GADSDEN.....May 12, 1866.
FULTON.....JAMES A. WOTTON.....June 9, 1866.
ARAGO.....HENRY A. GADSDEN.....July 7, 1866.

And every twenty-eight days thereafter.

PRICES OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin.....$122 50 | Second cabin.....$80 00

Through tickets to London, $5 extra.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information, apply to
JOSEPH J. COMSTOCK, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50, North River, as follows:

NOUVEAU MONDE, LEMARIE, SATURDAY, Mar. 10.
PEREIRE, DUCHESNE, SATURDAY, April 7.
LAFAYETTE, SURMONT, SATURDAY, April 21.
NAPOLEON III., BOCANDE, SATURDAY, May 5.
VILLE DE PARIS, —, SATURDAY, May 19.

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine in either class.

Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad passage tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For further information apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
Removed from No. 7 to 58 Broadway.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

THE FRENCH STEAMER NOUVEAU MONDE will leave for Brest and Havre, from Pier No. 50 North River, foot of Morton-st., at 12 o'clock A. M., SATURDAY, March 10. Passengers are requested to be on board at 11½ o'clock.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails:

CITY OF EDINBURGH.....SATURDAY, March 10
KANGAROO.....WEDNESDAY, March 14
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....SATURDAY.....March 17
CITY OF LONDON.....WEDNESDAY, March 24

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY, BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

First Cabin.....$120 | Steerage.....$35
First Cabin to London.....125 | Steerage to London.....40
First Cabin to Paris.....135 | Steerage to Paris.....55

Passage by the Wednesday steamers: First Cabin, $100; Steerage, $35.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $45. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent. No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

THE NORTH AMERICAN LLOYD.

New line of first-class side-wheel steamers between NEW-YORK and BREMEN via SOUTHAMPTON.

The Company have engaged the first-class steamer ERICSSON, 2,500 tons, 700 horse power,

LOWDER Commander,

to leave 15th MARCH, for Bremen, having just completed extensive repairs and considerably increased her speed.

Rates of passage, payable in gold, or its equivalent:
First cabin, $125; second cabin, $82 50; steerage, $37 50.
For freight and passage apply to
RUGER BROS., General Agents,
No. 45 Beaver-st.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE
FOR
RIO DE JANEIRO,
CALLING AT
ST. THOMAS, PARA, PERNAMBUCO AND BAHIA
EVERY TRIP.

The United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Company will dispatch regularly, on the 29th of each month, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 43 North River, one of their new first-class steamships,

THE
HAVANA,
M. R. GREEN, Commander,
WILL LEAVE
ON THURSDAY, 29TH MARCH.

An experienced surgeon is attached to each steamship.

All letters must pass through the Post-office.

Large lots of heavy freight at low rates.

For freight or passage, apply to
THOMAS ASHTON & CO., No. 17 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The United States Mail Sidewheel Steamship
MORRO CASTLE,
R. ADAMS, Commander,

Will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, March 14, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for Havana direct.

For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

N. B.—The favorite steamer EAGLE will succeed the MORRO CASTLE and leave on March 28.

NOTICE.—THE DEPARTURE OF THE STEAMER VERA CRUZ is postponed to SATURDAY, the 10th inst.

HAVANA AND VERA CRUZ.—American and Mexican Mail Steamship Company.—The new and elegant side-wheel steamer VERA CRUZ, L. M. MURRAY, commander, will leave Pier No. 3, North River, on SATURDAY, March 10 at 3 P. M. for the above ports. For freight or passage apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, Agent, No. 29 Broadway.

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

EVERY SATURDAY, FROM PIER NO. 13, NORTH RIVER, in connection with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.

EMPIRE SIDE-WHEEL LINE.

Passage tickets issued through to Augusta, Macon, Thomasville, Darien, Brunswick, St. Mary's, Fernandina, Jacksonville, and Picolata.

The favorite side-wheel steamship
SAN SALVADOR,
JOSHUA ATKINS, Commander,

Will sail for Savannah direct from Pier No. 13, North River, foot of Cedar-street, on SATURDAY, March 10, promptly at 3 o'clock P. M.

Freight received daily and handled carefully.

Bills of lading furnished and signed on the pier.

The SAN JACINTO to sail on SATURDAY, March 17.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents, No. 5 Bowling-green.

Agent at Savannah, B. H. HARDEE.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

WEEKLY LINE.

SIDE-WHEEL STEAMERS.

PROPELLER PUTNAM.

HERMAN LIVINGSTON.....Capt. J. B. BAKER.
FLAMBEAU.....Capt. W. B. EATON.
GEN. BARNES.....Capt. THOS. H. NORTON.

The favorite and fast side-wheel steamship
GEN. BARNES,

will leave SATURDAY, March 10, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 36 North River, connecting with all the railroads in Georgia, and Florida steamers.

All the connections to and beyond Augusta now complete. Through rates given to the interior of Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee.

Freight at tariff rates.

For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 141 Broadway.

Agents in Savannah,
WILDER & FULLERTON.

Goods to be forwarded by railroad should be marked care of "C. R. R. Agent."

FOR SAVANNAH.

PIONEER LINE.

Cabin passage.....$25 | Deck.....$10

EVERY THURSDAY.

Landing cargo in Savannah the following Monday morning.

The new first-class steamship
CHASE,
W. D. ROATH, Commander,

will leave Pier 4 N. R. at 3 P. M., on THURSDAY, March 15.

For freight at lowest rates, or passage, having first-class accommodations, apply to
LEWIS L. JONES,
No. 17 Broadway.

Agents in Savannah,
HUNTER & GAMMELL.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

MURRAY'S WEEKLY LINE.

THURSDAYS.

Cabin passage, $25; deck, $10.

Connecting with all railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.

LEO.....DEARBORN, Commander,
VIRGO.....BURLEY, Commander.

The favorite steamship

will sail from Pier No. 16 East River, foot of Wall-st., THURSDAY, March 15, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to MURRAY, FERRIS & CO.,
OCTAVUS COHEN, Agent in Savannah. No. 52 South-st.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

The fi st-class and fa ite steamship
STARBUCK, Master,
Is now receiving freight at the dock of the ship, foot of WEDNESDAY for the above port. Pier 1, East River.
For freight or passage apply to
ANTHONY HOWLAND, No. 73 William-st.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE

TO CALIFORNIA,

AND CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL, leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month, (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday,) for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railway, with one of the company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

MARCH.

1st. ARIZONA, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.
10th. HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with ST. LOUIS
21st. NEW-YORK, connecting with SACRAMENTO.

Departures of 1st and 21st, connect at Panama with steamers for SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS; 1st fand 11th for CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Those of 1st touch at MANZANILLO.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information apply at the company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York.

F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA NICARAGUA.

EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.

First Class.	Second Class.	Third Class.
$200 to $175.	$125.	$65.

THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO.

The Central American Transit Company having placed a fine new steamboat on LAKE NICARAGUA, thereby insuring passengers

PROMPT AND RELIABLE TRANSIT,

will dispatch the fast and elegant steamship
SANTIAGO DE CUBA,
JERRY D. SMITH, Esq., Commander,

on TUESDAY, March 20, at noon, from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., at the above

EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.

For passage apply early by mail or in person, at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.

D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS TO SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN POINTS.

Having concluded arrangements with the PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY and the CENTRAL AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, we are now prepared to receive and forward WITH DISPATCH all kinds of goods, to and from points on the SOUTH PACIFIC and CENTRAL AMERICAN COAST, under THROUGH BILL OF LADING at GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

For further particulars, classification of goods and rates, apply at our office, No. 54 Broadway.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA—THE Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer HENRY CHAUNCEY will sail from Pier No. 42 North River, on SATURDAY, March 10, at 12 noon.

Freight received as usual.

Bills of lading issued at the pier.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

BLACK STAR LINE.

The fast-sailing steamship HUNTSVILLE, Capt. F. CROCKER, will leave Pier No. 13 North River, on SATURDAY, March 10, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having handsome accommodations, apply to
R. LOWDEN, Ag't, No. 54 Wall-st.

Bills lading signed at the office, No. 99 West-st., corner of Cedar.

GEO. A. FOSDICK, Agent at New-Orleans.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS, LA.

The new and elegant side-wheel steamship
RALEIGH, Capt. G. M. WALKER,

will leave Pier No. 36, North River, on SATURDAY, March 10, at 2 P. M. First cabin passage, $50.

For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 141 Broadway.

The RALEIGH is now receiving freight.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class steamship GEN. GRANT, Capt. E. W. HOLMES, will leave Pier No. 9, North River, on SATURDAY, March 10, at 3 o'clock.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamship MONTEREY will leave on SATURDAY, March 10, at 3 P. M., from the Company's pier, No. 46 North River.

For freight or passage apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 10 Barclay-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

EMILY B. SONDER.....Capt. H. LOCKWOOD.
MONEKA.....Capt. C. P. MARSHMAN.

The above splendid steamships will leave every THURSDAY at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 37 North River, invariably landing cargo at Charleston on Monday morning.

The new and elegant steamship
EMILY B. SONDER,

sails on THURSDAY, March 8, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodation, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.

Consignees at Charleston, ARCHIBALD, GETTY & CO. All bills of lading signed on board the vessel.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL LINE of first-class steamships.

The elegant and popular side steamship
QUAKER CITY, WM. H. WEST, Commander,

is now receiving cargo and will be dispatched promptly on MONDAY, from Pier No. 14 East River, on SATURDAY, March 10.

For freight or passage, apply to
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

FOR MOBILE, ALA.

The steamship RALEIGH will leave Pier No. 36 North River on THURSDAY, the 15th inst., at 3 P. M., giving through bills of lading to Mobile.

For freight or passage, having splendid accommodation, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

The RALEIGH is now receiving freight.

FOR RICHMOND, CITY POINT AND NORFOLK.

GOES TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.

The new and elegant SIDE-WHEEL steamships
HATTERAS, Capt. LEWIS PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 12 M.,
ALBEMARLE, Capt. H. A. BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M.,

FROM PIER NO. 36 NORTH RIVER.

Freight for Newbern, N. C., and all points on Roanoke River, as far as Halifax, forwarded by our agent at Norfolk, free of charge.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

Freight received on our covered pier, No. 36 North River, at all times during business hours.

Goods consigned to our address promptly forwarded.

All bills of lading signed on board the ship.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINTAND RICHMOND.

The OLD LINE, from Pier No. 21, North River.
NIAGARA, Capt. COUCH,
EVERY SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
SARATOGA, Capt. KING,
EVERY WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.
G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE.
No. 115 Broadway.
Agents New-York and Virginia Steamship Co.

STEAMBOATS.

MARCH, 1866.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH,

Sandy Hook, Highlands, Port Washington, Mount's and Brown's Dock, Fairhaven
AND RED BANK
THE STEAMER
META,
Capt. WM. F. CONOVER.

will leave the short pier, foot of Barclay-st., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Thursday, March 8, 11 A. M.	Friday, March 9, 10 A. M.
Saturday, March 10, 1 P. M.	Monday, March 12, 12 M.
Tuesday, March 13, 3 P. M.	Wednesday, March 14, 2 P. M.
Thursday, March 15, 3 P. M.	Friday, March 16, 7 A. M.
Saturday, March 17, 3½ P. M.	Monday, March 19, 7½ A. M.
Tuesday, March 20, 9 A. M.	Wednesday, March 21, 9 A. M.
Thursday, March 22, 10 A. M.	Friday, March 23, 9 A. M.
Saturday, March 24, 12½ P. M.	Monday, March 26, 12 M.
Tuesday, March 27, 3 P. M.	Wednesday, March 28, 2 P. M.
Thursday, March 29, 3 P. M.	Friday, March 30, 2½ P. M.
Saturday, March 31, 3½ P. M.	Monday, April 2, 7 A. M.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.

AVOIDING POINT JUDITH.

STONINGTON LINE OF STEAMERS,

being the safest and quickest between Boston and New-York. The staunch and splendid steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK, Capt. J. C. GEER,

On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS;
COMMODORE, Capt. F. CURTIS,
On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS,

at 4 o'clock P. M. from Pier No. 18 North River.

These boats are unsurpassed for comfort, strength and safety. Staterooms secured at the office, Pier No. 18, on board the boat, No. 76 Washington-st., Boston, and at the Providence Depot.

Return trains leave Boston at 5½ P. M.

M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with Railroad.

FOR SALE—TUG S. W. SCHUYLER,

TUG EVERARD PALMER,
PROPELLER COM. H. A. ADAMS.
PROPELLER PUTNAM.

Boats can be examined at Pier No. 16 North River. For full particulars address CASH, No. 121 South 3d-st., Philadelphia.

EXPRESSES.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY, }
No. 61 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Feb. 28, 1866. }

THE UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY have made arrangements to extend their express lines, on the 1st of June next, west of the Missouri River to Denver and the mining districts of Colorado, and they will be prepared on the 1st of July next to extend their lines to Utah, Montana and Idaho.

They will also be prepared to give 10 days' sight bills of lading by their dispatch line for heavy freight to the above-named points. C. A. DE WITT,
FEB. 14, 1866. General Superintendent.

FURNITURE.

FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.

Patent rosewood bedsteads, patent rosewood bureaus, (the handling of a number of keys avoided, one lock controlling four drawers.) Also, rosewood, black walnut, and maple library, dining-room and chamber furniture, at SPRINGMEYER BROS.' (late J. H. Belter & Co.,) No. 722 Broadway, (established 1844,) opposite the New-York Hotel. Factory 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS.

WEIL & BRAUNSDORF, Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., New-York, through their long experience and superior facilities in manufacturing first-class furniture, are prepared to supply the public at large on as favorable terms as can be had in this City. All purchasers are respectfully invited to call as above. Furniture of every kind always on hand, in fine suites or otherwise.

CLOSING OUT SALE.

On account of retiring from business the subscriber offers his entire stock of first-class and fashionable furniture, consisting of parlor, library, dining-room and bed-room suites, at great reductions, as the whole stock must be sold before the 1st of May next. JULIUS DESSOIR, No. 543 Broadway.

ENAMELED FURNITURE.—THE LARGEST assortment of enameled, chestnut and solid walnut bedroom suites, in this city; also, mattresses, springbeds, &c.; all goods warranted as represented; at the old established house. WARREN WARD & CO., 277 Canal.

ASTROLOGY.

165 BOWERY.—MADAME WIDGER, CHARACTER, tells you all you want to know, whether business, speculation, marriage, &c. Hours 10 to 8.

RAILROADS.

HO! FOR THE GOLD MINES!

THE MONTANA AND IDAHO TRANSPORTATION LINE

Give Through Bills Lading to FORT BENTON, HELENA, VIRGINIA CITY, BANNOCK CITY, DEER LODGE, BLACKFOOT CITY, and all points in the MINING DISTRICTS.

The steamers of this line, built expressly for the Upper Missouri trade, are very light draught, will take very small cargoes, and be sure to go to Fort Benton in good time.

We are prepared, with trains of our own, to forward promptly all the freight we contract.

The first boat of this line will leave St. Louis about March 10, or as soon as the river is open to Omaha, and the other boats of the line will follow at intervals of about ten days.

The very fast and splendid passenger steamer
FANNY OGDEN
will leave about 1st of April with very little freight, expressly on a passenger trip, and passengers can rely on good accommodations and a quick and pleasant trip.

For freight or passage, apply to J. EAGER, Agent, No. 41 Broad-st., New-York, or JOHN C. COPELIN or JOHN J. ROE & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.

On and after MONDAY, Jan. 1, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

7:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

10 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

11 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

3:45 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Troy with train for Montreal, with sleeping-cars attached.

4 P. M. via Harlem Railroad connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston, for points North, with sleeping-cars attached.

6 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; sleeping-cars from New-York to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change. Also, to Montreal via Saratoga. This train runs on Sundays.

10 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany and Troy with morning trains for North and West.

WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT of foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, and Dunkirk, connecting with Lake Shore and Atlantic and Great Western Railways.

4:00 P. M.—Express, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

HUGH RIDDLE, General Superintendent.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. York.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, Feb. 12, 1866, the express train for Camden will be discontinued. The steamer will leave Pier No. 3, North River, daily, Sundays excepted, at 4 P. M., connecting with train for Manchester, Tom's River, Long Branch &c.

FREIGHT FOR CAMDEN and intermediate stations will be taken at LOW RATES on the 4 o'clock line, reaching Camden the next morning.

PERTH AMBOY & WOODBRIDGE R. R.

From foot of Cortlandt-st.

Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7and 10 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5:40 P. M.

Leave Amboy—7:10, 8:45 A. M., 12 M., 3:55, 6:05 P. M.

Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 8:55 A. M., 12:15, 4:10, 6:20 P. M.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City, for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:25, 4:25, and 6:52 P. M. The 9:15 and 4:25 run through to Monsey. On Monday only for Piermont at 5:15 A. M. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.

M. DESOMEAUX' PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—Every lady uses them. In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are safe, healthy and certain, as well as pleasant, being sugar-coated. They are scientifically prepared of costly and rare extracts. The only reliable specific for ladies. They cannot fail in any case. Price $3 and $5 a box. Dr. A. M. M. AUGUSTE DESOMEAUX, Professor of Midwifery. Sole Agent and Proprietor for upward of twenty years. Office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.

MADAME ROSS,
MEDICAL CLAIRVOYANT,
No. 98 West 27th-st.,
Between 6th and 7th avs.

Patients in delicate health are requested to call as early in the day as possible, so as to avoid waiting, and receive a thorough examination.

THOUSANDS ARE TIMELY SAVED BY Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY & CO., No. 195 Elm-st., New-York, without the use of mercury, loss of time or change of die Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for the diseases of a private character. In 26 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st. Call, send or write.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young, man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D. No. 195 Elm-st. New-York.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees safe and immediate relief in all special irregularities and obstructions in females, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at No. 264 Chambers-st. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5, can be sent by mail. Also sold at the druggist's, No. 152 Greenwich-st., near Liberty-st. Madame RESTELL deems it her duty to caution ladies against imitators, who not only deprive them of their means, but their health.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment, the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION, by Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Midwifery. A work strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office No. 129 Liberty-st. Same can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROP for ladies, both married and single ladies, are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Price $5 a box. Sold by agents. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations. Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DISEASES of females exclusively treated by the first physicians. Remedies for female derangement from $1 to $5. Relief guaranteed in all cases. Consultation and letters strictly confidential. Patients from a distance provided with board, nursing and exclusive attendance. Advice and medicine per mail. Send stamp for circular, and escape quackery. Office No. 143 8th-st., New-York.

SURGICAL HOSPITAL—UNDER THE exclusive care of EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., editor of the Journal, specially operative surgery and all the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera, hernia, hemorrhoids, varicocele, fistula, and stricture. Office hours from 9 to 4 P. M., and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 42 5th-av.

LADIES WHO NEED A CONFIDENTIAL medical adviser should consult Dr. HOSMER. One interview is sufficient. His Female Monthly Regulator, which will have the desired effect in a few hours, sent to order everywhere. Price, $5. Office, No. 526 8th-av.

USE BRIGGS' CRATIVE FOR CORNS, Bunions, sore joints, frozen nails, chilblains, tender feet, &c. Sold everywhere. Dr. J. BRIGGS, Surgeon Chiropodist, No. 208 Broadway.

LADIES SUFFERING FROM PRIVATE diseases can be effectually relieved at the first visit; consultation free; separate room; office hours 2 to 3 P. M. Dr. ALLENN, No. 834 Broadway, near 13th-st.

ALL SKIN DISEASES—SCROFULA, OLD sores, nervous debility and private diseases, male and female, cured by Dr. WEST, an old and experienced practitioner, or no charge. Office No. 545 Broadway.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores the vigor of youth in four days. Gives health, strength and vigor to the most shattered system. $3 a bottle No. 3 Division-st. New-York. the only place.

DR. LARMONT, NO. 173 BROADWAY.—Treatment from 10 to 5. "Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide," $1 50. Sold by E. WARNER, 1 Vesey-st.

MANY THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure three times as many cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read hundreds of the unsolicited testimonials of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter's constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Terms moderate, and cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequences of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other physician ever did. Special. Boys, 50 cases, gratis, of nervous debility, causes of impotency, marriages, &c.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—MATINEE

DIRECTOR.....MAX MARETZEK

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.
MATINEE. MATINEE.
THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, March 10, AT 1,
Positively last time of Donizetti's Grand Opera,
LA FAVORITA,
LA FAVORITA,
and last appearance of the highly successful Prima Donna,
SENORITA CARMELINA POOH.
The Incidental Ballet by
MLLE. KRUGER and MLLE. VIDAL.
ADMISSION—ONE DOLLAR ONLY
To all parts of the house. No reserved seats.
Tickets may now be had at all the ticket-offices.
NOTICE.—Lady patrons are requested to purchase their tickets early, to avoid crowding at the ticket-offices.
MONDAY EVENING, March 12, second night of THE STAR OF THE NORTH.
TUESDAY EVENING—EXTRA NIGHT.
BENEFIT OF CAROZZI-ZUCCHI.
POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT OF L'AFRICAINE.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ITALIAN OPERA.

DIRECTOR.....MAX MARETZEK

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS AND THE PUBLIC.—Subscribers desirous of retaining their Boxes and seats for TUESDAY'S EXTRA PERFORMANCE and BENEFIT OF MME. CAROZZI-ZUCCHI, are requested to give notice at the Box Office of the Academy BEFORE MONDAY MORNING NEXT, as after that time the boxes and seats will be disposed of to the public.

ON MONDAY EVENING March 12, at 8,
(Twenty-first Subscription Night,)
Second night of Meyerbeer's Grand Opera,
GRAND SPECTACULAR OPERA,
THE STAR OF THE NORTH,
(L'ETOILE DU NORD,)
which will be produced with
NEW SCENERY, NEW DRESSES, PROPERTIES,
INCREASED CHORUS, ORCHESTRA,
MILITARY BAND, BALLET, &c.,
and a very complete

FENIAN MASS MEETING.

Cooper Institute Hall Again Filled—Speeches by Messrs. John Rafferty, Patrick J. Meaney, George Francis Train, Charles C. Woodman, and Collins, the Irish Bond Agent.

According to announcement, the doors of the large hall of Cooper Institute were thrown open precisely at 7:30 last evening, and, contrary to the predictions of opponents of the Fenian movement, who thought that the tariff of fifty cents a head would prove a damper upon the enthusiasm of our Irish fellow-citizens, every part of the hall was filled long before the time for the arrival of the speakers and the band. Many of the multitude were women.

The ornaments of the stage were two large American flags, the Irish sunburst and harp, and the colors which the City of New-York presented to the Ninety-ninth Regiment when it went forth to aid in fighting our battles. MONAHAN'S Band occupied seats at the right of the stage. At 8 o'clock the speakers entered, among them GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN, who was vociferously applauded.

Mr. JOHN RAFFERTY was called to the Chair, and after thanking the audience for the honor that had been conferred upon him, he introduced Senator PATRICK J. MEANEY, of Ohio.

Senator MEANEY said, that after having been engaged seven weeks in speaking to vast multitudes of Fenians in the West and in the East, he was nearly exhausted, and would therefore speak briefly, and thus leave more time for the eloquent and generous orator who stood by him in the secession camp at Chicago, Mr. GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN. The applause with which this name was greeted was hearty and unanimous. Mr. MEANEY informed his hearers that the meaning of the suspension of the *habeas corpus* was that without law or form of law every irresponsible officeholder in Great Britain was authorized to seize any man, woman or child who might be suspected of favoring the Fenian movement. The British Constitution had been suspended in the suspension of the *habeas corpus*, and under this suspension of the British Constitution many Irish patriots had already been incarcerated in wretched granite cells of three feet by nine feet and a half. Under the suspension of the *habeas corpus* in 1848, Mr. MEANEY was one of the first persons who were arrested and imprisoned, and hence he knew how to sympathise with those Irishmen who are languishing in their felon cells, because he well knew with what indignities the British Government would load them. Would the audience stand by these martyrs and prove to them that they were not suffering in behalf of an ungrateful people? A unanimous Yes, was the response. Then, if the house meant to sustain these prisoners, they must provide the means—they must put down their Treasury notes—they must subscribe for the bonds of the Irish Republic—they must make the solemn pledge that henceforward they would deal with no man, whether he were butcher, baker, tailor, bosom friend, or brother, except he could so far sympathise with Ireland as to purchase her bonds. Would his hearers do this? They would. Then to-morrow morning the shop windows would be green with Ireland's bonds.

Mr. GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN, after the subsidence of the applause which greeted him, said that never before last Sabbath had he enjoyed the privilege of addressing fifty acres of men. The reverend Archbishop of New-York had counseled the good Catholics of the City, and Mr. TRAIN hesitated before going to Jones' Wood; but when he reflected that more than a thousand clergymen in the land were devoting their pulpits on that holy day to the oppressed and degraded black, he thought that he might venture in God's temple to speak in behalf of the holy cause of Ireland's liberation. He addressed a vast auditory of Fenians in front of Independence Hall one evening last week, and there an Irishman read that immortal Declaration of Independence which bore the autographs of nine Irishmen who aided in erecting our magnificent Republic. He had also recently spoken in Washington, and there he found the House of Representatives discussing the propriety of indorsing the bonds of the Mexican Republic; he demanded of Congress whether any two hundred thousand Mexicans had fought for us in the war of the rebellion, and in the name of the nine immortal Irish signers of the Declaration and of the two hundred thousand Irishmen who fought in our recent battles, he demanded that if the United States Government indorsed the bonds of the Mexican Republic to the amount of fifty millions of dollars, the Government should indorse the bonds of the Irish Republic to a like amount; and thus he killed the Mexican Loan indorsement scheme. As a practical measure Mr. TRAIN asked his hearers unanimously to resolve hereafter not to wear or in any manner use any article of British manufacture, and to demand that their representatives in the halls of legislation use their influence to discourage the importation of British manufactures. Mr. TRAIN had just received a letter from JOHN MITCHEL [cheers] in Paris, stating that LOUIS NAPOLEON was with the Fenian Brotherhood. This being the case, Mr. TRAIN would acknowledge four Head Centres in the Fenian Brotherhood, namely: JOHN O'MAHONY, JAMES STEPHENS, LOUIS NAPOLEON, and ANDREW JOHNSON, the Head Centre of human liberty throughout the world. The cheers which greeted the name of the President were vociferous and long continued. Mr. TRAIN viewed England's suspension of the *habeas corpus*—the first suspension since 1790—as an evidence of England's fright; and well she might be alarmed—for of the 30,000 troops which she had sent in to barricade Ireland, she had learned that 19,000 were Fenians. [Cheers.] There were 4,000,000 Irishmen in America; $10 apiece would make a fund of $40,000,000; and when the Fenians, having this volume of money at command, should set afloat an *Alabama* to prey upon British commerce, our SEWARD would as a neutral send a tardy dispatch instructing American officers to prevent her sailing after she had got well out to sea. The Roberts party had told Irishmen that they would seize the Canadas; but the Fenians wanted nothing of Canada, the difference between which and the United States is as the difference between a bridal and a funeral. There were enough Fenian women in New-York to take the Canadas if we wanted them, and with them the women might take as prisoner the recreant DARCEY MCGEE. [Hisses.] Mr. TRAIN asked his audience to resolve that they would vote for no man in this nation who is no pledged for Irish nationality; and furthermore, he asked the Fenian sisterhood to swear that they would marry no Fenian brother who drank whisky; for he would have Irishmen elevate themselves, and be no longer the tools and the puppets of politicians who would mislead and sell them. Let every Irishman resolve not to drink, or smoke, or swear, or gamble, or lie, or cheat, or steal, and love truth, virtue, God and his country, and remember that the Irish race is the bravest on the face of the globe.

After TRAIN came Mr. CHARLES C. WOODMAN, of Boston, and he said that the common sense of the civilized world was with Ireland, and that if Irishmen would resolve to be true to the cause of human liberty, there were not minions enough in the world to crush their spirit out.

Mr. COLLINS, the Irish Bond Agent, said: Lend us aid now, and we promise that when we shall have established the Irish Republic, we will redeem these bonds and pay you ten times over. We have a record of oppression and wrong that has no parallel in the civilized world—a record that has nerved us up to this work. England sees the handwriting on the wall, and knows that Irish emancipation is inevitable. We are stronger now than ever before. We do not ask you to go to the battle-field, but if you will give the means of supporting the three hundred thousand who are already there, you may trust the rest to the God of battles and to them.

It is noteworthy that not a dozen policemen were in the house from the beginning to the end of the meeting.

A STARTLING DISCOVERY.

Two Boys Implicated in a Series of Gigantic Forgeries—They obtain $3,300, but are Caught in the Third Attempt—Two Others Arrested on Suspicion.

WILLIAM H. CANNON, aged 18, who was for some time in the employ of Messrs. JONES, SMITH & SHEPPARD, of No. 11 Murray-st., as errand boy, was discharged recently. Soon after he and others arranged a plan to rob the firm, whose employ he had but just left. He obtained a number of blank checks on the bank where the firm deposited their moneys, by forging an order on the printers for a supply, which order was readily filled, as the boy was known as an employe of the firm. Having gained these blank checks it is alleged that CANNON filled up one for $300, and forged the signature of the firm thereto. He presented the check for payment on the 19th ult. to Mr. CHARLES E. BOGERT, paying teller of the Central National Bank, corner of Broadway and Pearl-street. The teller supposed that young CANNON was still in the employ of the firm whose names were signed to the check, and believing that the check was a genuine issue, cashed it, and CANNON walked off with the money in his pocket.

His first attempt having proved so successful, CANNON, urged on by others who prudently remained in the background, determined that his second effort should take a higher flight, and the signature of the firm was forged to a check for the sum of $3,000. It was presented at the bank on the 6th inst., and like the former one, was promptly cashed by the paying teller, Mr. BOGERT. Not content with this success a third attempt was determined upon, and a fresh check for $4,000 was filled up and signed. CANNON evidently became nervous at this stage of the affair, and as he no doubt feared detection, another youth about his own age, named JAMES MITCHELL, was sent to the bank with this third check. On his arrival there, MITCHELL found the assistant cashier of the bank, Mr. WM. H. SANFORD, officiating in the absence of the teller. Before paying the sum appearing upon the face of the check, the cashier examined the paper, and discovered it to be a forgery. MITCHELL was immediately taken into the inner office, and Detectives KELSO and RADFORD were sent for. They took young MITCHELL into custody, and from his confessions speedily secured CANNON.

The two prisoners finding themselves fast in the clutches of the law, made a free and full confession, enumerating the facts given above. They also stated that there had been two others engaged in the plot, who had encouraged them to continue their nefarious proceeding. CANNON stated as he left the bank that these men decoyed him away and took nearly all the money from him.

The detectives, acting on this information, arrested yesterday, JOHN CASEY, a saloon-keeper, on the west side of the city, and a young man named ALEXANDER GRAY, on suspicion of being the two persons spoken of by CANNON. All four of the prisoners were committed for further examination by Justice HOGAN, at the Tombs Police Court.

It appears that CANNON and MITCHELL have been living at a very fast rate, being members of a social club, known as the "Converse Club," whose headquarters are at the Metamora saloon, in Ninth-avenue, near Twenty-ninth-street.

Musical Mutual Protective Union.

A quarterly meeting of this organization occurred at the Germania Assembly Rooms, on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, the President, Mr. D. L. DOWNING, in the chair. As it was expected that certain propositions from some of the lately resigned members, (among whom were included several of the orchestral leaders of the City,) relative to readmission to the Society, were to be received and acted upon, there was a very large attendance of the musicians—every class and grade of the profession having its representatives in attendance.

From the Treasurer's report it appeared the receipts of the preceding three months were $1,200, and the disbursements, during the same period, were $672. Of this last-mentioned sum, about $300 was paid for the relief of the sick, for the support of aged musicians, and the widows and children of such as have deceased. The fund of the Society now amounts to about $6,000.

In relation to the subject of readmitting the resigned members, after remarks by several of the musicians present, it was agreed that the constitution of the Society was sufficiently explicit to meet all cases of the kind; and therefore such former members of the Union as desire readmission will be obliged to adjust their difficulties with the Executive Committee of that body.

The meeting adjourned after a harmonious session, with the firm resolve to stand by and uphold the Union at all hazards.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE LAW SCHOOL.—The graduating class of the Columbia College Law School have made choice, after a spirited canvass, of Mr. E. B. CONVERSE, of Zanesville, to be valedictorian, and Mr. —— RICHARDS to be alumni orator. These class exercises are usually rather excited affairs, and this one probably not the least so of any that have been made in the institution designated. The choice usually falls upon some gentleman who is a graduate of Columbia College, but in the present instance, as in one case before, the successful candidate was a Yale man, with very strong and active friends and managers enlisted in his behalf.

EUREKA QUARTZ CRUSHER.—This quartz crusher, which combines some entirely new principles, will be exhibited at the Morgan Iron Works to-day, from noon to 4 P. M.

LAW REPORTS.

Equity—Judgment in Ejectment as a Bar to Suits in Chancery—Inadequacy of Price as an Evidence of Fraudulent Sale—Possession—Notice of Adverse Title—Sale without Subdivision—Verification of Answer Asserting Equities.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

John A. Blanchard, Appellant vs. *Nathaniel J. Brown, Administrator, &c., et al.*—It is claimed in this case that in August, 1845, Nathaniel J. Brown was the owner in fee of a portion of block 12, in the "School section addition" to Chicago, in Cook County, Ill.; that various judgments were recovered against him in 1846, and became liens upon the premises, upon which they were sold two years later, on execution. The complainant claims to derive title through various mesne conveyances from the purchasers at the execution sale, and he alleges that his grantors took actual and exclusive possession of the property in 1853, and maintained such possession until the conveyance to him.

It also appears from the bill that in August, 1845, one Hart recovered judgment against Brown for $507 75 and costs, and that execution thereon, issued on the 16th of that month, was returned unsatisfied the 10th of February, 1852; that on that day an *alias* writ was sued out by Hart, upon which this property was sold a second time, after it had greatly increased in value, for $71 20, on the 10th of February following, to one Jenks, who subsequently took a sheriff's deed therefor; and in August, 1855, conveyed the property to one Benjamin F. Brown, a brother of N. J. Brown.

The complainant alleges that this sale was fraudulent and void, and that he ought to be allowed to redeem therefrom. It is averred that fraud is evident from the proceedings; that Brown, with the intent to defeat complainant's title, and not with a *bona fide* intent to pay the judgment against him, procured this sale, and that he accomplished it by negotiation and contract with Messrs. Arnold & Lay, who had been Hart's attorneys, and himself purchased and paid for the property at the sale, professing to act for Jenks; that the sale was made at an unusual place (the Sheriff's office) with the purpose of concealing the fact, and that certificate thereof was withheld from the record by Brown until complainant's right of redemption was lost by lapse of time; and that he caused the writ upon which the sale was made not to be returned to the office of the Court until six years after the sale; that the sale was made at a grossly inadequate price, the lands being then worth $4,000; that at the same time other property of Brown's, worth $7,000, was sold for $40. This was claimed as a strong evidence of fraud. It was further alleged that both Jenks and Benjamin F. Brown, at the time of their respective purchases, had notice of all these irregularities, and of the adverse title. The answer set up a judgment in ejectment in favor of B. F. Brown and against the complainant, in respect to the possession of the property, which, it alleged, was recovered after the filing of the bill in this case. It was claimed that under the laws of Illinois that judgment fixed the *legal* title of the property, and operated as a bar to this proceeding.

The Court below (the Circuit Court for the Northern District of Illinois) affirmed the decree of the District Court in favor of the defendants, holding that the title was established in them by the proceeding in ejectment, and that Benjamin F. Brown was a *bona fide* purchaser, without notice.

The complainant appeals to this Court, reiterating his charges of fraud, and asserting, as matter of law, that a sale of property on execution upon a valid judgment, with the avowed (and only) object of defeating the title of third persons, is fraudulent and void; that the sale was invalid for inadequacy of price, the disproportion being so enormous that the other circumstances of the case justify the presumption of fraud; that it was irregular to sell the property *en masse*, when it was susceptible of division—the premises contained about four acres in a populous portion of the city, and a part of the same block had been subdivided; that the answer should have been sworn—a requisite to support a plea that the defendant is a purchaser for a valuable consideration, without notice of them. Let one Mills, the remote grantor of the complainant was in possession at the time of B. F. Brown's purchase, which was not denied by the defendants; that although the legal title had been established in defendants by the judgment in ejectment, still that was no bar to the assertion of equitable title by the complainant; that in Illinois the distinction between Courts of law and equity is fully maintained, and it has been expressly decided in that State that such irregularities as those complained of in this case, cannot be taken advantage of, collaterally in an action of ejectment; that no case can be found in which a sale has been successfully attacked in collateral proceedings at law upon similar grounds.

The defendants reply that the same matters set up here were offered in evidence by the appellant on the trial of the ejectment suit, and were received and fully considered by the Court and Jury, the issue being found against the appellant; that the Illinois statute provides in reference to ejectment as follows: "Every judgment in the action of ejectment, rendered upon a verdict, shall be conclusive as to the title established, in such action, upon the party against whom the same is rendered, and against all persons claiming from, through or under such party, by title accruing after the commencement of such action"—subject to certain exceptions not involved in this case; that had the complainant wished to litigate the respective titles of himself and Brown, in a Court of Chancery, he should have filed his bill before verdict and judgment had passed against him in the action of ejectment. But he took the chances of two trials at law, in both of which he was defeated, and upon the same evidences and with the same witnesses, and at the same term of the Court at which the final judgment was rendered, filed his bill in this cause, which abated by the death of Brown, and was afterward revived in its present form against his heirs. This was too late, for he had had his day in court, and ought to be concluded by the result. It is not denied by complainant that the judgment on which this sale was made, was in full force, and wholly unpaid, and the oldest lien on the property, or that the execution was regularly issued, levied and returned. The property was sold for the small sum set up, because title was involved, and it was not deemed worth more on that account. The defence of a former recovery of defendants against complainants is fully made out in the defence, which shows further, that the same attack upon the judgment title was made in that case and failed. It is also claimed that Brown was a *bona fide* purchaser from Jenks for a valuable consideration, proved to have been actually paid. This should protect the appellees who hold under him as heirs at law. This Court affirmed the decree. Charles Hitchcock for appellant; S. W. Fuller for appellees.

United States Supreme Court.

THURSDAY, March 8.

On motion of Hon. Reverdy Johnson, Jos. C. Clayton, Esq., of Washington City, D. C., and Jos. Daniels and Ira B. Hyde, Esqs., of Minnesota, were admitted attorneys and counselors of this Court.

On motion of Mr. David Dudley Field, George P. Strong, Esq., of Missouri, was admitted an attorney and counselor of this Court.

No. 350 *Ex parte.*—In the matter of Lambdin P. Milligan, petitioner.

No. 365.—*Ex parte* in the matter of Wm. A. Bowles, petitioner, and No. 376 *ex parte* in the matter of Stephen Horrey, petitioner. The argument of these causes was continued by Mr. Butler and Mr. Stanbery in opposition to the petitioners.

Adjourned till to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

[Advertisement.]
GOLD MINERS'
EUREKA QUARTZ CRUSHER.
To the Editors of the New-York Times:
Yourselves, as well as the thousands who are interested in gold and silver mining, and who are desirous of procuring the best and most practicable mode of crushing ores, are respectfully invited to witness the practicable test of the EUREKA QUARTZ CRUSHER at Morgan Iron Works, foot of 9th-st., East River, from 12 M. to 4 P. M. this day. I extend this invitation to you and those interested in the development of our mineral resources, from no interested motives, having no interest in CRUSHER, save and except that from a desire to have those interested see the most practicable and "common sense" crusher tested, that has as yet been brought to the notice and consideration of the great amount of capital at rest in investment in the development of the mineral resources of our country.
A company has been formed for the manufacture and introduction of the same, in this City, with a capital of ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS, of which Hon. THURLOW WEED is President, and Hon J. W. NYE, of Nevada, is a principal stockholder. B.

[Advertisement.]
UNITED STATES ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY OF SYRACUSE, N. Y.
CASH CAPITAL,
TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.
INSURES AGAINST ACCIDENTS OF ALL KINDS.
OFFICE, NO. 73 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK CITY.
A. A. HOWLETT, President,
G. F. COMSTOCK, Vice-President,
T. F. ANDREWS, Secretary,
F. W. & H. B. GATES, General Agents.
GENERAL REFERENCES:
HON. REUBEN E. FENTON, Governor of New-York.
HORATIO SEYMOUR, Utica, N. Y.
DEAN RICHMOND, Buffalo, N. Y.
HON. THOS. G. ALVORD, Lieut.-Gov. of New-York
UNITED STATES ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE NO. 73 BROADWAY.
In the Union Trust Company's office, until the 1st of May next, when they will occupy their office No. 18 Wall-st. Agents wanted.

[Advertisement.]
FRENCH SPOKEN AFTER A SHORT STUDY.—Another, and the last explanation of A. A. Favarger's peculiar system, by which adults can speak French quicker and better than by going abroad, will be given at the New-York University, corner of Waverley and University places, on Monday evening, March 12, at 7½ o'clock, and on Tuesday afternoon, March 13, at 3 o'clock. Also, once in Brooklyn, at the Packer Institute, Joralemon-st., near Court-st., on Wednesday evening, at 7½ o'clock. Ladies and gentlemen are invited. See "Instruction."

[Advertisement.]
HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystallized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

DUPLEX
ELLIPTIC
(Or Double Spring)
SKIRTS.
FASHIONS 1866.

BRADLEY'S DUPLEX HOOP SKIRTS WILL NOT BEND OR BREAK LIKE THE Single Springs
But will always PRESERVE their PERFECT and BEAUTIFUL SHAPE more than TWICE as long as any *single spring* SKIRT that ever HAS or CAN BE MADE.
They are *universally acknowledged* by all LADIES *throughout* the LENGTH and BREADTH of the LAND to be the most PERFECT and AGREEABLE SKIRT EVER INVENTED, the *three bottom rods* of EVERY skirt being made *heavier* and *twice or double covered*. They are not EQUALED in Elegance, Elasticity, Lightness, Durability, Comfort or Economy.
This invention consists of DUPLEX (or two) ELLIPTIC STEEL SPRINGS, ingeniously BRAIDED TIGHTLY and FIRMLY together, EDGE to EDGE, making the TOUGHEST, most FLEXIBLE, ELASTIC and DURABLE SPRING ever used. The WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and great COMFORT and PLEASURE to any lady wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT, will be experienced particularly in all crowded *Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm-Chairs, for Promenade* and *House Dress*, as the SKIRT can be FOLDED when in use, to occupy a small space as easily as a Silk or Muslin Dress. For *Children, Misses* and *Young Ladies* they are SUPERIOR to all others. They are unquestionably the LIGHTEST, most DESIRABLE, COMFORTABLE and ECONOMICAL SKIRT ever made.
THE "EMPRESS TRAIL,"
the latest style introduced, is made of the new Duplex steel, which is rolled thick, giving a great resistance and producing the *most perfect* and *beautiful* TRAIL, suggested by the PRESENT FASHION, *loving none* of the *flexible qualities* for which the DUPLEX SKIRTS stand so *preeminent*.
OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.
"This skirt is really the one thing to be desired, being capable of enduring any amount of crushing and doubling without the slightest damage to its shape.—*Godey's Lady's Book.*
"'Bradley's Duplex Elliptic,' *sold everywhere*, is a great favorite among the fashionable people."—*N. Y. Express.*
"They are not equaled in elegance, elasticity, durability, comfort or economy."—*N. Y. Herald.*
"The 'Duplex Elliptic' is accepted as the latest step toward perfection in skirts."—*N. Y. Evening Post.*
"It gives the most ordinary dress a style that renders it genteel in appearance."—*Boston Post.*
"The improvement through the 'Duplex Elliptic' is so great that other styles are fast falling into disuse."—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.*
"The 'Duplex Elliptic' is the greatest improvement in hoop skirts."—*N. Y. Times.*
"The Duplex Skirts are more durable than any we have ever seen."—*Home Journal.*
FOR SALE in all STORES where First-class Skirts are sold throughout the United States and elsewhere.
INQUIRE FOR
BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRTS.
AT WHOLESALE BY THE EXCLUSIVE MANUFACTURERS,
WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,
SOLE OWNERS OF THE PATENT,
No. 97 Chambers-st., and Nos. 79 and 81 Reade-st., New-York City.
ALSO, AT WHOLESALE BY
LATHROP, LUDINGTON & CO.,
H. B. CLAFLIN & CO.,
GEO. BLISS & CO.,
S. B. CHITTENDEN & CO.,
AND OTHER FIRST-CLASS JOBBERS.

PARKER BROS.
LONDON CLUB SAUCE.
Acknowledged by epicures to be *the* Sauce for roast meats, fish, game, steaks, chops, soups, salads, &c., imparting an unrivaled richness and delicacy of flavor to all made dishes. For sale by all grocers, fruit preserve and pickle houses.
C. R. PARKER,
Sole Agent. No. 75 Bleecker-st.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 215, March 9, 1866.
63, 53, 12, 20, 75, 8, 76, 77, 64, 62, 1, 65, 31, 24.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 216, March 9, 1866.
51, 71, 42, 18, 15, 4, 33, 10, 72, 59, 60, 74.
SHELBY—EXTRA CLASS No. 115, March 9, 1866.
23, 58, 68, 19, 75, 78, 10, 12, 44, 67, 30, 62, 34, 37.
SHELBY—CLASS No. 116, March 9, 1866.
21, 49, 19, 75, 53, 8, 54, 64, 70, 33, 20, 59.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 11 Wall-st.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY TICKETS.
Price $30 in currency. Orders received.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 11 Wall-st., New-York.

CIRCULARS AND INFORMATION FURNISHED in all legal lotteries. J. CLUTE, Broker, No. 176 Broadway.

CIRCULARS OF ALL LEGAL LOTTERIES and information sent. J. R. CLAYTON, No. 10 Wall-st., New-York.

CIRCULARS IN THE ABOVE LOTTERIES sent free, by addressing SIMMONS, ROGERS & CO., No. 11 Wall st.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—PRIZES paid in gold; information furnished. Highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
AND DEALERS IN
United States and other Desirable Securities,
NO. 5 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK,
OFFER FOR SALE THE
New United States 30-year 6 per cent. Bonds
ISSUED TO AID THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE
GREAT CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD.
They have THIRTY YEARS to run, and bear Interest at the rate of SIX PER CENT. PER ANNUM in lawful money.
The interest is payable SEMI-ANNUALLY in January and July.
They are an ABSOLUTE and UNCONDITIONAL OBLIGATION of the UNITED STATES, and are EXEMPT FROM STATE AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION, LIKE ALL OTHER GOVERNMENT BONDS.
They are RECEIVED by the BANK DEPARTMENT as SECURITY FOR THE CIRCULATION of NATIONAL BANKS, and circulation is issued upon them at the rate of Eighty Per Cent. of their par value.
The length of time they have to run renders them VERY DESIRABLE FOR
BANKING PURPOSES, OR FOR INVESTMENT,
As they CANNOT BE CALLED IN BY THE GOVERNMENT, and the RATE OF INTEREST CANNOT BE REDUCED FOR THIRTY YEARS. As gold declines, their relative value to gold-bearing bonds, which are liable to be paid off so much earlier, WILL PROPORTIONATELY INCREASE, and after 1881 they will probably be the
Only 6 per Cent. Bond of the U. S. in Existence,
and they can now be bought at a rate at which they will pay a BETTER RATE OF INTEREST on the amount invested IN THE MEANTIME THAN ANY OF THE GOLD-BEARING BONDS AT PRESENT PRICES, unless gold shall average from 20 to 30 per cent. premium for the next ten to fifteen years. So high an average premium on gold for this length of time IS BEYOND ALL REASONABLE EXPECTATION, AND LARGELY IN EXCESS of the MOST INTELLIGENT FINANCIAL ESTIMATES.
They are issued only in limited amounts, as the work on the Pacific Railroad progresses. There is but a small amount now in the market, and the demand is daily increasing.
ALSO, FOR SALE, THE
Central Pacific R. R. 7 per cent. State Aid Bonds,
Principal and interest payable IN GOLD, interest guaranteed and paid by the STATE OF CALIFORNIA. These bonds are secured by a mortgage on 160 miles of road from Sacramento to the California State Line, forming a part of the GREAT PACIFIC RAILROAD ROUTE adopted and aided by the UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT. They are further secured by a
SINKING FUND OF $50,000 PER ANNUM IN GOLD,
reserved from the earnings of the road, and PLEDGED FOR THEIR REDEMPTION.
About sixty miles of the road are already completed, on which the EARNINGS ARE VERY LARGE, having been in the month of October, 1865, on fifty-three miles of road then running, upward
OF $65,000 IN GOLD,
the road having as yet penetrated to no very important points.
With thirty miles additional completed, which will probably be ready for working by the middle of June next, the earnings are expected to be not less than
$200,000 PER MONTH IN GOLD,
by careful estimates based upon the present amount of traffic over the same region without railroad facilities. This part of the Great Pacific Route is destined to be one of
THE MOST PROFITABLE LINES OF RAILROAD IN THE WORLD.
These Bonds are a FIRST-CLASS SECURITY in every respect, and a limited amount will be offered upon terms which render them a
Very Attractive and Desirable Investment.
Inquiries for further particulars will receive prompt attention.
WE ALSO KEEP ON HAND AND BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES ALL CLASSES OF
UNITED STATES SECURITIES,
SIX PER CENT BONDS OF 1881, FIVE-TWENTY BONDS, TEN-FORTY BONDS, INCLUDING SEVEN-THIRTY TREASURY NOTES, ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES, COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
Also, New-York Seven Per Cent. Bounty Loan,
AND OTHER DESIRABLE SECURITIES.
COLLECTIONS MADE THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES AND CANADAS.
Gold and Coupons Bought, Sold, and Collected.
☞ DEPOSITS RECEIVED FROM INDIVIDUALS AND FIRMS, SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT, AS IN A BANK.
☞ CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY, ISSUED WITHOUT CHARGE.
☞ LIBERAL ARRANGEMENTS WILL BE MADE WITH BANKS AND BANKERS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY, FOR THEIR NEW-YORK ACCOUNTS.
☞ Orders for the purchase and sale of Miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds carefully executed at the REGULAR STOCK EXCHANGE.
FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
NO. 5 NASSAU-STREET, NEW-YORK.

COE,
SHENEHON & DEWITT,
Importers and Jobbers,
No. 354 Broadway, New-York.
SILKS, RIBBONS, WHITE GOODS, SHAWLS, HOSIERY, TRIMMINGS AND LADIES' SMALL WARES,
AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

We have now manufactured superior portable and stationary steam-engines, from four to forty horse power; also, double action steam-pumps and Page's patent trip-hammers. Send for circular, at AMES' Iron Works, Oswego, N. Y.; or No. 4 Dey-st., New-York.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 6 20 | Sun sets..... 6 01 | Moon rises.... 1 38
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook.. 2 03 | Gov. Island.. 2 29 | Hell Gate.... 4 14

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, March 9.

Cleared.

Steamships Nouveau Monde, (Fr.,) Le Mari, Havre, G. McKenzie: Hermann, (Brem.,) Wenke, Bremen Oelrichs & Co.
Steamers C. W. Lord, Ward, Wilmington. C. Goodspeed; Warrior, Mott, Providence, Neptune Steamship Co.
Ships Old Colony, Berry, Callao, via Philadelphia. V. H. Brown & Co.; Proctector, (Norw.,) Maroni, Liverpool, via Savannah, Funch, Meincke & Wendt.
Barks Gyda, (Norw.,) Lavardi, Cork, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Delphine, (Fr.,) ——, St. Pierre, Mart., S. R. Reynal; Casco, Gardner, Trinidad, Cuba, G. S. Stephenson; George Bell, (Br.,) Scoville, Cork, for orders, via Baltimore, Boyd & Hincken.
Brigs Echo, (Br.,) Bent, Cardenas, Edmiston Bros.; Alice Lord, Rio Grande del Sul, Brett, Son & Co.; Madonna, (Br.,) Jordon, Bathurst, W. C. A.. Miller & Houghton; Omaha, Robinson, Br. West Indies, D. Trowbridge; A. V. Goodhue, (Br.,) Crosby, Ragged Island, N. S., Edmiston Bros.; Victoria Amelia, (Br.,) Ferrier, Trinidad and Cienfuegos, B. F. Small & Co.
Schooners Orlando Smith, ——, Stamford; John, Wood, Cardenas, E. S. Powell; Enchantress, (Br.,) Conley, Para, Bishop Bro.; Gem, Powell, Galveston, Murray, Ferris & Co.; La Creole, (Dutch,) ——, Curacoa, Doyale & Co.; R. E. Pecker, Brien, New-Orleans, N. H. Brigham; Adeline Townsend, Townsend, Charleston, Brown & Vanderbilt; Mary Louise, Gaskell, Washington, N. C., Lophar Mills; Susan Broom, Place, Baltimore; E. S. Potter, Potter, Key West, Benner & Brown; Robert Knapp, Sackett, Stamford; Ned Sumpter, Lord, Portland, J. V. Haviland.

Arrived.

Steamship St. David, (Br.,) Aird, Glasgow Feb. 5, Monille 16th, via Portland 7th inst., with mdse. and 111 passengers to Wilhams & Guion.
Steamer Alexandria, Hedrick, Philadelphia, with mdse. to James Hand.
Steamship Niagara, Couch, Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to G. Heineken & Palmore.
Steamer Warrior, Mott, Providence.
Schr. A. S. Cannon, Cobb, Philadelphia, for Providence.
Schr. Ann S. Salter, Baker, Elizabethport, for Providence.
Schr. Owen Rearse, Parker, Philadelphia, for Boston.
Schr. Idaho, Baker, Providence.
Schr. Challenge, Hawes, Elizabethport, for Providence.
Schr. Rocket, Marshall, Elizabethport, for Providence.
Schr. Maria Predmore, ——, Southport.
Schr. Delmar, Lank, Newbern, N. C.
BELOW—Brig Julia E. Arey, from Cienfuegos.
WIND—At sunset, N. W.

Domestic Ports.

HOLMES' HOLE, March 7—Arr. brig Lewis Clark, New-York, for Boston; schrs. Nellie Potter, Newborn, N. C., for do.; John Caldwaller, Delaware City, for do.; Rockhill, Rockbrick, Quinn, White Squall, Adams, Armenia, Bartlett, Bartlett, Mary B. Creamer, Creamer, E. H. Atwood, Rich, and Atwood J. Bright, Shaw, Philadelphia, for do.; Mary H. Banks, Halsey, for Newburyport; John Stockham, do, for Morehead City; Gertrude, Baltimore, for Rockland; Louise A. Swett, Nansemond, Va., for Salem.
March 8—8 A. M., wind N. W., fresh. Arr. schr. Mary Mankin, Taylor, Charleston, for Boston; Margaret Reinhart, Hard, and L. B. Austin, Davis, Philadelphia, for do.; Surprise, Loring, New-York, for do.
Sailed—Schr. Minots Light.

PERSONAL.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7.—ALL PERfectly well. Yours of the 4th inst. received. M. O. S.

RENO
OIL AND LAND CO.
Capital, $10,000,000. . . . Shares, $100 each.
STOCK GUARANTEED.
For every share of guaranteed Stock issued, the par value (one hundred dollars) will be placed in the hands of Trustees, and by them deposited in the
TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,
OR INVESTED IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
And may be withdrawn by the Stockholder at any time.
President, GALUSHA A. GROW. Vice-President, CHARLES V. CULVER.
Secretary—WM. BROUGH. Treasurer—ROBERT F. BROOKE
DIRECTORS.
Hon. GALUSHA A. GROW.....Reno, Penn.
Late Speaker of the United States House of Representatives.
Hon. C. R. RANSON.....Boston, Mass., U. S. Bank Commissioner for New-England.
Hon. SIDNEY DEAN.....Providence, R. I., Late Member of Congress, Editor of the *Providence Press.*
HENRY A. SMYTHE, Esq.....New-York City, President of the Central National Bank.
LUCIEN H. CULVER, Esq.....New-York City, Of Culver, Penn & Co., Bankers.
Hon. AUGUSTUS FRANK.....Warsaw, N. Y. Member of the House of Representatives 38th, 37th and 36th Congress.
Major JOHN L. WILSON.....Madison, Ind., Late of the United States Army.
Hon. THOMAS S. STANFIELD....South Bend, Ind. President of First National Bank of South Bend.
Hon. CHARLES V. CULVER.....Franklin, Penn., Of Culver, Penn & Co., and Member of the present Congress.
ALEX. BRADLEY, Esq.....Pittsburgh, Penn., President of Tradesmen's National Bank of Pittsburgh.
JOSHUA DOUGLASS, Esq.....Meadville, Penn. President of the National Bank of Crawford Co., Penn.
Col. J